1	CRIMINAL CODE RECODIFICATION
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4 5	LONG TITLE
6	General Description:
7	This bill modifies Title 76, Chapters 5 and 5b by redrafting offense statutes into a new
8	structure and clarifies existing law.
9	Highlighted Provisions:
10	This bill:
11	<ul> <li>reorders language in offense statutes into a standardized format;</li> </ul>
12	<ul> <li>adds "semen" to list of bodily fluids to offenses concerning propelling an object or</li> </ul>
13	substance;
14	• clarifies language that certain employees and volunteers are included in the offense
15	concerning the propelling of an object or substance at a correctional or peace
16	officer;
17	<ul> <li>reorganizes the offenses of child abuse, aggravated child abuse, and child</li> </ul>
18	abandonment into three separate statutes;
19	removes the defense concerning reasonable discipline or management of a child
20	from the offense of aggravated child abuse;
21	removes the defense concerning treatment options for a child's medical condition
22	from the offense of child abandonment;
23	removes the defense concerning use of physical restraint or force on a child from
24	the offense of child abandonment;
25	reorganizes the offenses of abuse of a vulnerable adult, aggravated abuse of a
26	vulnerable adult, personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult, and financial
27	exploitation of a vulnerable adult into four separate statutes;
28	removes the exemption concerning reliance on nonmedical healing from the
29	offenses of personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult and financial
30	exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
31	<ul> <li>modifies provisions of the criminal homicide statute to clarify that criminal</li> </ul>
32	homicide is not a stand-alone offense but a general term for the collective

33		enumerated homicide offenses;
34	•	for clarity, reenacts special mitigation provisions within respective offense statutes;
35	•	repeals statute defining "targeting a law enforcement officer" and reenacts within
36		relevant provision;
37	•	for the offenses of unlawful sexual activity with a minor and unlawful adolescent
38		sexual activity, amends limiting offenses to include an attempt of a limiting offense;
39	•	for the offense of forcible sexual assault, amends limiting offenses to include an
40		attempted object rape;
41	•	reorganizes the offenses of sexual abuse of a child and aggravated sexual abuse of a
42		child by enacting aggravated sexual abuse as a stand-alone statute;
43	•	repeals and reenacts within relevant offense statutes provisions qualifying
44		commission of sexual penetration and touch;
45	•	reorganizes the offenses of custodial sexual relations and custodial sexual
46		misconduct by enacting custodial sexual misconduct as a stand-alone statute;
47	•	reorganizes the offenses of custodial sexual relations or misconduct with youth
48		receiving state services and custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state
49		services by enacting custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state
50		services as a stand-alone statute;
51	•	repeals statute defining "indecent liberties" and reenacts within relevant provision;
52	•	creates three new sections from the human trafficking and smuggling sections;
53	•	repeals section regarding lesser included offenses of kidnapping and unlawful
54		detention;
55	•	removes mentally incompetent language from kidnapping statute and replaces it
56		with dependent adult;
57	•	adds caretaker to the list of persons without whose consent a dependent adult may
58		not be held against their will;
59	•	narrows the definition of conviction for custodial interference; and
60	•	makes technical and conforming changes.
61	Money A	ppropriated in this Bill:
62	N	one
63	Other Sp	ecial Clauses:

64	This bill provides revisor instructions.
65	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
66	AMENDS:
67	76-1-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 26
68	<b>76-2-304.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 194
69	76-2-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 126
70	<b>76-2-402</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 201
71	<b>76-2-404</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 150 and 260
72	<b>76-2-408</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 150
73	76-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 334
74	<b>76-3-203.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 91
75	<b>76-3-203.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 278
76	<b>76-3-203.6</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 346
77	<b>76-3-203.7</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 339
78	<b>76-3-203.8</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 276
79	<b>76-3-203.10</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 359
80	<b>76-3-203.13</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 394
81	<b>76-3-406</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 260 and 262
82	<b>76-4-401</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 200
83	<b>76-5-101</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 171
84	<b>76-5-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 430
85	<b>76-5-102.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 123
86	<b>76-5-102.4</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 62 and 123
87	<b>76-5-102.5</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1974, Chapter 32
88	<b>76-5-102.6</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 36
89	<b>76-5-102.7</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 123 and 326
90	<b>76-5-102.8</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 222
91	<b>76-5-102.9</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 153
92	<b>76-5-103</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 388 and 454
93	<b>76-5-103.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 346

94	76-5-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 83
95	<b>76-5-105</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1973, Chapter 196
96	<b>76-5-106</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 300
97	<b>76-5-106.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 142
98	76-5-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 430
99	76-5-107.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
100	<b>76-5-107.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 39
101	<b>76-5-107.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 340
102	<b>76-5-108</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
103	76-5-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 388
104	76-5-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
105	76-5-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 281
106	<b>76-5-112</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter 66
107	<b>76-5-112.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 132
108	76-5-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 276
109	76-5-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 13
110	76-5-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 343
111	76-5-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 125 and 206
112	<b>76-5-205</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 372
113	<b>76-5-205.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 312
114	<b>76-5-206</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 157
115	76-5-207, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 283
116	<b>76-5-207.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 193
117	<b>76-5-208</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 152
118	<b>76-5-209</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 291
119	76-5-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 301
120	<b>76-5-301.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
121	76-5-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 298
122	76-5-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 343
123	<b>76-5-303.5</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 374
124	76-5-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 106

125	76-5-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 26
126	<b>76-5-307</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 196 and 278
127	<b>76-5-308</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
128	<b>76-5-308.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
129	76-5-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 241
130	<b>76-5-310</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 241
131	76-5-311, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
132	76-5-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
133	<b>76-5-401.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
134	<b>76-5-401.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 192 and 394
135	<b>76-5-401.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
136	76-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
137	<b>76-5-402.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290
138	<b>76-5-402.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
139	<b>76-5-402.3</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290
140	76-5-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 189
141	<b>76-5-403.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 290
142	76-5-404, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 189
143	<b>76-5-404.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 146
144	76-5-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 81
145	<b>76-5-406.3</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 40
146	<b>76-5-406.5</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 213
147	<b>76-5-407</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 189 and 378
148	76-5-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 192
149	76-5-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
150	<b>76-5-701</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 398
151	<b>76-5-702</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
152	<b>76-5-704</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 398
153	76-5b-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 290
154	<b>76-5b-201</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262

155	<b>76-5b-202</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 320
156	76-5b-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 55 and 95
157	<b>76-5b-203.5</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 95
158	<b>76-5b-204</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 434
159	<b>76-5b-205</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 134
160	<b>76-6-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 272
161	76-6-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1989, Chapter 170
162	76-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 62
163	<b>76-7-101</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 159
164	76-7-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 4
165	76-8-309, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 25
166	<b>76-8-316</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 432
167	<b>76-8-318</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 478
168	76-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 94 and last amended by
169	Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 260
170	<b>76-9-702</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 192
171	<b>76-9-702.1</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 210
172	<b>76-9-804</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 313
173	<b>76-9-1003</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
174	<b>76-10-1302</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 108, 214 and last
175	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 214
176	<b>76-10-1306</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 433
177	<b>76-10-1313</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 108
178	<b>76-10-1315</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 262
179	<b>76-10-1504</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 399
180	<b>76-10-1602</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 200 and 363
181	ENACTS:
182	<b>76-1-101.6</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
183	<b>76-5-109.2</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
184	<b>76-5-109.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
185	<b>76-5-111.2</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953

186	<b>76-5-111.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
187	<b>76-5-111.4</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
188	<b>76-5-308.1</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
189	<b>76-5-308.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
190	<b>76-5-310.1</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
191	<b>76-5-404.3</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
192	<b>76-5-412.2</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
193	<b>76-5-413.2</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
194	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
195	<b>76-1-101.5</b> , (Renumbered from 76-1-601, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020,
196	Chapter 287)
197	<b>76-5-114</b> , (Renumbered from 76-5-109.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
198	Chapter 70)
199	REPEALS:
200	<b>76-5-210</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 454
201	76-5-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 39
202	76-5-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 378
<ul><li>203</li><li>204</li></ul>	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
205	Section 1. Section 76-1-101.5, which is renumbered from Section 76-1-601 is
206	renumbered and amended to read:
207	[ <del>76-1-601</del> ]. <u>76-1-101.5.</u> Definitions.
208	Unless otherwise provided, as used in this title:
209	(1) "Act" means a voluntary bodily movement and includes speech.
210	(2) "Actor" means a person whose criminal responsibility is in issue in a criminal
211	action.
212	(3) "Affinity" means a relationship by marriage.
213	(4) "Bodily injury" means physical pain, illness, or any impairment of physical
214	condition.
215	(5) "Conduct" means an act or omission.

216	(6) "Consanguinity" means a relationship by blood to the first or second degree,
217	including an individual's parent, grandparent, sibling, child, aunt, uncle, niece, or nephew.
218	(7) "Dangerous weapon" means:
219	(a) any item capable of causing death or serious bodily injury; or
220	(b) a facsimile or representation of the item, if:
221	(i) the actor's use or apparent intended use of the item leads the victim to reasonably
222	believe the item is likely to cause death or serious bodily injury; or
223	(ii) the actor represents to the victim verbally or in any other manner that [he] the actor
224	is in control of such an item.
225	(8) "Grievous sexual offense" means:
226	(a) rape, Section 76-5-402;
227	(b) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
228	(c) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
229	(d) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
230	(e) forcible sodomy, Subsection 76-5-403(2);
231	(f) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
232	(g) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)] Section 76-5-404.3;
233	(h) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
234	(i) any felony attempt to commit an offense described in Subsections (8)(a) through
235	(h); or
236	(j) an offense in another state, territory, or district of the United States that, if
237	committed in Utah, would constitute an offense described in Subsections (8)(a) through (i).
238	(9) "Offense" means a violation of any penal statute of this state.
239	(10) "Omission" means a failure to act when there is a legal duty to act and the actor is
240	capable of acting.
241	(11) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, government,
242	partnership, or unincorporated association.
243	(12) "Possess" means to have physical possession of or to exercise dominion or control
244	over tangible property.
245	(13) "Public entity" means:
246	(a) the state, or an agency, bureau, office, department, division, board, commission.

247	institution, laboratory, or other instrumentality of the state;
248	(b) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, interlocal
249	entity, local district, special service district, school district, or school board;
250	(c) an agency, bureau, office, department, division, board, commission, institution,
251	laboratory, or other instrumentality of a political subdivision of the state; or
252	(d) another entity that:
253	(i) performs a public function; and
254	(ii) is authorized to hold, spend, transfer, disburse, use, or receive public money.
255	(14) (a) "Public money" or "public funds" means money, funds, or accounts, regardless
256	of the source from which they are derived, that:
257	(i) are owned, held, or administered by an entity described in Subsections (13)(a)
258	through (c); or
259	(ii) are in the possession of an entity described in Subsection (13)(d)(i) for the purpose
260	of performing a public function.
261	(b) "Public money" or "public funds" includes money, funds, or accounts described in
262	Subsection (14)(a) after the money, funds, or accounts are transferred by a public entity to an
263	independent contractor of the public entity.
264	(c) "Public money" or "public funds" remains public money or public funds while in
265	the possession of an independent contractor of a public entity for the purpose of providing a
266	program or service for, or on behalf of, the public entity.
267	(15) "Public officer" means:
268	(a) an elected official of a public entity;
269	(b) an individual appointed to, or serving an unexpired term of, an elected official of a
270	public entity;
271	(c) a judge of a court of record or not of record, including justice court judges; or
272	(d) a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
273	(16) (a) "Public servant" means:
274	(i) a public officer;
275	(ii) an appointed official, employee, consultant, or independent contractor of a public
276	entity; or

(iii) a person hired or paid by a public entity to perform a government function.

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278 (b) Public servant includes a person described in Subsection (16)(a) upon the person's 279 election, appointment, contracting, or other selection, regardless of whether the person has 280 begun to officially occupy the position of a public servant. 281 (17) "Serious bodily injury" means bodily injury that creates or causes serious 282 permanent disfigurement, protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member 283 or organ, or creates a substantial risk of death. 284 (18) "Substantial bodily injury" means bodily injury, not amounting to serious bodily 285 injury, that creates or causes protracted physical pain, temporary disfigurement, or temporary 286 loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ. (19) "Writing" or "written" includes any handwriting, typewriting, printing, electronic 287 288 storage or transmission, or any other method of recording information or fixing information in 289 a form capable of being preserved. 290 Section 2. Section **76-1-101.6** is enacted to read: 291 76-1-101.6. Application of definitions to title. 292 (1) For formatting purposes, sections in this title that contain a criminal offense include an express provision that states that the title definitions in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to that 293 294 section. 295 (2) Although a provision described in Subsection (1) is not included in non-offense 296 sections in Title 76 or in other titles, title definitions apply to all statutes within a title unless 297 otherwise expressly provided. 298 Section 3. Section 76-1-301 is amended to read: 299 76-1-301. Offenses for which prosecution may be commenced at any time. 300 (1) As used in this section: 301 (a) "Aggravating offense" means any offense incident to which a homicide was 302 committed as described in Subsection 76-5-202[(1)(d) or (e)](2)(a)(iv) or (v) or Subsection 303 76-5-202(2)(b). 304 (b) "Predicate offense" means an offense described in [Section] Subsection 76-5-203(1)(a) if a person other than a party as defined in Section 76-2-202 was killed in the 305 306 course of the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight from the commission or 307 attempted commission of the offense. 308 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, prosecution for the following

309	offenses may be commenced at any time:
310	(a) capital felony;
311	(b) aggravated murder;
312	(c) murder;
313	(d) manslaughter;
314	(e) child abuse homicide;
315	(f) aggravated kidnapping;
316	(g) child kidnapping;
317	(h) rape;
318	(i) rape of a child;
319	(j) object rape;
320	(k) object rape of a child;
321	(l) forcible sodomy;
322	(m) sodomy on a child;
323	(n) sexual abuse of a child;
324	(o) aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
325	(p) aggravated sexual assault;
326	(q) any predicate offense to a murder or aggravating offense to an aggravated murder;
327	(r) aggravated human trafficking or aggravated human smuggling in violation of
328	Section 76-5-310;
329	(s) aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child, under Section 76-10-1306;
330	or
331	(t) human trafficking of a child, under Section 76-5-308.5.
332	Section 4. Section <b>76-2-304.5</b> is amended to read:
333	76-2-304.5. Mistake as to victim's age not a defense.
334	(1) It is not a defense to the crime of child kidnapping, a violation of Section
335	76-5-301.1; rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.1; object rape of a child, a violation
336	of Section 76-5-402.3; sodomy on a child, a violation of Section 76-5-403.1; sexual abuse of a
337	child, a violation of Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3; aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a
338	violation of Subsection 76-5-404.1(4); or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, that the
339	actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 14 years [of age] old or older at the time of the

alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age.

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(2) It is not a defense to the crime of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401; sexual abuse of a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401.1; or an attempt to commit either of these offenses, that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 16 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age.

- (3) It is not a defense to the crime of aggravated human trafficking [or], a violation of Section 76-5-310, aggravated human smuggling, a violation of Section [76-5-310] 76-5-310.1, or human trafficking of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-308.5, that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age.
- (4) It is not a defense to the crime of unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Subsection 76-5-401.2(2)(a)(ii), that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age.
- (5) It is not a defense to any of the following crimes that the actor mistakenly believed the victim to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the time of the alleged offense or was unaware of the victim's true age:
  - (a) patronizing a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1303;
    - (b) aggravated exploitation of a prostitute, a violation of Section 76-10-1306; or
- 358 (c) sexual solicitation, a violation of Section 76-10-1313.
- Section 5. Section **76-2-401** is amended to read:
- **76-2-401.** Justification as defense -- When allowed.
  - (1) Conduct which is justified is a defense to prosecution for any offense based on the conduct. The defense of justification may be claimed:
- 363 (a) when the actor's conduct is in defense of persons or property under the circumstances described in Sections 76-2-402 through 76-2-406 of this part;
- 365 (b) when the actor's conduct is reasonable and in fulfillment of his duties as a governmental officer or employee;
- 367 (c) when the actor's conduct is reasonable discipline of minors by parents, guardians, 368 teachers, or other persons in loco parentis, as limited by Subsection (2);
- 369 (d) when the actor's conduct is reasonable discipline of persons in custody under the laws of the state; or

371 (e) when the actor's conduct is justified for any other reason under the laws of this 372 state. 373 (2) The defense of justification under Subsection (1)(c) is not available if the offense 374 charged involves causing serious bodily injury, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, 375 serious physical injury, as defined in Section 76-5-109, or the death of the minor. 376 Section 6. Section **76-2-402** is amended to read: 377 76-2-402. Force in defense of person -- Forcible felony defined. 378 (1) As used in this section: 379 (a) "Forcible felony" means aggravated assault, mayhem, aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, kidnapping and aggravated kidnapping, rape, forcible sodomy, rape of a child, 380 381 object rape, object rape of a child, sexual abuse of a child, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, 382 and aggravated sexual assault as defined in [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person] 383 Individual, and arson, robbery, and burglary as defined in [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Offenses 384 Against Property. 385 (b) "Forcible felony" includes any other felony offense that involves the use of force or 386 violence against an individual that poses a substantial danger of death or serious bodily injury. 387 (c) "Forcible felony" does not include burglary of a vehicle, as defined in Section 388 76-6-204, unless the vehicle is occupied at the time unlawful entry is made or attempted. 389 (2) (a) An individual is justified in threatening or using force against another individual 390 when and to the extent that the individual reasonably believes that force or a threat of force is 391 necessary to defend the individual or another individual against the imminent use of unlawful 392 force. 393 (b) An individual is justified in using force intended or likely to cause death or serious 394 bodily injury only if the individual reasonably believes that force is necessary to prevent death 395 or serious bodily injury to the individual or another individual as a result of imminent use of 396 unlawful force, or to prevent the commission of a forcible felony. 397 (3) (a) An individual is not justified in using force under the circumstances specified in 398 Subsection (2) if the individual: 399 (i) initially provokes the use of force against another individual with the intent to use

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(ii) is attempting to commit, committing, or fleeing after the commission or attempted

force as an excuse to inflict bodily harm upon the other individual;

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402 commission of a felony, unless the use of force is a reasonable response to factors unrelated to 403 the commission, attempted commission, or fleeing after the commission of that felony; or 404 (iii) was the aggressor or was engaged in a combat by agreement, unless the individual 405 withdraws from the encounter and effectively communicates to the other individual the intent 406 to withdraw from the encounter and, notwithstanding, the other individual continues or 407 threatens to continue the use of unlawful force. (b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) the following do not, alone, constitute 408 409 "combat by agreement": 410 (i) voluntarily entering into or remaining in an ongoing relationship; or 411 (ii) entering or remaining in a place where one has a legal right to be. 412 (4) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iii): 413 (a) an individual does not have a duty to retreat from the force or threatened force 414 described in Subsection (2) in a place where that individual has lawfully entered or remained; 415 and 416 (b) the failure of an individual to retreat under the provisions of Subsection (4)(a) is not 417 a relevant factor in determining whether the individual who used or threatened force acted 418 reasonably. 419 (5) In determining imminence or reasonableness under Subsection (2), the trier of fact 420 may consider: 421 (a) the nature of the danger; 422 (b) the immediacy of the danger; 423 (c) the probability that the unlawful force would result in death or serious bodily 424 injury; 425 (d) the other individual's prior violent acts or violent propensities; 426 (e) any patterns of abuse or violence in the parties' relationship; and 427 (f) any other relevant factors. 428 Section 7. Section 76-2-404 is amended to read: 429 76-2-404. Law enforcement officer use of deadly force. 430 (1) As used in this section: 431 (a) "Deadly force" means force that creates or is likely to create, or that the individual 432 using the force intends to create, a substantial likelihood of death or serious bodily injury to an

133	individual.
134	(b) "Officer" means an officer described in Section 53-13-102.
135	(c) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
436	[ <del>76-1-601</del> ] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
137	(2) The defense of justification applies to the use of deadly force by an officer, or an
438	individual acting by the officer's command in providing aid and assistance, when:
139	(a) the officer is acting in obedience to and in accordance with the judgment of a
140	competent court in executing a penalty of death under Subsection 77-18-113(2), (3), or (4);
<b>14</b> 1	(b) effecting an arrest or preventing an escape from custody following an arrest, if:
142	(i) the officer reasonably believes that deadly force is necessary to prevent the arrest
143	from being defeated by escape; and
144	(ii) (A) the officer has probable cause to believe that the suspect has committed a
145	felony offense involving the infliction or threatened infliction of death or serious bodily injury;
146	or
147	(B) the officer has probable cause to believe the suspect poses a threat of death or
148	serious bodily injury to the officer or to an individual other than the suspect if apprehension is
149	delayed; or
450	(c) the officer reasonably believes that the use of deadly force is necessary to prevent
451	death or serious bodily injury to the officer or an individual other than the suspect.
152	(3) If feasible, a verbal warning should be given by the officer prior to any use of
453	deadly force under Subsection (2)(b) or (2)(c).
154	Section 8. Section <b>76-2-408</b> is amended to read:
455	76-2-408. Officer use of force Investigations.
456	(1) As used in this section:
457	(a) "Dangerous weapon" means a firearm or an object that in the manner of its use or
458	intended use is capable of causing death or serious bodily injury to a person.
159	(b) "Deadly force" means a force that creates or is likely to create, or that the person
460	using the force intends to create, a substantial likelihood of death or serious bodily injury to a
461	person.
162	(c) "In custody" means in the legal custody of a state prison, county jail, or other
163	correctional facility, including custody that results from:

464	(i) a detention to secure attendance as a witness in a criminal case;
465	(ii) an arrest for or charging with a crime and committing for trial;
466	(iii) committing for contempt, upon civil process, or by other authority of law; or
467	(iv) sentencing to imprisonment on conviction of a crime.
468	(d) "Investigating agency" means a law enforcement agency, the county or district
469	attorney's office, or an interagency task force composed of officers from multiple law
470	enforcement agencies.
471	(e) "Officer" means an officer described in Section 53-13-102.
472	(f) "Officer-involved critical incident" means any of the following:
473	(i) an officer's use of deadly force;
474	(ii) an officer's use of a dangerous weapon against a person who causes injury to any
475	person;
476	(iii) death or serious bodily injury to any person, other than the officer, resulting from
477	an officer's:
478	(A) use of a motor vehicle while the officer is on duty; or
479	(B) use of a government vehicle while the officer is off duty;
480	(iv) the death of a person who is in custody, but excluding a death that is the result of
481	disease, natural causes, or conditions that have been medically diagnosed prior to the person's
482	death; or
483	(v) the death of or serious bodily injury to a person not in custody, other than an
484	officer, resulting from an officer's attempt to prevent a person's escape from custody, to make
485	an arrest, or otherwise to gain physical control of a person.
486	(g) "Serious bodily injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
487	$\left[\frac{76-1-601}{76-1-101.5}\right]$
488	(2) When an officer-involved critical incident occurs:
489	(a) upon receiving notice of the officer-involved critical incident, the law enforcement
490	agency having jurisdiction where the incident occurred shall, as soon as practical, notify the
491	county or district attorney having jurisdiction where the incident occurred; and
492	(b) the chief executive of the law enforcement agency and the county or district
493	attorney having jurisdiction where the incident occurred shall:
494	(i) jointly designate an investigating agency for the officer-involved critical incident;

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495 and

(ii) designate which agency is the lead investigative agency if the officer-involved critical incident involves multiple investigations.

- (3) The investigating agency under Subsection (2) may not be the law enforcement agency employing the officer who is alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved critical incident.
- (4) This section does not preclude the law enforcement agency employing an officer alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved critical incident from conducting an internal administrative investigation.
- (5) Each law enforcement agency that is part of or administered by the state or any of the state's political subdivisions shall adopt and post on the agency's publicly accessible website:
- (a) the policies and procedures the agency has adopted to select the investigating agency if an officer-involved critical incident occurs in the agency's jurisdiction and one of the agency's officers is alleged to have caused or contributed to the officer-involved incident; and
- (b) the protocols the agency has adopted to ensure that any investigation of officer-involved incidents occurring in the agency's jurisdiction are conducted professionally, thoroughly, and impartially.
  - Section 9. Section **76-3-202** is amended to read:
- 76-3-202. Paroled individuals -- Termination or discharge from sentence -- Time served on parole -- Discretion of Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (1) Every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and, after December 31, 2018, released on parole shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole in accordance with the supervision length guidelines established by the Utah Sentencing Commission under Section 63M-7-404, as described in Subsection 77-27-5(7), to the extent the guidelines are consistent with the requirements of the law.
- (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and released on parole on or after October 1, 2015, but before January 1, 2019, shall, upon completion of three years on parole outside of confinement

and without violation, be terminated from the individual's sentence unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole or is terminated pursuant to Section 64-13-21.

- (b) Every individual committed to the state prison to serve an indeterminate term and later released on parole on or after July 1, 2008, but before January 1, 2019, and who was convicted of any felony offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person] Individual, or any attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation to commit any of these felony offenses, shall complete a term of parole that extends through the expiration of the individual's maximum sentence, unless the parole is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (3) Every individual convicted of a second degree felony for violating Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse[, or]: Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child [and]: or Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of a child[,]; or attempting, conspiring, or soliciting the commission of a violation of any of those sections, and who is paroled before July 1, 2008, shall, upon completion of 10 years parole outside of confinement and without violation, be terminated from the sentence unless the individual is earlier terminated by the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- (4) An individual who violates the terms of parole, while serving parole, for any offense under Subsection (1), (2), or (3), shall at the discretion of the Board of Pardons and Parole be recommitted to prison to serve the portion of the balance of the term as determined by the Board of Pardons and Parole, but not to exceed the maximum term.
- (5) An individual paroled following a former parole revocation may not be discharged from the individual's sentence until:
- (a) the individual has served the applicable period of parole under this section outside of confinement;
  - (b) the individual's maximum sentence has expired; or
- (c) the Board of Pardons and Parole orders the individual to be discharged from the sentence.
- (6) (a) All time served on parole, outside of confinement and without violation, constitutes service toward the total sentence.
  - (b) Any time an individual spends outside of confinement after commission of a parole violation does not constitute service toward the total sentence unless the individual is exonerated at a parole revocation hearing.

557	(c) (i) Any time an individual spends in confinement awaiting a hearing before the
558	Board of Pardons and Parole or a decision by the board concerning revocation of parole
559	constitutes service toward the total sentence.
560	(ii) In the case of exoneration by the board, the time spent is included in computing the
561	total parole term.
562	(7) When a parolee causes the parolee's absence from the state without authority from
563	the Board of Pardons and Parole or avoids or evades parole supervision, the period of absence,
564	avoidance, or evasion tolls the parole period.
565	(8) (a) While on parole, time spent in confinement outside the state may not be credited
566	toward the service of any Utah sentence.
567	(b) Time in confinement outside the state or in the custody of any tribal authority or the
568	United States government for a conviction obtained in another jurisdiction tolls the expiration
569	of the Utah sentence.
570	(9) This section does not preclude the Board of Pardons and Parole from paroling or
571	discharging an inmate at any time within the discretion of the Board of Pardons and Parole
572	unless otherwise specifically provided by law.
573	(10) A parolee sentenced to lifetime parole may petition the Board of Pardons and
574	Parole for termination of lifetime parole.
575	Section 10. Section 76-3-203.2 is amended to read:
576	76-3-203.2. Definitions Use of dangerous weapon in offenses committed on or
577	about school premises Enhanced penalties.
578	(1) (a) As used in this section "on or about school premises" means:
579	(i) (A) in a public or private elementary or secondary school; or
580	(B) on the grounds of any of those schools;
581	(ii) (A) in a public or private institution of higher education; or
582	(B) on the grounds of a public or private institution of higher education;
583	(iii) within 1,000 feet of any school, institution, or grounds included in Subsections
584	(1)(a)(i) and (ii); and
585	(iv) in or on the grounds of a preschool or child care facility.
586	(b) As used in this section:
587	(i) "Dangerous weapon" has the same definition as in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5.

588	(ii) "Educator" means a person who is:
589	(A) employed by a public school district; and
590	(B) required to hold a certificate issued by the State Board of Education in order to
591	perform duties of employment.
592	(iii) "Within the course of employment" means that an educator is providing services or
593	engaging in conduct required by the educator's employer to perform the duties of employment.
594	(2) A person who, on or about school premises, commits an offense and uses or
595	threatens to use a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, in the
596	commission of the offense is subject to an enhanced degree of offense as provided in
597	Subsection (4).
598	(3) (a) A person who commits an offense against an educator when the educator is
599	acting within the course of employment is subject to an enhanced degree of offense as provided
600	in Subsection (4).
601	(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a), "offense" means:
602	(i) an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Offenses Against the [Person] Individual;
603	and
604	(ii) an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery.
605	(4) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant, while on or
606	about school premises, commits an offense and in the commission of the offense uses or
607	threatens to use a dangerous weapon, or that the defendant committed an offense against an
608	educator when the educator was acting within the course of the educator's employment, the
609	enhanced penalty for a:
610	(a) class B misdemeanor is a class A misdemeanor;
611	(b) class A misdemeanor is a third degree felony;
612	(c) third degree felony is a second degree felony; or
613	(d) second degree felony is a first degree felony.
614	(5) The enhanced penalty for a first degree felony offense of a convicted person:
615	(a) is imprisonment for a term of not less than five years and which may be for life, and
616	imposition or execution of the sentence may not be suspended unless the court finds that the
617	interests of justice would be best served and states the specific circumstances justifying the
618	disposition on the record; and

619	(b) is subject also to the dangerous weapon enhancement provided in Section
620	76-3-203.8, except for an offense committed under Subsection (3) that does not involve a
621	firearm.
622	(6) The prosecuting attorney, or grand jury if an indictment is returned, shall provide
623	notice upon the information or indictment that the defendant is subject to the enhanced degree
624	of offense or penalty under Subsection (4) or (5).
625	(7) In cases where an offense is enhanced under Subsection (4), or under Subsection
626	(5)(a) for an offense committed under Subsection (2) that does not involve a firearm, the
627	convicted person is not subject to the dangerous weapon enhancement in Section 76-3-203.8.
628	(8) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
629	(a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
630	(i) a grievous sexual offense;
631	(ii) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1;
632	(iii) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302; or
633	(iv) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404; and
634	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
635	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
636	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
637	Section 11. Section 76-3-203.5 is amended to read:
638	76-3-203.5. Habitual violent offender Definition Procedure Penalty.
639	(1) As used in this section:
640	(a) "Felony" means any violation of a criminal statute of the state, any other state, the
641	United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States for which the
642	maximum punishment the offender may be subjected to exceeds one year in prison.
643	(b) "Habitual violent offender" means a person convicted within the state of any violent
644	felony and who on at least two previous occasions has been convicted of a violent felony and
645	committed to either prison in Utah or an equivalent correctional institution of another state or
646	of the United States either at initial sentencing or after revocation of probation.
647	(c) "Violent felony" means:
648	(i) any of the following offenses, or any attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit
649	any of the following offenses punishable as a felony:

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650
              (A) aggravated arson, arson, knowingly causing a catastrophe, and criminal mischief,
651
       [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 1, Property Destruction;
652
              (B) assault by prisoner, Section 76-5-102.5;
653
              (C) disarming a police officer, Section 76-5-102.8:
654
              (D) aggravated assault, Section 76-5-103;
655
              (E) aggravated assault by prisoner, Section 76-5-103.5;
656
              (F) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;
657
              (G) stalking, Subsection 76-5-106.5(2) [or (3)];
658
              (H) threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
659
              (I) aggravated child abuse. Subsection [76-5-109(2)(a) \text{ or } (b)] 76-5-109.2(3)(a) or (b);
              (J) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, Section [76-5-109.1]
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661
       76-5-114;
662
              (K) abuse or neglect of a child with a disability, Section 76-5-110;
663
              (L) abuse [, neglect,] or exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5-111,
664
       76-5-111.2, 76-5-111.3, or 76-5-111.4;
665
              (M) endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult, Section 76-5-112.5;
666
              (N) criminal homicide offenses under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;
              (O) kidnapping, child kidnapping, and aggravated kidnapping under [Title 76,] Chapter
667
668
       5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
669
              (P) rape, Section 76-5-402;
670
              (Q) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
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              (R) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
672
              (S) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
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              (T) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
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              (U) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
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              (V) forcible sexual abuse. Section 76-5-404:
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              (W) [aggravated sexual abuse of a child or] sexual abuse of a child, Section
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       76-5-404.1, or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.3;
678
              (X) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
679
              (Y) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
680
              (Z) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5b-202;
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681	(AA) aggravated burglary and burglary of a dwelling under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part
682	2, Burglary and Criminal Trespass;
683	(BB) aggravated robbery and robbery under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery;
684	(CC) theft by extortion under Subsection 76-6-406(2)(a) or (b);
685	(DD) tampering with a witness under Subsection 76-8-508(1);
686	(EE) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant under Section 76-8-508.3;
687	(FF) tampering with a juror under Subsection 76-8-508.5(2)(c);
688	(GG) extortion to dismiss a criminal proceeding under Section 76-8-509 if by any
689	threat or by use of force theft by extortion has been committed pursuant to Subsections
690	76-6-406(2)(a), (b), and (i);
691	(HH) possession, use, or removal of explosive, chemical, or incendiary devices under
692	Subsections 76-10-306(3) through (6);
693	(II) unlawful delivery of explosive, chemical, or incendiary devices under Section
694	76-10-307;
695	(JJ) purchase or possession of a dangerous weapon or handgun by a restricted person
696	under Section 76-10-503;
697	(KK) unlawful discharge of a firearm under Section 76-10-508;
698	(LL) aggravated exploitation of prostitution under Subsection 76-10-1306(1)(a);
699	(MM) bus hijacking under Section 76-10-1504; and
700	(NN) discharging firearms and hurling missiles under Section 76-10-1505; or
701	(ii) any felony violation of a criminal statute of any other state, the United States, or
702	any district, possession, or territory of the United States which would constitute a violent
703	felony as defined in this Subsection (1) if committed in this state.
704	(2) If a person is convicted in this state of a violent felony by plea or by verdict and the
705	trier of fact determines beyond a reasonable doubt that the person is a habitual violent offender
706	under this section, the penalty for a:
707	(a) third degree felony is as if the conviction were for a first degree felony;
708	(b) second degree felony is as if the conviction were for a first degree felony; or
709	(c) first degree felony remains the penalty for a first degree penalty except:
710	(i) the convicted person is not eligible for probation; and
711	(ii) the Board of Pardons and Parole shall consider that the convicted person is a

habitual violent offender as an aggravating factor in determining the length of incarceration.

- (3) (a) The prosecuting attorney, or grand jury if an indictment is returned, shall provide notice in the information or indictment that the defendant is subject to punishment as a habitual violent offender under this section. Notice shall include the case number, court, and date of conviction or commitment of any case relied upon by the prosecution.
- (b) (i) The defendant shall serve notice in writing upon the prosecutor if the defendant intends to deny that:
  - (A) the defendant is the person who was convicted or committed;
- (B) the defendant was represented by counsel or had waived counsel; or
- 721 (C) the defendant's plea was understandingly or voluntarily entered.

- (ii) The notice of denial shall be served not later than five days prior to trial and shall state in detail the defendant's contention regarding the previous conviction and commitment.
- (4) (a) If the defendant enters a denial under Subsection (3)(b) and if the case is tried to a jury, the jury may not be told, until after it returns its verdict on the underlying felony charge, of the:
- (i) defendant's previous convictions for violent felonies, except as otherwise provided in the Utah Rules of Evidence; or
  - (ii) allegation against the defendant of being a habitual violent offender.
- (b) If the jury's verdict is guilty, the defendant shall be tried regarding the allegation of being an habitual violent offender by the same jury, if practicable, unless the defendant waives the jury, in which case the allegation shall be tried immediately to the court.
- (c) (i) Before or at the time of sentencing the trier of fact shall determine if this section applies.
- (ii) The trier of fact shall consider any evidence presented at trial and the prosecution and the defendant shall be afforded an opportunity to present any necessary additional evidence.
- (iii) Before sentencing under this section, the trier of fact shall determine whether this section is applicable beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (d) If any previous conviction and commitment is based upon a plea of guilty or no contest, there is a rebuttable presumption that the conviction and commitment were regular and lawful in all respects if the conviction and commitment occurred after January 1, 1970. If the

conviction and commitment occurred prior to January 1, 1970, the burden is on the prosecution to establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant was then represented by counsel or had lawfully waived the right to have counsel present, and that the defendant's plea was understandingly and voluntarily entered.

- (e) If the trier of fact finds this section applicable, the court shall enter that specific finding on the record and shall indicate in the order of judgment and commitment that the defendant has been found by the trier of fact to be a habitual violent offender and is sentenced under this section.
- 751 (5) (a) The sentencing enhancement provisions of Section 76-3-407 supersede the provisions of this section.
  - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), the "violent felony" offense defined in Subsection (1)(c) shall include any felony sexual offense violation of [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses, to determine if the convicted person is a habitual violent offender.
- 756 (6) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
- 757 (a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
- 758 (i) a grievous sexual offense;

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- 759 (ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
- 760 (iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; or
- 761 (iv) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404; and
  - (b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the offense for which the person is being sentenced.
- Section 12. Section **76-3-203.6** is amended to read:

## 766 76-3-203.6. Enhanced penalty for certain offenses committed by prisoner.

- (1) As used in this section, "serving a sentence" means a prisoner is sentenced and committed to the custody of the Department of Corrections, the sentence has not been terminated or voided, and the prisoner:
- 770 (a) has not been paroled; or
- (b) is in custody after arrest for a parole violation.
- 772 (2) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a prisoner serving a sentence 773 for a capital felony or a first degree felony commits any offense listed in Subsection (5), the

offense is a first degree felony and the court shall sentence the defendant to life in prison without parole.

- 776 (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the court may sentence the defendant to an 777 indeterminate prison term of not less than 20 years and that may be for life if the court finds 778 that the interests of justice would best be served and states the specific circumstances justifying 779 the disposition on the record.
- 780 (4) Subsection (2) does not apply if the prisoner is younger than 18 years [of age] old at 781 the time the offense listed in Subsection (5) is committed and is sentenced on or after May 10, 782 2016.
- 783 (5) Offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:
- 784 (a) aggravated assault by a prisoner, Section 76-5-103.5;
- 785 (b) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;
- 786 (c) attempted murder, Section 76-5-203;
- 787 (d) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301;
- 788 (e) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
- 789 (f) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302;
- 790 (g) rape, Section 76-5-402:
- 791 (h) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
- 792 (i) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
- 793 (i) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
- 794 (k) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
- 795 (1) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
- 796 (m) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section [<del>76-5-404.1</del>] 76-5-404.3;
- 797 (n) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
- 798 (o) aggravated arson, Section 76-6-103;
- 799 (p) aggravated burglary, Section 76-6-203; and
- (q) aggravated robbery, Section 76-6-302.
- 801 (6) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
- 802 (a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
- (i) a grievous sexual offense;
- 804 (ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; or

805	(iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; and
806	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
807	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
808	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
809	Section 13. Section 76-3-203.7 is amended to read:
810	76-3-203.7. Increase of sentence for violent felony if body armor used.
811	(1) As used in this section:
812	(a) "Body armor" means any material designed or intended to provide bullet
813	penetration resistance or protection from bodily injury caused by a dangerous weapon.
814	(b) "Dangerous weapon" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term is
815	<u>defined</u> in Section [ <del>76-1-601</del> ] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
816	(c) "Violent felony" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term is defined
817	in Section 76-3-203.5.
818	(2) A person convicted of a violent felony may be sentenced to imprisonment for an
819	indeterminate term, as provided in Section 76-3-203, but if the trier of fact finds beyond a
820	reasonable doubt that the defendant used, carried, or possessed a dangerous weapon and also
821	used or wore body armor, with the intent to facilitate the commission of the violent felony, and
822	the violent felony is:
823	(a) a first degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of not
824	less than six years, and which may be for life;
825	(b) a second degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of
826	not less than two years nor more than 15 years, and the court may sentence the person
827	convicted for a term of not less than two years nor more than 20 years; and
828	(c) a third degree felony, the court shall sentence the person convicted for a term of not
829	less than one year nor more than five years, and the court may sentence the person convicted
830	for a term of not less than one year nor more than 10 years.
831	(3) The sentencing enhancement described in this section does not apply if:
832	(a) the offense for which the person is being sentenced is:
833	(i) a grievous sexual offense;
834	(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1;
835	(iii) aggravated kidnapping, Section 76-5-302; or

836	(iv) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404; and
837	(b) applying the sentencing enhancement provided for in this section would result in a
838	lower maximum penalty than the penalty provided for under the section that describes the
839	offense for which the person is being sentenced.
840	Section 14. Section 76-3-203.8 is amended to read:
841	76-3-203.8. Increase of sentence if dangerous weapon used.
842	(1) As used in this section, "dangerous weapon" [has the same definition as] means the
843	same as that term is defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5.
844	(2) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a dangerous weapon was
845	used in the commission or furtherance of a felony, the court:
846	(a) (i) shall increase by one year the minimum term of the sentence applicable by law;
847	and
848	(ii) if the minimum term applicable by law is zero, shall set the minimum term as one
849	year; and
850	(b) may increase by five years the maximum sentence applicable by law in the case of a
851	felony of the second or third degree.
852	(3) A defendant who is a party to a felony offense shall be sentenced to the increases in
853	punishment provided in Subsection (2) if the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that:
854	(a) a dangerous weapon was used in the commission or furtherance of the felony; and
855	(b) the defendant knew that the dangerous weapon was present.
856	(4) If the trier of fact finds beyond a reasonable doubt that a person has been sentenced
857	to a term of imprisonment for a felony in which a dangerous weapon was used in the
858	commission of or furtherance of the felony and that person is subsequently convicted of
859	another felony in which a dangerous weapon was used in the commission of or furtherance of
860	the felony, the court shall, in addition to any other sentence imposed including those in
861	Subsection (2), impose an indeterminate prison term to be not less than five nor more than 10
862	years to run consecutively and not concurrently.
863	Section 15. Section 76-3-203.10 is amended to read:
864	76-3-203.10. Violent offense committed in presence of a child Penalties.
865	(1) As used in this section:
866	(a) "In the presence of a child" means:

86/	(1) In the physical presence of a child younger than 14 years [of age] old; and
868	(ii) having knowledge that the child is present and may see or hear the commission of a
869	violent criminal offense.
870	(b) "Violent criminal offense" means any criminal offense involving violence or
871	physical harm or threat of violence or physical harm, or any attempt to commit a criminal
872	offense involving violence or physical harm that is not a domestic violence offense as defined
873	in Section 77-36-1.
874	(2) A person commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child if the
875	person:
876	(a) commits or attempts to commit criminal homicide, as defined in Section 76-5-201,
877	against a third party in the presence of a child;
878	(b) intentionally causes or attempts to cause serious bodily injury to a third party or
879	uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, or other means or force
880	likely to produce death or serious bodily injury, against a third party in the presence of a child;
881	or
882	(c) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b),
883	commits a violent criminal offense in the presence of a child.
884	(3) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
885	Section 16. Section 76-3-203.13 is amended to read:
886	76-3-203.13. Enhanced penalty for unlawful sexual contact with a student.
887	(1) A person convicted of a sexual offense described in Section 76-5-401.1 or
888	76-5-401.2 may be subject to an enhanced penalty if, at the time of the commission of the
889	sexual offense, the actor:
890	(a) was 18 years [of age] old or older;
891	(b) held a position of special trust as a teacher, employee, or volunteer at a school, as
892	that position is defined in Subsection 76-5-404.1(1)[ $(c)(xix)$ ]( $a)(iv)(S)$ ; and
893	(c) committed the offense against an individual who at the time of the offense was
894	enrolled as a student at the school where the actor was employed or was acting as a volunteer.
895	(2) The enhancement of a penalty described in Subsection (1) shall be an enhancement
896	of one classification higher than the offense of which the person was convicted.
897	Section 17. Section <b>76-3-406</b> is amended to read:

898 76-3-406. Crimes for which probation, suspension of sentence, lower category of 899 offense, or hospitalization may not be granted. 900 (1) Notwithstanding Sections 76-3-201 and 77-18-105 and Title 77, Chapter 16a, 901 Commitment and Treatment of Persons with a Mental Illness, except as provided in Section 902 76-5-406.5, probation may not be granted, the execution or imposition of sentence may not be 903 suspended, the court may not enter a judgment for a lower category of offense, and 904 hospitalization may not be ordered, the effect of which would in any way shorten the prison 905 sentence for an individual who commits a capital felony or a first degree felony involving: (a) Section 76-5-202, aggravated murder: 906 907 (b) Section 76-5-203, murder; 908 (c) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnaping; 909 (d) Section 76-5-302, aggravated kidnaping: 910 (e) Section 76-5-402, rape, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 911 76-5-402(3)(b), (3)(c), or (4); 912 (f) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; 913 (g) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 914  $76-5-402.2[\frac{(1)(b)}{(1)(c)}, \frac{(2)}{(2)}](3)(b), (3)(c), or (4);$ 915 (h) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; 916 (i) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy, if the individual is sentenced under Subsection 917 76-5-403(3)(b), (3)(c), or (4); 918 (i) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; 919 (k) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse, if the individual is sentenced under 920 Subsection 76-5-404[ $\frac{(2)(b) \text{ or } (3)}{(3)}$ ](3)(b)(i) or (ii); 921 (1) [Subsections 76-5-404.1(4) and (5)] Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of 922 a child; 923 (m) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault; or 924 (n) any attempt to commit a felony listed in Subsection (1)(f), (h), or (j). 925 (2) Except for an offense before the district court in accordance with Section 80-6-502 926 or 80-6-504, the provisions of this section do not apply if the sentencing court finds that the 927 defendant: (a) was under 18 years old at the time of the offense; and 928

929 (b) could have been adjudicated in the juvenile court but for the delayed reporting or 930 delayed filing of the information. 931 Section 18. Section **76-4-401** is amended to read: 932 76-4-401. Enticing a minor -- Elements -- Penalties. 933 (1) As used in this section: 934 (a) "Minor" means a person who is under the age of 18. 935 (b) "Text messaging" means a communication in the form of electronic text or one or 936 more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone, computer, or other electronic 937 communication device to another person's telephone, computer, or other electronic 938 communication device by addressing the communication to the person's telephone number or 939 other electronic communication access code or number. 940 (2) (a) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the 941 Internet or text messaging to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or to attempt to solicit, 942 seduce, lure, or entice a minor, or another person that the actor believes to be a minor, to 943 engage in any sexual activity which is a violation of state criminal law. 944 (b) A person commits enticement of a minor when the person knowingly uses the 945 Internet or text messaging to: 946 (i) initiate contact with a minor or a person the actor believes to be a minor; and 947 (ii) subsequently to the action under Subsection (2)(b)(i), by any electronic or written 948 means, solicits, seduces, lures, or entices, or attempts to solicit, seduce, lure, or entice the 949 minor or a person the actor believes to be the minor to engage in any sexual activity which is a 950 violation of state criminal law. 951 (3) It is not a defense to the crime of enticing a minor under Subsection (2), or an 952 attempt to commit this offense, that a law enforcement officer or an undercover operative who 953 is employed by a law enforcement agency was involved in the detection or investigation of the 954 offense. 955 (4) Enticement of a minor under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is punishable as follows: 956 (a) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a first degree felony for the 957 actor is a:

(i) second degree felony upon the first conviction for violation of this Subsection

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(4)(a); and

960 (ii) first degree felony punishable by imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not 961 fewer than three years and which may be for life, upon a second or any subsequent conviction 962 for a violation of this Subsection (4)(a); 963 (b) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a second degree felony for 964 the actor is a third degree felony; 965 (c) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a third degree felony for the 966 actor is a class A misdemeanor; 967 (d) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class A misdemeanor for 968 the actor is a class B misdemeanor; and 969 (e) enticement to engage in sexual activity which would be a class B misdemeanor for 970 the actor is a class C misdemeanor. 971 (5) (a) When a person who commits a felony violation of this section has been 972 previously convicted of an offense under Subsection (5)(b), the court may not in any way 973 shorten the prison sentence, and the court may not: 974 (i) grant probation; 975 (ii) suspend the execution or imposition of the sentence; 976 (iii) enter a judgment for a lower category of offense; or 977 (iv) order hospitalization. 978 (b) The sections referred to in Subsection (5)(a) are: 979 (i) Section 76-4-401, enticing a minor; 980 (ii) Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnapping; 981 (iii) Section 76-5-402, rape; 982 (iv) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; 983 (v) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape; 984 (vi) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; 985 (vii) Subsection 76-5-403(2), forcible sodomy; 986 (viii) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; 987 (ix) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse; 988 (x) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child and Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated 989 sexual abuse of a child; 990 (xi) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault;

991	(xii) Section 76-5-308.5, human trafficking of a child;
992	(xiii) any offense in any other state or federal jurisdiction which constitutes or would
993	constitute a crime in Subsections (5)(b)(i) through (xii); or
994	(xiv) the attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit any of the offenses in
995	Subsections (5)(b)(i) through (xiii).
996	Section 19. Section 76-5-101 is amended to read:
997	CHAPTER 5. OFFENSES AGAINST THE INDIVIDUAL
998	76-5-101. Definitions.
999	[For purposes of this part "prisoner" means any person]
1000	Unless otherwise provided, as used in this part:
1001	(1) "Detained individual" means an individual detained under Section 77-7-15.
1002	(2) "Prisoner" means an individual who is in custody of a peace officer pursuant to a
1003	lawful arrest or who is confined in a jail or other penal institution or a facility used for
1004	confinement of delinquent juveniles operated by the Division of Juvenile Justice Services
1005	regardless of whether the confinement is legal.
1006	Section 20. Section 76-5-102 is amended to read:
1007	76-5-102. Assault Penalties.
1008	[ <del>(1)</del> Assault is:]
1009	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1010	(2) An actor commits assault if the actor:
1011	(a) [an attempt] attempts, with unlawful force or violence, to [do] inflict bodily injury
1012	[to another] on an individual; or
1013	(b) <u>commits</u> an act, [ <del>committed</del> ] with unlawful force or violence, that:
1014	(i) causes bodily injury to [another] an individual; or
1015	(ii) creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to [another] an individual.
1016	[(2) Assault] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1017	[(3) Assault] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1018	class A misdemeanor if:
1019	[(a)] (i) the [person] actor causes substantial bodily injury to [another] an individual; or
1020	[(b)] (ii) the [victim] individual is pregnant and the [person] actor has knowledge of the
1021	nregnancy.

1022	(4) [It is not a defense against assault, that the accused] The fact that the actor caused
1023	serious bodily injury to [another] an individual is not a defense to a violation of this section.
1024	Section 21. Section 76-5-102.3 is amended to read:
1025	76-5-102.3. Assault or threat of violence against a school employee.
1026	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1027	(i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1028	(ii) "Employee" includes a volunteer.
1029	(iii) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.
1030	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1031	[(1) Any person who commits an assault as defined in Section 76-5-102, or commits]
1032	(2) An actor commits assault or threat of violence against a school employee if:
1033	(a) the actor commits assault or a threat of violence [as defined in Section 76-5-107,]
1034	against an employee of a public or private school[, with];
1035	(b) the actor has knowledge that the individual is an employee[;]; and [when]
1036	(c) the employee is acting within the scope of [his] the employee's authority as an
1037	employee[, is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.].
1038	[(2) As used in this section, "employee" includes a volunteer.]
1039	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
1040	Section 22. Section <b>76-5-102.4</b> is amended to read:
1041	76-5-102.4. Assault against peace officer or a military servicemember in uniform
1042	Penalties.
1043	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1044	[(a)] (i) "Assault" means [the same as that term is defined in] an offense under Section
1045	76-5-102.
1046	[(b)] (ii) "Military servicemember in uniform" means:
1047	[(i)] (A) a member of any branch of the United States military who is wearing a
1048	uniform as authorized by the member's branch of service; or
1049	[(ii)] (B) a member of the National Guard serving as provided in Section 39-1-5 or
1050	39-1-9.
1051	[ <del>(c)</del> ] ( <u>iii)</u> "Peace officer" means:
1052	[ <del>(i)</del> ] (A) a law enforcement officer certified under Section 53-13-103:

1053	[(ii)] (B) a correctional officer under Section 53-13-104;
1054	[(iii)] (C) a special function officer under Section 53-13-105; or
1055	[(iv)] (D) a federal officer under Section 53-13-106.
1056	[(d)] (iv) "Threat of violence" means [the same as that term is defined in] an offense
1057	under Section 76-5-107.
1058	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1059	[(2) A person is guilty of a class A misdemeanor, except as provided in Subsections (3)
1060	and (4), who:
1061	(2) (a) An actor commits assault against a peace officer if:
1062	[(a)] (i) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a peace officer, with
1063	knowledge that the [person] peace officer is a peace officer[, and when]; and
1064	(ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the peace officer [is] was acting
1065	within the scope of authority as a peace officer[; or].
1066	(b) An actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military servicemember
1067	in uniform [when that] if:
1068	(i) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence against a military servicemember
1069	in uniform; and
1070	(ii) at the time of the assault or threat of violence, the servicemember [is] was on orders
1071	and acting within the scope of authority granted to the military servicemember in uniform.
1072	(3) (a) A [person who violates] violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of a third degree
1073	felony if the person:] a class A misdemeanor.
1074	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree
1075	felony if the actor:
1076	[(a)] (i) has been previously convicted of a class A misdemeanor or a felony violation
1077	of this section; or
1078	[(b) the person] (ii) causes substantial bodily injury.
1079	[(4) A person who violates] (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a violation
1080	of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a second degree felony if the [person] actor uses:
1081	[(a)] (i) a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601]; or
1082	[(b)] (ii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.
1083	(4) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the

1084	lawful expression of free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured
1085	by the Constitution or laws of Utah or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.
1086	(5) [A person] An actor who violates this section shall serve, in jail or another
1087	correctional facility, a minimum of:
1088	(a) 90 consecutive days for a second offense; and
1089	(b) 180 consecutive days for each subsequent offense.
1090	(6) The court may suspend the imposition or execution of the sentence required under
1091	Subsection (5) if the court finds that the interests of justice would be best served by the
1092	suspension and the court makes specific findings concerning the disposition on the record.
1093	[(7) This section does not affect or limit any individual's constitutional right to the
1094	lawful expression of free speech, the right of assembly, or any other recognized rights secured
1095	by the Constitution or laws of Utah or by the Constitution or laws of the United States.]
1096	Section 23. Section <b>76-5-102.5</b> is amended to read:
1097	76-5-102.5. Assault by prisoner.
1098	[Any prisoner who commits assault,]
1099	(1) (a) As used in this section, "assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1100	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1101	(2) An actor commits assault by prisoner if the actor:
1102	(a) is a prisoner; and
1103	(b) intending to cause bodily injury, commits an assault.
1104	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of a felony of the] a third degree felony.
1105	Section 24. Section <b>76-5-102.6</b> is amended to read:
1106	76-5-102.6. Propelling object or substance at a correctional or peace officer
1107	Penalties.
1108	[(1) It is unlawful for] (1) (a) As used in this section, "infectious agent" means the
1109	same as that term is defined in Section 26-6-2.
1110	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1111	(2) An actor commits the offense of propelling an object or substance at a correctional
1112	or peace officer if the actor:
1113	(a) is a prisoner or a detained individual [detained pursuant to Section 77-7-15 to
1114	throw]; and

1115	(b) throws or otherwise [propel any] propels an object or substance at a peace officer, a
1116	correctional officer, or an employee or volunteer, including a health care provider.
1117	[(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a]
1118	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
1119	[(3) A] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a
1120	third degree felony if:
1121	[(a)] (i) the object or substance causes substantial bodily injury to the peace officer, the
1122	correctional officer, or the employee or volunteer, including a health care provider; or
1123	[(b) (i)] (ii) (A) the object or substance is:
1124	[(A)] (I) blood, urine, semen, or fecal material;
1125	[(B)] (II) an infectious agent [as defined in Section 26-6-2] or a material that carries an
1126	infectious agent;
1127	[(C)] (III) vomit or a material that carries vomit; or
1128	[(D)] (IV) the [prisoner's or detained individual's] actor's saliva, and the [prisoner or
1129	detained individual] actor knows [he or she] the actor is infected with HIV, hepatitis B, or
1130	hepatitis C; and
1131	[(ii)] (B) the object or substance comes into contact with any portion of the officer's,
1132	employee's, volunteer's, or health care provider's face, including the eyes or mouth, or comes
1133	into contact with any open wound on the officer's, employee's, volunteer's, or health care
1134	provider's body.
1135	(4) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
1136	greater penalty under another provision of state law than under this section, this section does
1137	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
1138	Section 25. Section 76-5-102.7 is amended to read:
1139	76-5-102.7. Assault or threat of violence against health care provider or
1140	emergency medical service worker Penalty.
1141	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1142	(i) "Assault" means an offense under Section 76-5-102.
1143	(ii) "Emergency medical service worker" means an individual licensed under Section
1144	<u>26-8a-302.</u>
1145	(iii) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section

1146	78B-3-403.
1147	(iv) "Threat of violence" means an offense under Section 76-5-107.
1148	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1149	[(1) A person who] (2) An actor commits [an] assault or threat of violence against a
1150	health care provider or emergency medical service worker [is guilty of a class A misdemeanor]
1151	if:
1152	(a) the [person] actor is not a prisoner or a [person detained under Section 77-7-15]
1153	detained individual;
1154	(b) the actor commits an assault or threat of violence;
1155	[(b)] (c) the [person] actor knew that the victim was a health care provider or
1156	emergency medical service worker; and
1157	[(c)] (d) the health care provider or emergency medical service worker was performing
1158	emergency or life saving duties within the scope of his or her authority at the time of the assault
1159	or threat of violence.
1160	[(2) A person who violates] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)] (2) is a class A
1161	misdemeanor.
1162	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a
1163	third degree felony if the [person] actor:
1164	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ (i) causes substantial bodily injury[, as defined in Section 76-1-601]; and
1165	[(b)] (ii) acts intentionally or knowingly.
1166	[(3) As used in this section:]
1167	[(a) "Assault" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-102.]
1168	[(b) "Emergency medical service worker" means a person licensed under Section
1169	<del>26-8a-302.</del> ]
1170	[(c) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1171	<del>78B-3-403.</del> ]
1172	[(d) "Threat of violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-107.]
1173	Section 26. Section <b>76-5-102.8</b> is amended to read:
1174	76-5-102.8. Disarming a peace officer Penalties.
1175	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1176	[(a)] (i) "Conductive energy device" means a weapon that uses electrical current to

1177	disrupt voluntary control of muscles.
1178	[(b)] (ii) "Firearm" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined in
1179	Section 76-10-501.
1180	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1181	(2) An actor [is guilty of an offense under Subsection (3) who] commits disarming a
1182	peace officer if the actor intentionally takes or removes, or attempts to take or remove a firearm
1183	or a conductive energy device from [the person] an individual or immediate presence of [a
1184	person] an individual who the actor knows is a peace officer:
1185	(a) without the consent of the peace officer; and
1186	(b) while the peace officer is acting within the scope of [his] the peace officer's
1187	authority as a peace officer.
1188	(3) (a) [Conduct under] A violation of Subsection (2) regarding a firearm is a first
1189	degree felony.
1190	(b) [Conduct under] A violation of Subsection (2) regarding a conductive energy
1191	device is a third degree felony.
1192	Section 27. Section <b>76-5-102.9</b> is amended to read:
1193	76-5-102.9. Propelling a bodily substance or material Penalties.
1194	(1) (a) As used in this section[, a listed substance or material is]:
1195	(i) "Bodily substance or material" means:
1196	[(a)] (A) saliva, blood, urine, semen, or fecal material;
1197	[(b)] (B) an infectious agent [as defined in Section 26-6-2 of] or a material that carries
1198	an infectious agent; or
1199	[(c)] (C) vomit or a material that carries vomit.
1200	(ii) "Infectious agent" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-6-2.
1201	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1202	(2) [Any person who] An actor commits propelling a bodily substance or material if the
1203	<u>actor</u> knowingly or intentionally throws or otherwise propels [any] <u>a</u> bodily substance or
1204	material [listed under Subsection (1)] at another [person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor,
1205	except as provided in Subsection (3) individual.
1206	(3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1207	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A

1208	misdemeanor if [the substance or material propelled is listed in Subsection (1), and]:
1209	[(a)] (i) [if] the bodily substance or material is the [person's] actor's saliva[,] and the
1210	[person] actor knows [he or she] the actor is infected with HIV, hepatitis B, or hepatitis C; or
1211	[(b)] (ii) the bodily substance or material comes into contact with any portion of the
1212	other [person's] individual's face, including the eyes or mouth, or comes into contact with any
1213	open wound on the other [person's] individual's body.
1214	(4) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
1215	greater penalty under another provision of state law than under this section, this section does
1216	not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
1217	Section 28. Section <b>76-5-103</b> is amended to read:
1218	76-5-103. Aggravated assault Penalties.
1219	[(1) Aggravated assault is an actor's conduct:]
1220	[ <del>(a) that is:</del> ]
1221	(1) (a) As used in this section, "targeting a law enforcement officer" means the same as
1222	that term is defined in Section 76-5-202.
1223	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1224	(2) An actor commits aggravated assault if the actor:
1225	(a) (i) [an attempt] attempts, with unlawful force or violence, to do bodily injury to
1226	another;
1227	(ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or violence, to do
1228	bodily injury to another; or
1229	(iii) commits an act, committed with unlawful force or violence, that causes bodily
1230	injury to another or creates a substantial risk of bodily injury to another; and
1231	(b) [that] includes in the actor's conduct under Subsection (2)(a) the use of:
1232	(i) a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
1233	(ii) any act that impedes the breathing or the circulation of blood of another [person]
1234	individual by the actor's use of unlawful force or violence that is likely to produce a loss of
1235	consciousness by:
1236	(A) applying pressure to the neck or throat of [a person] an individual; or
1237	(B) obstructing the nose, mouth, or airway of [a person] an individual; or
1238	(iii) other means or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury.

1239	[(2)] (3) (a) [Any act under this section is punishable as] A violation of Subsection (2)
1240	is a third degree felony[, except that an act under this section is punishable as a second degree
1241	felony if:].
1242	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree
1243	felony if:
1244	(i) the act results in serious bodily injury; or
1245	(ii) an act under Subsection [(1)] (2)(b)(ii) produces a loss of consciousness.
1246	[(b) Aggravated assault that is a violation of Section 76-5-210, Targeting a law
1247	enforcement officer, and results in serious bodily injury is a first degree felony.]
1248	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
1249	degree felony if the conduct constitutes targeting a law enforcement officer and results in
1250	serious bodily injury.
1251	Section 29. Section <b>76-5-103.5</b> is amended to read:
1252	76-5-103.5. Aggravated assault by prisoner.
1253	[Any prisoner who commits aggravated assault is guilty of:]
1254	[(1) a] (1) (a) As used in this section, "aggravated assault" means an offense under
1255	Section 76-5-103.
1256	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1257	(2) An actor commits aggravated assault by prisoner if the actor:
1258	(a) is a prisoner; and
1259	(b) commits aggravated assault.
1260	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony[if no serious bodily
1261	injury was intentionally caused; or].
1262	[(2)] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
1263	degree felony if serious bodily injury was intentionally caused.
1264	Section 30. Section <b>76-5-104</b> is amended to read:
1265	76-5-104. Consensual altercation.
1266	(1) As used in this section, "ultimate fighting match" means the same as that term is
1267	defined in Section 76-9-705.
1268	(2) In any prosecution for criminal homicide under Part 2, Criminal Homicide, or
1260	assault as that offense is described in Section 76-5-102, it is no defense to the prosecution that

1270	the defendant was a party to any duel, mutual combat, or other consensual altercation if during
1271	the course of the duel, combat, or altercation:
1272	(a) any dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601] was used; or [if]
1273	(b) the defendant was engaged in an ultimate fighting match [as defined in Section
1274	<del>76-9-705</del> ].
1275	Section 31. Section <b>76-5-105</b> is amended to read:
1276	76-5-105. Mayhem.
1277	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1278	[(1) Every person who] (2) An actor commits mayhem if the actor unlawfully and
1279	intentionally:
1280	(a) deprives [a human being] an individual of a member of [his] the individual's body[
1281	<del>or</del> ] <u>:</u>
1282	(b) disables or renders [it] useless[, or who] a member of an individual's body;
1283	(c) cuts out or disables [the] an individual's tongue[;];
1284	(d) puts out an individual's eye[5]; or
1285	(e) slits [the] an individual's nose, ear, or lip[, is guilty of mayhem].
1286	[(2) Mayhem is a felony of the second degree.]
1287	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
1288	Section 32. Section <b>76-5-106</b> is amended to read:
1289	76-5-106. Harassment.
1290	[(1) A person is guilty of]
1291	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1292	(2) An actor commits harassment if, with intent to frighten or harass another, [he] the
1293	actor communicates a written or recorded threat to commit [any] a violent felony.
1294	[(2) Harassment] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1295	Section 33. Section 76-5-106.5 is amended to read:
1296	76-5-106.5. Stalking Definitions Injunction Penalties Duties of law
1297	enforcement officer.
1298	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1299	[(a)] (i) "Course of conduct" means two or more acts directed at or toward a specific
1300	[person] individual, including:

1301	[(i)] (A) acts in which the actor follows, monitors, observes, photographs, surveils,
1302	threatens, or communicates to or about [a person] an individual, or interferes with [a person's]
1303	an individual's property:
1304	[(A)] (I) directly, indirectly, or through any third party; and
1305	[(B)] (II) by any action, method, device, or means; or
1306	[(ii)] (B) when the actor engages in any of the following acts or causes someone else to
1307	engage in any of these acts:
1308	[(A)] (I) approaches or confronts [a person] an individual;
1309	[(B)] (II) appears at the [person's] individual's workplace or contacts the [person's]
1310	individual's employer or coworkers;
1311	[(C)] (III) appears at [a person's] an individual's residence or contacts [a person's] an
1312	individual's neighbors, or enters property owned, leased, or occupied by [a person] an
1313	individual;
1314	[(D)] (IV) sends material by any means to the [person] individual or for the purpose of
1315	obtaining or disseminating information about or communicating with the [person] individual to
1316	a member of the [person's] individual's family or household, employer, coworker, friend, or
1317	associate of the [person] individual;
1318	[(E)] $(V)$ places an object on or delivers an object to property owned, leased, or
1319	occupied by [a person] an individual, or to the [person's] individual's place of employment with
1320	the intent that the object be delivered to the [person] individual; or
1321	[ <del>(F)</del> ] <u>(VI)</u> uses a computer, the Internet, text messaging, or any other electronic means
1322	to commit an act that is a part of the course of conduct.
1323	[(b)] (ii) "Emotional distress" means significant mental or psychological suffering,
1324	whether or not medical or other professional treatment or counseling is required.
1325	[(c)] (iii) "Immediate family" means a spouse, parent, child, sibling, or any other
1326	[person] individual who regularly resides in the household or who regularly resided in the
1327	household within the prior six months.
1328	[(d)] (iv) "Reasonable person" means a reasonable person in the victim's
1329	circumstances.
1330	$[\underline{(e)}]$ (v) "Stalking" means an offense as described in Subsection (2)[ $\underline{\text{or }(3)}$ ].
1331	[(f)] (vi) "Text messaging" means a communication in the form of electronic text or

1332	one or more electronic images sent by the actor from a telephone or computer to another
1333	[person's] individual's telephone or computer by addressing the communication to the
1334	recipient's telephone number.
1335	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1336	(2) [A person is guilty of stalking who] An actor commits stalking if the actor
1337	intentionally or knowingly:
1338	(a) engages in a course of conduct directed at a specific [person] individual and knows
1339	or should know that the course of conduct would cause a reasonable person:
1340	[(a)] (i) to fear for the [person's] individual's own safety or the safety of a third [person]
1341	individual; or
1342	[(b)] (ii) to suffer other emotional distress[:]; or
1343	[(3) A person is guilty of stalking who intentionally or knowingly]
1344	(b) violates:
1345	[(a)] (i) a stalking injunction issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking
1346	Injunctions; or
1347	[(b)] (ii) a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7,
1348	Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions.
1349	[(4) In any prosecution under this section, it is not a defense that the actor:]
1350	[(a) was not given actual notice that the course of conduct was unwanted; or]
1351	[(b) did not intend to cause the victim fear or other emotional distress.]
1352	[(5) An offense of stalking may be prosecuted under this section in any jurisdiction
1353	where one or more of the acts that is part of the course of conduct was initiated or caused an
1354	effect on the victim.]
1355	[(6) Stalking is a class A misdemeanor:]
1356	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor:
1357	$[\underbrace{(a)}]$ (i) upon the $[\underbrace{offender's}]$ actor's first violation of Subsection (2); or
1358	[(b)] (ii) if the [offender] actor violated a stalking injunction issued under Title 78B,
1359	Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
1360	[(7) Stalking] (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1361	third degree felony if the [offender] actor:
1362	[(a)] (i) has been previously convicted of an offense of stalking;

1363	[(b)] (ii) has been previously convicted in another jurisdiction of an offense that is
1364	substantially similar to the offense of stalking;
1365	[(c)] (iii) has been previously convicted of any felony offense in Utah or of any crime
1366	in another jurisdiction which if committed in Utah would be a felony, in which the victim of
1367	the stalking offense or a member of the victim's immediate family was also a victim of the
1368	previous felony offense;
1369	[(d)] (iv) violated a permanent criminal stalking injunction issued under Title 78B,
1370	Chapter 7, Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions; or
1371	[(e)] (v) has been or is at the time of the offense a cohabitant, as defined in Section
1372	78B-7-102, of the victim.
1373	[(8) Stalking] (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a violation of
1374	Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if the [offender] actor:
1375	[(a)] (i) used a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601] or used other means
1376	or force likely to produce death or serious bodily injury, in the commission of the crime of
1377	stalking;
1378	[(b)] (ii) has been previously convicted two or more times of the offense of stalking;
1379	[(c)] (iii) has been convicted two or more times in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions
1380	of offenses that are substantially similar to the offense of stalking;
1381	[(d)] (iv) has been convicted two or more times, in any combination, of offenses under
1382	Subsection [ <del>(7)(a), (b), or (c)</del> ] ( <u>3)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii)</u> ;
1383	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ has been previously convicted two or more times of felony offenses in Utah or
1384	of crimes in another jurisdiction or jurisdictions which, if committed in Utah, would be
1385	felonies, in which the victim of the stalking was also a victim of the previous felony offenses;
1386	or
1387	[(f)] (vi) has been previously convicted of an offense under Subsection [(7)(d) or (e)]
1388	(3)(b)(iv)  or  (v).
1389	(4) In a prosecution under this section, it is not a defense that the actor:
1390	(a) was not given actual notice that the course of conduct was unwanted; or
1391	(b) did not intend to cause the victim fear or other emotional distress.
1392	(5) An offense of stalking may be prosecuted under this section in any jurisdiction
1393	where one or more of the acts that is part of the course of conduct was initiated or caused an

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1394	effect on the victim.
1395	[(9)] (6) (a) A permanent criminal stalking injunction limiting the contact between the
1396	[defendant] actor and victim may be filed in accordance with Section 78B-7-902.
1397	(b) This section does not preclude the filing of criminal information for stalking based
1398	on the same act which is the basis for the violation of the stalking injunction issued under Title
1399	78B, Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions, or a permanent criminal stalking injunction
1400	issued under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 9, Criminal Stalking Injunctions.
1401	[(10)] (7) (a) A law enforcement officer who responds to an allegation of stalking shall
1402	use all reasonable means to protect the victim and prevent further violence, including:
1403	(i) taking action that, in the officer's discretion, is reasonably necessary to provide for
1404	the safety of the victim and any family or household member;
1405	(ii) confiscating the weapon or weapons involved in the alleged stalking;
1406	(iii) making arrangements for the victim and any child to obtain emergency housing or
1407	shelter;
1408	(iv) providing protection while the victim removes essential personal effects;
1409	(v) arranging, facilitating, or providing for the victim and any child to obtain medical
1410	treatment; and
1411	(vi) arranging, facilitating, or providing the victim with immediate and adequate notice
1412	of the rights of victims and of the remedies and services available to victims of stalking, in
1413	accordance with Subsection $[(10)]$ $(7)$ (b).
1414	(b) (i) A law enforcement officer shall give written notice to the victim in simple
1415	language, describing the rights and remedies available under this section and Title 78B,
1416	Chapter 7, Part 7, Civil Stalking Injunctions.
1417	(ii) The written notice shall also include:
1418	(A) a statement that the forms needed in order to obtain a stalking injunction are
1419	available from the court clerk's office in the judicial district where the victim resides or is
1420	temporarily domiciled; and

(B) a list of shelters, services, and resources available in the appropriate community, together with telephone numbers, to assist the victim in accessing any needed assistance.

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(c) If a weapon is confiscated under this Subsection [(10)] (7), the law enforcement agency shall return the weapon to the individual from whom the weapon is confiscated if a

1425	stalking injunction is not issued or once the stalking injunction is terminated.
1426	Section 34. Section <b>76-5-107</b> is amended to read:
1427	76-5-107. Threat of violence Penalty.
1428	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1429	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of violence if the actor:
1430	[(a) the person] (i) (A) threatens to commit any offense involving bodily injury, death,
1431	or substantial property damage[7]; and
1432	(B) acts with intent to place [a person] an individual in fear of imminent serious bodily
1433	injury, substantial bodily injury, or death; or
1434	[(b) the person] (ii) makes a threat, accompanied by a show of immediate force or
1435	violence, to do bodily injury to [another] an individual.
1436	(b) A threat under this section may be express or implied.
1437	[(2)] (3) (a) A violation of [this section] Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
1438	(b) An actor who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1439	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the
1440	threatened act.
1441	(c) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an actor
1442	convicted of a violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of
1443	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and
1444	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons
1445	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.
1446	[(3)] (4) It is not a defense under this section that the [person] actor did not attempt to
1447	or was incapable of carrying out the threat.
1448	[(4) A threat under this section may be express or implied.]
1449	[(5) A person who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1450	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the
1451	threatened act.]
1452	[(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order any person
1453	convicted of any violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of
1454	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and
1455	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons

1456	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.]
1457	Section 35. Section 76-5-107.1 is amended to read:
1458	76-5-107.1. Threats against schools.
1459	(1) (a) As used in this section[, "school"]:
1460	(i) "Hoax weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in
1461	Section 76-10-401.
1462	(ii) "School" means a preschool or a public or private elementary or secondary school.
1463	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1464	(2) An [individual] actor is guilty of making a threat against a school if the [individual]
1465	actor threatens in person or via electronic means, either with real intent or as an intentional
1466	hoax, to commit any offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage[,
1467	and the actor:
1468	(a) threatens the use of a firearm or weapon or hoax weapon of mass destruction[, as
1469	defined in Section 76-10-401];
1470	(b) acts with intent to:
1471	(i) disrupt the regular schedule of the school or influence or affect the conduct of
1472	students, employees, or the general public at the school;
1473	(ii) prevent or interrupt the occupancy of the school or a portion of the school, or a
1474	facility or vehicle used by the school; or
1475	(iii) intimidate or coerce students or employees of the school; or
1476	(c) causes an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies to take
1477	action due to the risk to the school or general public.
1478	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(a), (b)(i), or (b)(iii) is a class A misdemeanor.
1479	[(b)] (ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is a class B misdemeanor.
1480	[(c)] (iii) A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is a class C misdemeanor.
1481	[(4) Counseling for the minor and the minor's family may be made available through
1482	state and local health department programs.]
1483	[(5) It is not a defense to this section that the individual did not attempt to carry out or
1484	was incapable of carrying out the threat.]
1485	[(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an individual
1486	convicted of a violation of this section to nay restitution to any federal state or local unit of

1487	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for expenses and losses
1488	incurred in responding to the threat, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the
1489	reimbursement would be inappropriate. Restitution ordered in the case of a minor adjudicated
1490	for a violation of this section shall be determined in accordance with Section 80-6-710.]
1491	(b) (i) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an actor
1492	convicted of a violation of this section to pay restitution to any federal, state, or local unit of
1493	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for expenses and losses
1494	incurred in responding to the threat, unless the court states on the record the reasons why the
1495	reimbursement would be inappropriate.
1496	(ii) Restitution ordered in the case of a minor adjudicated for a violation of this section
1497	shall be determined in accordance with Section 80-6-710.
1498	(4) It is not a defense to this section that the actor did not attempt to carry out or was
1499	incapable of carrying out the threat.
1500	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (5) (a) A violation of this section shall be reported to the local law enforcement
1501	agency.
1502	(b) If the [individual] actor alleged to have violated this section is a minor, the minor
1503	may be referred to the juvenile court.
1504	(6) Counseling for the minor and the minor's family may be made available through
1505	state and local health department programs.
1506	Section 36. Section 76-5-107.3 is amended to read:
1507	76-5-107.3. Threat of terrorism Penalty.
1508	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1509	(i) "Hoax weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in
1510	Section 76-10-401.
1511	(ii) "Weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1512	<u>76-10-401.</u>
1513	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1514	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits a threat of terrorism if the [person] actor
1515	threatens to commit [any] an offense involving bodily injury, death, or substantial property
1516	damage[-] and the actor:
1517	[(a) (i)] (i) (A) threatens the use of a weapon of mass destruction[, as defined in

1518	<del>Section 76-10-401</del> ]; or
1519	[(ii)] (B) threatens the use of a hoax weapon of mass destruction[, as defined in Section
1520	<del>76-10-401</del> ]; or
1521	[(b)] (ii) acts with intent to:
1522	[(i)] (A) intimidate or coerce a civilian population or to influence or affect the conduct
1523	of a government or a unit of government;
1524	[(ii)] (B) prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building or a portion of the building, a
1525	place to which the public has access, or a facility or vehicle of public transportation operated by
1526	a common carrier; or
1527	[(iii)] (C) cause an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies to
1528	take action due to the [person's] actor's conduct posing a serious and substantial risk to the
1529	general public.
1530	(b) A threat under this section may be express or implied.
1531	$[\frac{(2)}{2}]$ (a) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a) \text{ or } (1)(b)(i)}{2}]$ (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii)(A) is
1532	a second degree felony.
1533	$[\frac{b}{a}]$ (ii) A violation of Subsection $[\frac{1}{b}]$ (2)(a)(ii)(B) is a third degree felony.
1534	$[\frac{(c)}{(iii)}]$ A violation of Subsection $[\frac{(1)(b)(iii)}{(2)(a)(ii)(C)}]$ is a class B misdemeanor.
1535	(b) An actor who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1536	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the
1537	threatened act.
1538	(c) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order an actor
1539	convicted of a violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of
1540	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and
1541	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons
1542	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.
1543	[(3)] (4) It is not a defense under this section that the [person] actor did not attempt to
1544	carry out or was incapable of carrying out the threat.
1545	[(4) A threat under this section may be express or implied.]
1546	[(5) A person who commits an offense under this section is subject to punishment for
1547	that offense, in addition to any other offense committed, including the carrying out of the
1548	threatened act.

1549	[(6) In addition to any other penalty authorized by law, a court shall order any person
1550	convicted of any violation of this section to reimburse any federal, state, or local unit of
1551	government, or any private business, organization, individual, or entity for all expenses and
1552	losses incurred in responding to the violation, unless the court states on the record the reasons
1553	why the reimbursement would be inappropriate.]
1554	Section 37. Section <b>76-5-107.5</b> is amended to read:
1555	76-5-107.5. Prohibition of "hazing" Definitions Penalties.
1556	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1557	[(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits hazing if [that person] the actor
1558	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly commits an act or causes another to commit an act that:
1559	(a) (i) endangers the mental or physical health or safety of [another] an individual;
1560	(ii) involves any brutality of a physical nature such as whipping, beating, branding,
1561	calisthenics, bruising, electric shocking, placing of a harmful substance on the body, or
1562	exposure to the elements;
1563	(iii) involves consumption of any food, alcoholic product, drug, or other substance or
1564	any other physical activity that endangers the mental or physical health and safety of an
1565	individual; or
1566	(iv) involves any activity that would subject the individual to extreme mental stress,
1567	such as sleep deprivation, extended isolation from social contact, or conduct that subjects
1568	another to extreme embarrassment, shame, or humiliation; and
1569	(b) (i) is for the purpose of initiation, admission into, affiliation with, holding office in
1570	or as a condition for continued membership in any organization; or
1571	(ii) if the actor knew that the [victim] individual is a member of or candidate for
1572	membership with a school team or school organization to which the actor belongs or did
1573	belong within the preceding two years.
1574	[(2) It is not a defense to prosecution of hazing that a person under 21, against whom
1575	the hazing was directed, consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity.]
1576	[(3) An actor who hazes another is guilty of a:]
1577	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor [except as provided in
1578	Subsection (3)(b), (c), (d), or (e);].
1579	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A

1580	misdemeanor if the act involves:
1581	(i) the operation or other use of a motor vehicle;
1582	(ii) the consumption of an alcoholic product as defined in Section 32B-1-102; or
1583	(iii) the consumption of a drug or a substance as defined in Section 76-5-113[;].
1584	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) or (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third
1585	degree felony if the act involves the use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section
1586	<del>76-1-601;</del> ] <u>.</u>
1587	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a), (b), and (c), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
1588	third degree felony if the hazing results in serious bodily injury to [a person; or] an individual.
1589	(e) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a), (b), (c), and (d), a violation of Subsection (2) is
1590	<u>a</u> second degree felony if hazing under Subsection (3)(d) involves the use of a dangerous
1591	weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601].
1592	(4) (a) A person who in good faith reports or participates in reporting of an alleged
1593	hazing is not subject to any civil or criminal liability regarding the reporting.
1594	(b) It is not a defense to prosecution of hazing that an individual under 21 years old,
1595	against whom the hazing was directed, consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity.
1596	(5) (a) This section does not apply to military training or other official military
1597	activities.
1598	(b) Military conduct is governed by Title 39, Chapter 6, Utah Code of Military Justice.
1599	(6) (a) A prosecution under this section does not bar a prosecution of the actor for:
1600	(i) any other offense for which the actor may be liable as a party for conduct committed
1601	by the [person] individual hazed; or
1602	(ii) any offense, caused in the course of the hazing, that the actor commits against the
1603	[person who is] individual hazed.
1604	(b) Under Subsection (6)(a)(i) [a person] an actor may be separately punished, both for
1605	the hazing offense and the conduct committed by the [person] individual hazed.
1606	(c) Under Subsection (6)(a)(ii) [a person] an actor may not be punished both for hazing
1607	and for the other offense, but shall be punished for the offense carrying the greater maximum
1608	penalty.
1609	Section 38. Section 76-5-108 is amended to read:
1610	76-5-108. Violation of protective order.

1611	[(1) Any person who] (1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1612	(2) An actor commits violation of protective order if the actor:
1613	(a) is the respondent or defendant subject to a protective order, child protective order,
1614	ex parte protective order, or ex parte child protective order issued under [the following who]:
1615	(i) a foreign protection order enforceable under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 3, Uniform
1616	Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act; and
1617	(ii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders;
1618	(iii) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders; or
1619	(iv) Title 80, Utah Juvenile Code;
1620	(b) intentionally or knowingly violates that order after having been properly served or
1621	having been present, in person or through court video conferencing, when the order was
1622	issued[ <del>,</del> ].
1623	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of] a class A misdemeanor, except as a
1624	greater penalty may be provided in Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act[:].
1625	[(a) Title 80, Utah Juvenile Code;]
1626	[(b) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 6, Cohabitant Abuse Protective Orders;]
1627	[(c) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders; or]
1628	[(d) a foreign protection order enforceable under Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 3, Uniform
1629	Interstate Enforcement of Domestic Violence Protection Orders Act.]
1630	$[\underbrace{(2)}]$ (4) Violation of an order $[\underbrace{as}]$ described in Subsection $[\underbrace{(1)}]$ (2) is a domestic
1631	violence offense under Section 77-36-1 and subject to increased penalties in accordance with
1632	Section 77-36-1.1.
1633	Section 39. Section 76-5-109 is amended to read:
1634	76-5-109. Child abuse.
1635	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1636	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> "Child" means [ <del>a human being who is under</del> ] <u>an individual who is younger</u>
1637	than 18 years [of age] old.
1638	[(b) (i) "Child abandonment" means that a parent or legal guardian of a child:]
1639	[(A) intentionally ceases to maintain physical custody of the child;]
1640	[(B) intentionally fails to make reasonable arrangements for the safety, care, and
1641	physical custody of the child; and]

1642	[(C) (I) intentionally fails to provide the child with food, shelter, or clothing;
1643	[(II) manifests an intent to permanently not resume physical custody of the child; or]
1644	[(III) for a period of at least 30 days:]
1645	[(Aa) intentionally fails to resume physical custody of the child; and]
1646	[(Bb) fails to manifest a genuine intent to resume physical custody of the child.]
1647	[(ii) "Child abandonment" does not include:]
1648	[(A) safe relinquishment of a child pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-4a-802;
1649	or]
1650	[(B) giving legal consent to a court order for termination of parental rights:]
1651	[(I) in a legal adoption proceeding; or]
1652	[(II) in a case where a petition for the termination of parental rights, or the termination
1653	of a guardianship, has been filed.]
1654	[(c) "Child abuse" means any offense described in Subsection (2), (3), or (4) or in
1655	Section 76-5-109.1.]
1656	[(d) "Enterprise" is as defined in Section 76-10-1602.]
1657	[(e)] (ii) "Physical injury" means an injury to or condition of a child which impairs the
1658	physical condition of the child, including:
1659	[(i)] (A) a bruise or other contusion of the skin;
1660	[(ii)] (B) a minor laceration or abrasion;
1661	[(iii)] (C) failure to thrive or malnutrition; or
1662	[(iv)] (D) any other condition which imperils the child's health or welfare and [which]
1663	that is not a serious physical injury [as defined in Subsection (1)(f)].
1664	[(f)(i)](iii)(A) "Serious physical injury" means any physical injury or set of injuries
1665	that:
1666	[(A)] (I) seriously impairs the child's health;
1667	[(B)] (II) involves physical torture;
1668	[(C)] (III) causes serious emotional harm to the child; or
1669	[(D)] (IV) involves a substantial risk of death to the child.
1670	[(ii)] (B) "Serious physical injury" includes:
1671	[(A)] (I) fracture of any bone or bones;
1672	[(B)] (II) intracranial bleeding, swelling or contusion of the brain, whether caused by

1673	blows, shaking, or causing the child's head to impact with an object or surface;
1674	[(C)] (III) any burn, including burns inflicted by hot water, or those caused by placing a
1675	hot object upon the skin or body of the child;
1676	[(D)] (IV) any injury caused by use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section
1677	<del>76-1-601</del> ];
1678	[(E)] (V) any combination of two or more physical injuries inflicted by the same
1679	person, either at the same time or on different occasions;
1680	[(F)] (VI) any damage to internal organs of the body;
1681	[(G)] (VII) any conduct toward a child that results in severe emotional harm, severe
1682	developmental delay or intellectual disability, or severe impairment of the child's ability to
1683	function;
1684	[(H)] (VIII) any injury that creates a permanent disfigurement or protracted loss or
1685	impairment of the function of a bodily member, limb, or organ;
1686	[(1)] (IX) any impediment of the breathing or the circulation of blood by application of
1687	pressure to the neck, throat, or chest, or by the obstruction of the nose or mouth, that is likely to
1688	produce a loss of consciousness;
1689	[(J)] (X) any conduct that results in starvation or failure to thrive or malnutrition that
1690	jeopardizes the child's life; or
1691	[(K)] (XI) unconsciousness caused by the unlawful infliction of a brain injury or
1692	unlawfully causing any deprivation of oxygen to the brain.
1693	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1694	[(2) Any person who inflicts upon a child serious physical injury or, having the care or
1695	custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict serious physical injury upon a child is
1696	guilty of an offense as follows:
1697	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, the offense is a felony of the second degree;]
1698	[(b) if done recklessly, the offense is a felony of the third degree; or]
1699	[(c) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.]
1700	[(3) Any person who] (2) An actor commits child abuse if the actor:
1701	(a) inflicts upon a child physical injury [or,]; or
1702	(b) having the care or custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict
1703	physical injury upon a child [is guilty of an offense as follows:].

1704	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done intentionally or
1705	knowingly[ <del>, the offense is a class A misdemeanor;</del> ].
1706	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly[, the
1707	offense is a class B misdemeanor; or].
1708	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class C misdemeanor if done with criminal
1709	negligence[, the offense is a class C misdemeanor].
1710	[(4) A person who commits child abandonment, or encourages or causes another to
1711	commit child abandonment, or an enterprise that encourages, commands, or causes another to
1712	commit child abandonment, is:]
1713	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), guilty of a felony of the third degree; or]
1714	[(b) guilty of a felony of the second degree, if, as a result of the child abandonment:]
1715	[(i) the child suffers a serious physical injury; or]
1716	[(ii) the person or enterprise receives, directly or indirectly, any benefit.]
1717	[(5) (a) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection (4)(b), the court may order
1718	the person or enterprise described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii) to pay the costs of investigating and
1719	prosecuting the offense and the costs of securing any forfeiture provided for under Subsection
1720	<del>(5)(b).</del> ]
1721	[(b) Any tangible or pecuniary benefit received under Subsection (4)(b)(ii) is subject to
1722	criminal or civil forfeiture pursuant to Title 24, Forfeiture and Disposition of Property Act.]
1723	[(6)] (4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1724	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1725	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1726	guardian is a member or adherent [shall] may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1727	committed an offense under this section.
1728	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(b)</u> A parent or guardian of a child does not violate this section by selecting a
1729	treatment option for [the] $\underline{a}$ medical condition of the child, if the treatment option is one that a
1730	reasonable parent or guardian would believe to be in the best interest of the child.
1731	[(8) A person] (c) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct
1732	that constitutes:
1733	[(a)] (i) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding
1734	privileges;

1735	[(b)] (ii) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
1736	[(e)] (iii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
1737	[(i)] (A) in self-defense;
1738	[(ii)] (B) in defense of others;
1739	[(iii)] (C) to protect the child; or
1740	[(iv)] (D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons
1741	described in Subsections [(8)(c)(i) through (iii)] (4)(c)(iii)(A) through (C).
1742	Section 40. Section <b>76-5-109.2</b> is enacted to read:
1743	76-5-109.2. Aggravated child abuse.
1744	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1745	(i) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
1746	(ii) "Serious physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1747	<u>76-5-109.</u>
1748	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1749	(2) An actor commits aggravated child abuse if the actor:
1750	(a) inflicts upon a child serious physical injury; or
1751	(b) having the care or custody of such child, causes or permits another to inflict serious
1752	physical injury upon a child.
1753	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or
1754	knowingly.
1755	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done recklessly.
1756	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done with criminal
1757	negligence.
1758	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1759	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1760	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1761	guardian is a member or adherent may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1762	committed an offense under this section.
1763	(b) A parent or guardian of a child does not violate this section by selecting a treatment
1764	option for the medical condition of the child, if the treatment option is one that a reasonable
1765	parent or guardian would believe to be in the best interest of the child.

1766	(c) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct that constitutes:
1767	(i) conduct described in Section 76-2-401; or
1768	(ii) the use of reasonable and necessary physical restraint or force on a child:
1769	(A) in self-defense;
1770	(B) in defense of others;
1771	(C) to protect the child; or
1772	(D) to remove a weapon in the possession of a child for any of the reasons described in
1773	Subsections (4)(c)(ii)(A) through (C).
1774	Section 41. Section 76-5-109.3 is enacted to read:
1775	<u>76-5-109.3.</u> Child abandonment.
1776	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1777	(i) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
1778	(ii) (A) "Child abandonment" means that a parent or legal guardian of a child
1779	intentionally ceases to maintain physical custody of the child, intentionally fails to make
1780	reasonable arrangements for the safety, care, and physical custody of the child, and the parent
1781	or legal guardian:
1782	(I) intentionally fails to provide the child with food, shelter, or clothing;
1783	(II) manifests an intent to permanently not resume physical custody of the child; or
1784	(III) for a period of at least 30 days, intentionally fails to resume physical custody of
1785	the child and fails to manifest a genuine intent to resume physical custody of the child.
1786	(B) "Child abandonment" does not include:
1787	(I) safe relinquishment of a child pursuant to the provisions of Section 62A-4a-802; or
1788	(II) giving legal consent to a court order for termination of parental rights in a legal
1789	adoption proceeding or in a case in which a petition for the termination of parental rights, or
1790	the termination of a guardianship, has been filed.
1791	(iii) "Enterprise" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-1602.
1792	(iv) "Serious physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1793	<u>76-5-109.</u>
1794	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
1795	(2) (a) An actor commits child abandonment if the actor commits child abandonment,
1796	or encourages or causes another to commit child abandonment

1797	(b) An enterprise commits child abandonment if the enterprise encourages, commands,
1798	or causes another to commit child abandonment.
1799	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
1800	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second
1801	degree felony if, as a result of the child abandonment:
1802	(A) the child suffers a serious physical injury; or
1803	(B) the actor or enterprise receives, directly or indirectly, any benefit.
1804	(b) (i) In addition to the penalty described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the court may order
1805	the actor or enterprise described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) to pay the costs of investigating and
1806	prosecuting the offense and the costs of securing any forfeiture provided for under Subsection
1807	(3)(b)(ii).
1808	(ii) Any tangible or pecuniary benefit received under Subsection (3)(a)(ii)(B) is subject
1809	to criminal or civil forfeiture pursuant to Title 24, Forfeiture and Disposition of Property Act.
1810	(4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual
1811	means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and
1812	practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal
1813	guardian is a member or adherent may not, for that reason alone, be considered to have
1814	committed an offense under this section.
1815	(b) An actor is not guilty of an offense under this section for conduct that constitutes:
1816	(i) reasonable discipline or management of a child, including withholding privileges; or
1817	(ii) conduct described in Section 76-2-401.
1818	Section 42. Section <b>76-5-110</b> is amended to read:
1819	76-5-110. Abuse or neglect of a child with a disability.
1820	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1821	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> "Abuse" means:
1822	[(i)] (A) inflicting physical injury[, as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109];
1823	[(ii)] (B) having the care or custody of a child with a disability, causing or permitting
1824	another to inflict physical injury[, as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109]; or
1825	[(iii)] (C) unreasonable confinement.
1826	[(b)] (ii) "Caretaker" means:
1827	[(i)] (A) any parent, legal guardian, or other person having under that person's care and

1828 custody a child with a disability; or

[(ii)] (B) any person, corporation, or public institution that has assumed by contract or court order the responsibility to provide food, shelter, clothing, medical, and other necessities to a child with a disability.

- [(e)] (iii) "Child with a disability" means [any person] an individual under 18 years old who is impaired because of mental illness, mental deficiency, physical illness or disability, or other cause, to the extent that the [person] individual is unable to care for the [person's] individual's own personal safety or to provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, and medical care.
- 1837 [(d)] (iv) "Neglect" means failure by a caretaker to provide care, nutrition, clothing, shelter, supervision, or medical care.
  - (v) "Physical injury" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-109.
  - (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
  - (2) [Any caretaker who] An actor commits abuse or neglect of a child with a disability if the actor is a caretaker and intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly abuses or neglects a child with a disability [is guilty of a third degree felony].
    - (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
  - [(3)] (4) (a) A parent or legal guardian who provides a child with treatment by spiritual means alone through prayer, in lieu of medical treatment, in accordance with the tenets and practices of an established church or religious denomination of which the parent or legal guardian is a member or adherent [shall] may not, for that reason alone, be considered to be in violation under this section.
  - (b) Subject to Section 80-3-109, the exception under Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) does not preclude a court from ordering medical services from a physician licensed to engage in the practice of medicine to be provided to the child where there is substantial risk of harm to the child's health or welfare if the treatment is not provided.
  - (c) A caretaker of a child with a disability does not violate this section by selecting a treatment option for a medical condition of a child with a disability, if the treatment option is one that a reasonable caretaker would believe to be in the best interest of the child with a disability.
    - Section 43. Section 76-5-111 is amended to read:

1859	76-5-111. Abuse of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
1860	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1861	[(a)] (i) "Abandonment" means a knowing or intentional action or inaction, including
1862	desertion, by a person acting as a caretaker for a vulnerable adult that leaves the vulnerable
1863	adult without the means or ability to obtain necessary food, clothing, shelter, or medical or
1864	other health care.
1865	[ <del>(b)</del> ] <u>(ii)</u> "Abuse" means:
1866	[(i)] (A) attempting to cause harm, intentionally or knowingly causing harm, or
1867	intentionally or knowingly placing another in fear of imminent harm;
1868	[(ii)] (B) causing physical injury by knowing or intentional acts or omissions;
1869	[(iii)] (C) unreasonable or inappropriate use of physical restraint, medication, or
1870	isolation that causes or is likely to cause harm to a vulnerable adult that is in conflict with a
1871	physician's orders or used as an unauthorized substitute for treatment, unless that conduct
1872	furthers the health and safety of the vulnerable adult; or
1873	[(iv)] (D) deprivation of life-sustaining treatment, except:
1874	[(A)] (I) as provided in Title 75, Chapter 2a, Advance Health Care Directive Act; or
1875	[(B)] (II) when informed consent, as defined in this section, has been obtained.
1876	[(c) "Business relationship" means a relationship between two or more individuals or
1877	entities where there exists an oral or written agreement for the exchange of goods or services.]
1878	[(d)] (iii) "Caretaker" means a person or public institution that is entrusted with or
1879	assumes the responsibility to provide a vulnerable adult with care, food, shelter, clothing,
1880	supervision, medical or other health care, or other necessities for pecuniary gain, by contract, or
1881	as a result of friendship, or in a position of trust and confidence with a vulnerable adult,
1882	including a relative, a household member, an attorney-in-fact, a neighbor, a person who is
1883	employed or who provides volunteer work, a court-appointed or voluntary guardian, or a
1884	person who contracts or is under court order to provide care.
1885	[ <del>(e) "Deception" means:</del> ]
1886	[(i) a misrepresentation or concealment:]
1887	[(A) of a material fact relating to services rendered, disposition of property, or use of
1888	property intended to benefit a vulnerable adult;]
1889	[(B) of the terms of a contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or]

1890	[(C) relating to the existing or preexisting condition of any property involved in a
1891	contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or]
1892	[(ii) the use or employment of any misrepresentation, false pretense, or false promise in
1893	order to induce, encourage, or solicit a vulnerable adult to enter into a contract or agreement.]
1894	[(f)(i)](iv)(A) "Dependent adult" means an individual 18 years old or older, who has
1895	a physical or mental impairment that restricts the individual's ability to carry out normal
1896	activities or to protect the individual's rights.
1897	[(ii)] (B) "Dependent adult" includes an individual who has physical or developmental
1898	disabilities or whose physical or mental capacity has substantially diminished because of age.
1899	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(v)</u> "Elder adult" means an individual 65 years old or older.
1900	[(h) "Endeavor" means to attempt or try.]
1901	[(i)] (vi) "Exploitation" means an offense described in [Subsection (4) or (9) or
1902	Section] Section 76-5-111.3, 76-5-111.4, or 76-5b-202.
1903	[(j)] (vii) "Harm" means pain, mental anguish, emotional distress, hurt, physical or
1904	psychological damage, physical injury, suffering, or distress inflicted knowingly or
1905	intentionally.
1906	[(k)] (viii) "Informed consent" means:
1907	[(i)] (A) a written expression by the individual or authorized by the individual, stating
1908	that the individual fully understands the potential risks and benefits of the withdrawal of food,
1909	water, medication, medical services, shelter, cooling, heating, or other services necessary to
1910	maintain minimum physical or mental health, and that the individual desires that the services
1911	be withdrawn, except that a written expression is valid only if the individual is of sound mind
1912	when the consent is given, and the consent is witnessed by at least two individuals who do not
1913	benefit from the withdrawal of services; or
1914	[(ii)] (B) consent to withdraw food, water, medication, medical services, shelter,
1915	cooling, heating, or other services necessary to maintain minimum physical or mental health, as
1916	permitted by court order.
1917	[(1) "Intimidation" means communication conveyed through verbal or nonverbal
1918	conduct which threatens deprivation of money, food, clothing, medicine, shelter, social
1919	interaction, supervision, health care, or companionship, or which threatens isolation or harm.]
1920	[(m) (i)] (ix) (A) "Isolation" means knowingly or intentionally preventing a vulnerable

1921	adult from having contact with another person, unless the restriction of personal rights is
1922	authorized by court order, by:
1923	[(A)] (I) preventing the vulnerable adult from communicating, visiting, interacting, or
1924	initiating interaction with others, including receiving or inviting visitors, mail, or telephone
1925	calls, contrary to the express wishes of the vulnerable adult, or communicating to a visitor that
1926	the vulnerable adult is not present or does not want to meet with or talk to the visitor, knowing
1927	that communication to be false;
1928	[(B)] (II) physically restraining the vulnerable adult in order to prevent the vulnerable
1929	adult from meeting with a visitor; or
1930	[(C)] (III) making false or misleading statements to the vulnerable adult in order to
1931	induce the vulnerable adult to refuse to receive communication from visitors or other family
1932	members.
1933	[(ii)] (B) "Isolation" does not include an act:
1934	[(A)] (I) intended in good faith to protect the physical or mental welfare of the
1935	vulnerable adult; or
1936	[(B)] (II) performed pursuant to the treatment plan or instructions of a physician or
1937	other professional advisor of the vulnerable adult.
1938	[(n) "Lacks capacity to consent" means an impairment by reason of mental illness,
1939	developmental disability, organic brain disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of
1940	drugs, chronic intoxication, short-term memory loss, or other cause to the extent that a
1941	vulnerable adult lacks sufficient understanding of the nature or consequences of decisions
1942	concerning the adult's person or property.]
1943	[(o)] (x) "Neglect" means:
1944	[(i)] (A) failure of a caretaker to provide nutrition, clothing, shelter, supervision,
1945	personal care, or dental or other health care, or failure to provide protection from health and
1946	safety hazards or maltreatment;
1947	[(ii)] (B) failure of a caretaker to provide care to a vulnerable adult in a timely manner
1948	and with the degree of care that a reasonable person in a like position would exercise;
1949	[(iii)] (C) a pattern of conduct by a caretaker, without the vulnerable adult's informed
1950	consent, resulting in deprivation of food, water, medication, health care, shelter, cooling,
1951	heating, or other services necessary to maintain the vulnerable adult's well being;

1952	[(iv)] (D) intentional failure by a caretaker to carry out a prescribed treatment plan that
1953	results or could result in physical injury or physical harm; or
1954	[(v)] (E) abandonment by a caretaker.
1955	[(p) (i)] (xi) (A) "Physical injury" includes damage to any bodily tissue caused by
1956	nontherapeutic conduct, to the extent that the tissue must undergo a healing process in order to
1957	be restored to a sound and healthy condition, or damage to any bodily tissue to the extent that
1958	the tissue cannot be restored to a sound and healthy condition.
1959	[(ii)] (B) "Physical injury" includes skin bruising, a dislocation, physical pain, illness,
1960	impairment of physical function, a pressure sore, bleeding, malnutrition, dehydration, a burn, a
1961	bone fracture, a subdural hematoma, soft tissue swelling, injury to any internal organ, or any
1962	other physical condition that imperils the health or welfare of the vulnerable adult and is not a
1963	serious physical injury as defined in this section.
1964	$[\frac{q}{q}]$ (xii) "Position of trust and confidence" means the position of a person who:
1965	[(i)] (A) is a parent, spouse, adult child, or other relative of a vulnerable adult;
1966	[(ii)] (B) is a joint tenant or tenant in common with a vulnerable adult;
1967	[(iii)] (C) has a legal or fiduciary relationship with a vulnerable adult, including a
1968	court-appointed or voluntary guardian, trustee, attorney, attorney-in-fact, or conservator; or
1969	[(iv)] (D) is a caretaker of a vulnerable adult.
1970	[(r)] (xiii) "Serious physical injury" means any physical injury or set of physical
1971	injuries that:
1972	[(i)] (A) seriously impairs a vulnerable adult's health;
1973	[(ii)] (B) was caused by use of a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
1974	[(iii)] (C) involves physical torture or causes serious emotional harm to a vulnerable
1975	adult; or
1976	[(iv)] (D) creates a reasonable risk of death.
1977	[(s) "Undue influence" occurs when a person:]
1978	[(i) uses influence to take advantage of a vulnerable adult's mental or physical
1979	impairment; or]
1980	[(ii) uses the person's role, relationship, or power:]
1981	[(A) to exploit, or knowingly assist or cause another to exploit, the trust, dependency,
1982	or fear of a vulnerable adult; or]

1983	[(B) to gain control deceptively over the decision making of the vulnerable adult.]
1984	[(t)] (xiv) "Vulnerable adult" means an elder adult, or a dependent adult who has a
1985	mental or physical impairment which substantially affects that individual's ability to:
1986	[(i)] (A) provide personal protection;
1987	[(ii)] (B) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or medical or other health
1988	care;
1989	[(iii)] (C) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;
1990	[(iv)] (D) carry out the activities of daily living;
1991	[v) manage the adult's own resources; or
1992	[(vi)] (F) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of
1993	abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
1994	[(2) Under any circumstances likely to produce death or serious physical injury, a
1995	person, including a caretaker, who causes a vulnerable adult to suffer serious physical injury or,
1996	having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits that adult's person or health
1997	to be injured, or causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation where the
1998	adult's person or health is endangered, is guilty of the offense of aggravated abuse of a
1999	vulnerable adult as follows:]
2000	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, the offense is a second degree felony;]
2001	[(b) if done recklessly, the offense is third degree felony; and]
2002	[(c) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.]
2003	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2004	[(3) (a) Under] (2) An actor, including a caretaker, commits abuse of a vulnerable
2005	adult if the actor, under circumstances other than those likely to produce death or serious
2006	physical injury[, except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), any person, including a caretaker,
2007	who]:
2008	(a) causes a vulnerable adult to suffer harm, abuse, or neglect[, or,];
2009	(b) having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits that vulnerable
2010	adult's person or health to be injured, abused, or neglected[5]; or
2011	(c) causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation [where the] in which
2012	the vulnerable adult's person or health is endangered[, is guilty of the offense of abuse of a
2013	vulnerable adult as follows:].

2014	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2):
2015	(i) is a class A misdemeanor if done intentionally or knowingly[, the offense is a class
2016	A misdemeanor];
2017	(ii) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly[, the offense is a class B misdemeanor;
2018	and]; or
2019	(iii) is a class C misdemeanor if done with criminal negligence[, the offense is a class
2020	C misdemeanor].
2021	(b) [A] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of [this Subsection (3)]
2022	Subsection (2) that is based on isolation of a vulnerable adult is a third degree felony.
2023	[(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), a caretaker of a vulnerable adult commits the
2024	offense of personal dignity exploitation of the vulnerable adult if the caretaker intentionally,
2025	knowingly, or recklessly:]
2026	[(a) creates, transmits, or displays a photographic or electronic image or recording of
2027	the vulnerable adult:
2028	[(i) to which creation, transmission, or display a reasonable person would not consent;
2029	and]
2030	[(ii) (A) that shows the vulnerable adult's unclothed breasts, buttocks, anus, genitals, or
2031	pubic area;]
2032	[(B) that displays the clothed area of only the vulnerable adult's breasts, buttocks, anus,
2033	genitals, or pubic area; or]
2034	[(C) that shows the vulnerable adult engaged in conduct that is harmful to the mental or
2035	physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult; or]
2036	[(b) causes the vulnerable adult to participate in an act that is highly offensive or
2037	demeaning to the vulnerable adult:
2038	[(i) in which a reasonable person would not participate; or]
2039	[(ii) that is harmful to the mental or physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult.]
2040	[(5) (a) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (4)(a) if the caretaker creates,
2041	transmits, or displays the photographic or electronic image or recording:]
2042	[(i) with the consent of the vulnerable adult, if the vulnerable adult:]
2043	[(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to the creation,
2044	transmission, or display; and]

2045	[(B) gives voluntary consent for the creation, transmission, or display;]
2046	[(ii) for a legitimate purpose relating to monitoring or providing care, treatment, or
2047	diagnosis; or]
2048	[(iii) for a legitimate purpose relating to investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.]
2049	[(b) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (4)(b) if:]
2050	[(i) the vulnerable adult:]
2051	[(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to participate in the act;
2052	and]
2053	[(B) gives voluntary consent to participate in the act; or]
2054	[(ii) the caretaker causes the vulnerable adult to participate in the act for a legitimate
2055	purpose relating to:
2056	[(A) monitoring or providing care, treatment, or diagnosis; or]
2057	[(B) investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.]
2058	[(6) (a) It is a separate offense under Subsection (4)(a) for each vulnerable adult
2059	included in a photographic or electronic image or recording created, transmitted, or displayed
2060	in violation of Subsection (4)(a).]
2061	[(b) It is a separate offense under Subsection (4)(b) for each vulnerable adult caused to
2062	participate in an act in violation of Subsection (4)(b).]
2063	[(7) It is not a defense that the vulnerable adult was unaware of:]
2064	[(a) the creation, transmission, or display prohibited under Subsection (4)(a); or]
2065	[(b) participation in the act, or the nature of participation in the act, under Subsection
2066	<del>(4)(b).</del> ]
2067	[(8) The offense of personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult is:]
2068	[(a) if done intentionally or knowingly, a class A misdemeanor; and]
2069	[(b) if done recklessly, a class B misdemeanor.]
2070	[(9) (a) A person commits the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult
2071	when the person:
2072	[(i) is in a position of trust and confidence, or has a business relationship, with the
2073	vulnerable adult or has undue influence over the vulnerable adult and knowingly, by deception
2074	or intimidation, obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds,
2075	credit, assets, or other property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the

2076	vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the adult's property, for the benefit of
2077	someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2078	[(ii) knows or should know that the vulnerable adult lacks the capacity to consent, and
2079	obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, or assists another in obtaining or using or
2080	endeavoring to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to
2081	temporarily or permanently deprive the vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the
2082	vulnerable adult's property for the benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2083	[(iii) unjustly or improperly uses or manages the resources of a vulnerable adult for the
2084	profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult;]
2085	[(iv) unjustly or improperly uses a vulnerable adult's power of attorney or guardianship
2086	for the profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult; or]
2087	[(v) involves a vulnerable adult who lacks the capacity to consent in the facilitation or
2088	furtherance of any criminal activity.]
2089	[(b) A person is guilty of the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult as
2090	follows:
2091	[(i) if done intentionally or knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or
2092	the profit made is or exceeds \$5,000, the offense is a second degree felony;
2093	[(ii) if done intentionally or knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used on
2094	the profit made is less than \$5,000 or cannot be determined, the offense is a third degree
2095	felony;]
2096	[(iii) if done recklessly, the offense is a class A misdemeanor; or]
2097	[(iv) if done with criminal negligence, the offense is a class B misdemeanor.]
2098	[(10)] (4) (a) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for [any] a violation of
2099	this section that the [accused] actor did not know the age of the [victim] vulnerable adult.
2100	[(11)] (b) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the
2101	reason that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in
2102	lieu of medical care.
2103	[(12)] (5) If an [individual] actor, including a caretaker, violates this section by
2104	willfully isolating a vulnerable adult, in addition to the penalties under Subsection $[(2) \text{ or}]$ (3),
2105	the court may require that the [individual] actor:
2106	(a) undergo appropriate counseling as a condition of the sentence; and

2107	(b) pay for the costs of the ordered counseling.
2108	Section 44. Section <b>76-5-111.2</b> is enacted to read:
2109	76-5-111.2. Aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
2110	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abuse," "caretaker," "isolation," "neglect", "serious
2111	physical injury," and "vulnerable adult" all mean the same as those terms are defined in Section
2112	<u>76-5-111.</u>
2113	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2114	(2) An actor, including a caretaker, commits aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult if
2115	the actor, under a circumstance likely to produce death or serious physical injury:
2116	(a) causes a vulnerable adult to suffer serious physical injury;
2117	(b) having the care or custody of a vulnerable adult, causes or permits the vulnerable
2118	adult's person or health to be injured; or
2119	(c) causes or permits a vulnerable adult to be placed in a situation in which the
2120	vulnerable adult's person or health is endangered.
2121	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or
2122	knowingly.
2123	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done recklessly.
2124	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done with criminal
2125	negligence.
2126	(4) (a) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section
2127	that the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2128	(b) An adult is not considered abused, neglected, or a vulnerable adult for the reason
2129	that the adult has chosen to rely solely upon religious, nonmedical forms of healing in lieu of
2130	medical care.
2131	(5) If an actor, including a caretaker, violates this section by willfully isolating a
2132	vulnerable adult, in addition to the penalties under Subsection (3), the court may require that
2133	the actor:
2134	(a) undergo appropriate counseling as a condition of the sentence; and
2135	(b) pay for the costs of the ordered counseling.
2136	Section 45. Section 76-5-111.3 is enacted to read:
2137	76-5-111.3. Personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult Penalties.

2138	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abuse," "caretaker," "exploitation," "neglect," and
2139	"vulnerable adult" all mean the same as those terms are defined in Section 76-5-111.
2140	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2141	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits personal dignity
2142	exploitation of a vulnerable adult if the actor is a caretaker of a vulnerable adult and
2143	intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly:
2144	(a) creates, transmits, or displays a photographic or electronic image or recording of the
2145	vulnerable adult:
2146	(i) to which creation, transmission, or display a reasonable person would not consent;
2147	<u>and</u>
2148	(ii) (A) that shows the vulnerable adult's unclothed breasts, buttocks, anus, genitals, or
2149	pubic area;
2150	(B) that displays the clothed area of only the vulnerable adult's breasts, buttocks, anus,
2151	genitals, or pubic area; or
2152	(C) that shows the vulnerable adult engaged in conduct that is harmful to the mental or
2153	physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult; or
2154	(b) causes the vulnerable adult to participate in an act that is highly offensive or
2155	demeaning to the vulnerable adult:
2156	(i) in which a reasonable person would not participate; or
2157	(ii) that is harmful to the mental or physical health or safety of the vulnerable adult.
2158	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done intentionally
2159	or knowingly.
2160	(ii) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done recklessly.
2161	(b) (i) It is a separate offense under Subsection (2)(a) for each vulnerable adult
2162	included in a photographic or electronic image or recording created, transmitted, or displayed
2163	in violation of Subsection (2)(a).
2164	(ii) It is a separate offense under Subsection (2)(b) for each vulnerable adult caused to
2165	participate in an act in violation of Subsection (2)(b).
2166	(4) (a) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (2)(a) if the caretaker creates, transmits,
2167	or displays the photographic or electronic image or recording:
2168	(i) with the consent of the vulnerable adult, if the vulnerable adult:

2169	(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to the creation,
2170	transmission, or display; and
2171	(B) gives voluntary consent for the creation, transmission, or display;
2172	(ii) for a legitimate purpose relating to monitoring or providing care, treatment, or
2173	diagnosis; or
2174	(iii) for a legitimate purpose relating to investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
2175	(b) A caretaker does not violate Subsection (2)(b) if:
2176	(i) the vulnerable adult:
2177	(A) is mentally and physically able to give voluntary consent to participate in the act;
2178	<u>and</u>
2179	(B) gives voluntary consent to participate in the act; or
2180	(ii) the caretaker causes the vulnerable adult to participate in the act for a legitimate
2181	purpose relating to:
2182	(A) monitoring or providing care, treatment, or diagnosis; or
2183	(B) investigating abuse, neglect, or exploitation.
2184	(5) (a) It is not a defense that the vulnerable adult was unaware of:
2185	(i) the creation, transmission, or display prohibited under Subsection (2)(a); or
2186	(ii) participation in the act, or the nature of participation in the act, under Subsection
2187	<u>(2)(b).</u>
2188	(b) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that
2189	the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2190	Section 46. Section <b>76-5-111.4</b> is enacted to read:
2191	76-5-111.4. Financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
2192	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2193	(i) "Abuse" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2194	(ii) "Business relationship" means a relationship between two or more individuals or
2195	entities where there exists an oral or written agreement for the exchange of goods or services.
2196	(iii) "Deception" means:
2197	(A) a misrepresentation or concealment:
2198	(I) of a material fact relating to services rendered, disposition of property, or use of
2199	property intended to benefit a vulnerable adult:

2200	(II) of the terms of a contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or
2201	(III) relating to the existing or preexisting condition of any property involved in a
2202	contract or agreement entered into with a vulnerable adult; or
2203	(B) the use or employment of any misrepresentation, false pretense, or false promise in
2204	order to induce, encourage, or solicit a vulnerable adult to enter into a contract or agreement.
2205	(iv) "Endeavor" means to attempt or try.
2206	(v) "Isolation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2207	(vi) "Intimidation" means communication conveyed through verbal or nonverbal
2208	conduct that threatens deprivation of money, food, clothing, medicine, shelter, social
2209	interaction, supervision, health care, or companionship, or that threatens isolation or harm.
2210	(vii) "Lacks capacity to consent" means an impairment by reason of mental illness,
2211	developmental disability, organic brain disorder, physical illness or disability, chronic use of
2212	drugs, chronic intoxication, short-term memory loss, or other cause to the extent that a
2213	vulnerable adult lacks sufficient understanding of the nature or consequences of decisions
2214	concerning the vulnerable adult's person or property.
2215	(viii) "Neglect" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2216	(ix) "Undue influence" occurs when a person:
2217	(A) uses influence to take advantage of a vulnerable adult's mental or physical
2218	impairment; or
2219	(B) uses the person's role, relationship, or power:
2220	(I) to exploit, or knowingly assist or cause another to exploit, the trust, dependency, or
2221	fear of a vulnerable adult; or
2222	(II) to gain control deceptively over the decision making of the vulnerable adult.
2223	(x) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
2224	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2225	(2) An actor commits the offense of financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult if the
2226	actor:
2227	(a) is in a position of trust and confidence, or has a business relationship, with the
2228	vulnerable adult or has undue influence over the vulnerable adult and knowingly, by deception
2229	or intimidation, obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds,
2230	credit, assets, or other property with the intent to temporarily or permanently deprive the

2231	vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the vulnerable adult's property, for the
2232	benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2233	(b) knows or should know that the vulnerable adult lacks the capacity to consent, and
2234	obtains or uses, or endeavors to obtain or use, or assists another in obtaining or using or
2235	endeavoring to obtain or use, the vulnerable adult's funds, assets, or property with the intent to
2236	temporarily or permanently deprive the vulnerable adult of the use, benefit, or possession of the
2237	vulnerable adult's property for the benefit of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2238	(c) unjustly or improperly uses or manages the resources of a vulnerable adult for the
2239	profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult;
2240	(d) unjustly or improperly uses a vulnerable adult's power of attorney or guardianship
2241	for the profit or advantage of someone other than the vulnerable adult; or
2242	(e) involves a vulnerable adult who lacks the capacity to consent in the facilitation or
2243	furtherance of any criminal activity.
2244	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if done intentionally or
2245	knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or the profit made is or exceeds
2246	<u>\$5,000.</u>
2247	(b) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if done intentionally or
2248	knowingly and the aggregate value of the resources used or the profit made is less than \$5,000
2249	or cannot be determined.
2250	(c) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor if done recklessly.
2251	(d) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor if done with criminal
2252	negligence.
2253	(4) It does not constitute a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that
2254	the actor did not know the age of the vulnerable adult.
2255	Section 47. Section <b>76-5-112</b> is amended to read:
2256	76-5-112. Reckless endangerment Penalty.
2257	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2258	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits reckless endangerment if, under circumstances
2259	not amounting to a felony offense, the [person] actor recklessly engages in conduct that creates
2260	a substantial risk of death or serious bodily injury to another [person] individual.
2261	[(2) Reckless endangerment] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A

2262	misdemeanor.
2263	Section 48. Section 76-5-112.5 is amended to read:
2264	76-5-112.5. Endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult.
2265	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2266	[(a) (i)] (i) (A) "Chemical substance" means:
2267	[(A)] (I) a substance intended to be used as a precursor in the manufacture of a
2268	controlled substance;
2269	[(B)] (II) a substance intended to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance;
2270	or
2271	[(C)] (III) any fumes or by-product resulting from the manufacture of a controlled
2272	substance.
2273	[(ii)] (B) Intent under this Subsection (1)(a)(i) may be demonstrated by:
2274	[(A)] (I) the use, quantity, or manner of storage of the substance; or
2275	[(B)] (II) the proximity of the substance to other precursors or to manufacturing
2276	equipment.
2277	[(b)] (ii) "Child" means an individual who is under 18 years [of age] old.
2278	[(c)] (iii) "Controlled substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2279	58-37-2.
2280	[(d)] (iv) "Drug paraphernalia" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2281	58-37a-3.
2282	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ "Exposed to" means that the child or vulnerable adult:
2283	[(i)] (A) is able to access an unlawfully possessed:
2284	[(A)] (I) controlled substance; or
2285	[(B)] (II) chemical substance;
2286	[(ii)] (B) has the reasonable capacity to access drug paraphernalia; or
2287	[(iii)] (C) is able to smell an odor produced during, or as a result of, the manufacture or
2288	production of a controlled substance.
2289	[(f)] (vi) "Prescription" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2290	[(g)] (vii) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in [Subsection
2291	<del>76-5-111(1)</del> ] <u>Section 76-5-111</u> .
2292	[(2) Unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided by law:]

2293	[(a) except as provided in Subsections (2)(b), (c),, and (3), an individual is guilty of a
2294	felony of the third degree if the individual]
2295	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2296	(2) An actor commits endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult if the actor
2297	knowingly or intentionally causes or permits a child or a vulnerable adult to be exposed to,
2298	inhale, ingest, or have contact with a controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug
2299	paraphernalia[;].
2300	[(b) except as provided in Subsection (2)(c) and (3), an individual is guilty of a felony
2301	of the second degree, if:]
2302	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
2303	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree
2304	felony if:
2305	(i) the [individual] actor engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)[(a)]; and
2306	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection $(2)[\frac{(a)}{a}]$ , the child or the
2307	vulnerable adult suffers bodily injury, substantial bodily injury, or serious bodily injury[; or].
2308	[(c) an individual is guilty of a felony of the first degree, if:]
2309	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first
2310	degree felony if:
2311	(i) the [individual] actor engages in the conduct described in Subsection (2)[(a)]; and
2312	(ii) as a result of the conduct described in Subsection $(2)[(a)]$ , the child or the
2313	vulnerable adult dies.
2314	[(3)] (4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection $[(2)]$ (3), a child may not be subjected to
2315	delinquency proceedings for a violation of Subsection (2) unless:
2316	[(a)] (i) the child is 15 years old or older; and
2317	[(b)] (ii) the other child who is exposed to or inhales, ingests, or has contact with the
2318	controlled substance, chemical substance, or drug paraphernalia, is under 12 years old.
2319	[(4)] (b) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of this section that the controlled
2320	substance:
2321	[(a)] (i) was obtained by lawful prescription or in accordance with Title 26, Chapter
2322	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act; and
2323	[(b)] (ii) is used or possessed by the individual to whom the controlled substance was

2324	lawfully prescribed or recommended to under Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis
2325	Act.
2326	(5) The penalties described in this section are separate from, and in addition to, the
2327	penalties and enhancements described in Title 58, Occupations and Professions.
2328	(6) If an offense committed under this section amounts to an offense subject to a
2329	greater penalty under another provision of state law, this section does not prohibit prosecution
2330	and sentencing for the more serious offense.
2331	Section 49. Section 76-5-113 is amended to read:
2332	76-5-113. Surreptitious administration of certain substances Definitions
2333	Penalties Defenses.
2334	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2335	[(a)] (i) "Administer" means the introduction of a substance into the body by injection,
2336	inhalation, ingestion, or by any other means.
2337	[(b)] (ii) "Alcoholic beverage" [has the same meaning as "alcoholic beverage"] means
2338	the same as that term is defined in Section 32B-1-102.
2339	[(c) "Bodily injury" has the same definition as in Section 76-1-601.]
2340	[(d)] (iii) "Controlled substance" [has the same definition as] means the same as that
2341	term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
2342	[(e)] (iv) "Deleterious substance" means a substance which, if administered, would
2343	likely cause bodily injury.
2344	(v) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-23a-1.
2345	[(f)] (vi) "Poisonous" means a substance which, if administered, would likely cause
2346	serious bodily injury or death.
2347	[(g)] (vii) "Prescription drug" [has the same definition as] means the same as that term
2348	is defined in Section 58-17b-102.
2349	[(h)] (viii) "Serious bodily injury" [has the same definition as] means the same as that
2350	term is defined in Section 19-2-115.
2351	$[\frac{(i)}{(ix)}]$ "Substance" means a controlled substance, poisonous substance, or
2352	deleterious substance [as defined in this Subsection (1)].
2353	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2354	(2) [In addition to any other offense the actor's conduct may constitute, it is a criminal

2355	offense for a person] An actor commits surreptitious administration of a certain substance if the
2356	actor, surreptitiously or by means of fraud, deception, or misrepresentation, [to cause another
2357	person] causes an individual to unknowingly consume or receive the administration of:
2358	(a) any poisonous, deleterious, or controlled substance; or
2359	(b) any alcoholic beverage.
2360	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is:
2361	(a) a second degree felony if the substance is a poisonous substance, regardless of
2362	whether the substance is a controlled substance or a prescription drug;
2363	(b) a third degree felony if the substance is not within the scope of Subsection (3)(a),
2364	and is a controlled substance or a prescription drug; [and] or
2365	(c) a class A misdemeanor if the substance is a deleterious substance or an alcoholic
2366	beverage.
2367	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution under Subsection (2) that the actor:
2368	(i) provided the appropriate administration of a prescription drug; and
2369	(ii) acted on the reasonable belief that the actor's conduct was in the best interest of the
2370	well-being of the [person] individual to whom the prescription drug was administered.
2371	(b) (i) The defendant shall file and serve on the prosecuting attorney a notice in writing
2372	of the defendant's intention to claim a defense under Subsection (4)(a) not fewer than 20 days
2373	before the trial.
2374	(ii) The notice shall specifically identify the factual basis for the defense and the names
2375	and addresses of the witnesses the defendant proposes to examine to establish the defense.
2376	(c) (i) The prosecuting attorney shall file and serve the defendant with a notice
2377	containing the names and addresses of the witnesses the prosecutor proposes to examine in
2378	order to contradict or rebut the defendant's claim of an affirmative defense under Subsection
2379	(4)(a).
2380	(ii) This notice shall be filed or served not more than 10 days after receipt of the
2381	defendant's notice under Subsection (4)(b), or at another time as the court may direct.
2382	(d) (i) Failure of a party to comply with the requirements of Subsection (4)(b) or (4)(c)
2383	entitles the opposing party to a continuance to allow for preparation.
2384	(ii) If the court finds that a party's failure to comply is the result of bad faith, it may
2385	impose appropriate sanctions.

2386	(5) (a) This section does not diminish the scope of authorized health care by a health
2387	care provider [as defined in Section 26-23a-1].
2388	(b) Conduct in violation of Subsection (2) may also constitute a separate offense.
2389	Section 50. Section <b>76-5-114</b> , which is renumbered from Section 76-5-109.1 is
2390	renumbered and amended to read:
2391	[ <del>76-5-109.1</del> ]. <u>76-5-114.</u> Commission of domestic violence in the presence of
2392	a child.
2393	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2394	[(a)] (i) "Cohabitant" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term is defined
2395	in Section 78B-7-102.
2396	(ii) "Criminal homicide offense" means an offense listed in Subsection 76-5-201(2).
2397	[(b)] (iii) "Domestic violence" [has the same meaning as] means the same as that term
2398	is defined in Section 77-36-1.
2399	[(e)] (iv) "In the presence of a child" means:
2400	[(i)] (A) in the physical presence of a child; or
2401	[(ii)] (B) having knowledge that a child is present and may see or hear an act of
2402	domestic violence.
2403	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2404	(2) [A person] An actor commits domestic violence in the presence of a child if the
2405	[person] actor:
2406	(a) commits or attempts to commit <u>a</u> criminal homicide[ <del>, as defined in Section</del>
2407	<del>76-5-201,</del> ] offense against a cohabitant in the presence of a child; [or]
2408	(b) intentionally causes serious bodily injury to a cohabitant or uses a dangerous
2409	weapon[, as defined in Section 76-1-601,] or other means or force likely to produce death or
2410	serious bodily injury against a cohabitant, in the presence of a child; or
2411	(c) under circumstances not amounting to a violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b),
2412	commits an act of domestic violence in the presence of a child.
2413	(3) (a) [A person who violates] A violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (b) is [guilty of] a
2414	third degree felony.
2415	(b) [A person who violates] A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is [guilty of] a class B
2416	misdemeanor.

2417	(4) (a) A charge under this section is separate and distinct from, and is in addition to, a
2418	charge of domestic violence [where] in which the victim is the cohabitant.
2419	(b) Either or both charges may be filed by the prosecutor.
2420	(5) [A person] An actor who commits a violation of this section when more than one
2421	child is present is guilty of one offense of domestic violence in the presence of a child
2422	regarding each child present when the violation occurred.
2423	Section 51. Section 76-5-201 is amended to read:
2424	76-5-201. Criminal homicide Designations of offenses Exceptions
2425	Application of consensual altercation defense.
2426	[(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), a person commits criminal
2427	homicide if the person intentionally, knowingly, recklessly, with criminal negligence, or acting
2428	with a mental state otherwise specified in the statute defining the offense, causes the death of
2429	another human being, including an unborn child at any stage of its development.]
2430	[(b) There shall be no cause of action for criminal homicide for the death of an unborn
2431	child caused by an abortion, as defined in Section 76-7-301.]
2432	[(2) Criminal homicide is aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, child abuse
2433	homicide, homicide by assault, negligent homicide, or automobile homicide.]
2434	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abortion" means the same as that term is defined in
2435	Section 76-7-301.
2436	(b) The terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2437	(2) The following are criminal homicide:
2438	(a) aggravated murder;
2439	(b) murder;
2440	(c) manslaughter;
2441	(d) child abuse;
2442	(e) homicide;
2443	(f) homicide by assault;
2444	(g) negligent homicide; and
2445	(h) automobile homicide.
2446	[(3) A person] (3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), an actor is not guilty of criminal
2447	homicide [of an unborn child if] if:

2448	(a) the death of an unborn child is caused by an abortion;
2449	(b) the sole reason for the death of [the] an unborn child is that the [person] actor:
2450	[(a)] (i) refused to consent to:
2451	[(i)] (A) medical treatment; or
2452	[(ii)] (B) a cesarean section; or
2453	[(b)] (ii) failed to follow medical advice[-]; or
2454	[(4) A woman is not guilty of criminal homicide of her own unborn child if the death
2455	of her unborn child:]
2456	(c) a woman causes the death of her own unborn child, and the death:
2457	[(a)] (i) is caused by a criminally negligent act or reckless act of the woman; and
2458	[(b)] (ii) is not caused by an intentional or knowing act of the woman.
2459	(4) The provisions governing a defense of a consensual altercation as described in
2460	Section 76-5-104 apply to this part.
2461	Section 52. Section <b>76-5-202</b> is amended to read:
2462	76-5-202. Aggravated murder Penalties Affirmative defense and special
2463	mitigation Separate offense.
2464	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the actor intentionally or
2465	knowingly causes the death of another under any of the following circumstances:]
2466	[(a) the homicide was committed by a person who is]
2467	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2468	(i) "Correctional officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-13-104.
2469	(ii) "Emergency responder" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2470	<u>53-2b-102.</u>
2471	(iii) "Federal officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53-13-106.
2472	(iv) "Law enforcement officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2473	<u>53-13-103.</u>
2474	(v) "Peace officer" means:
2475	(A) a correctional officer, federal officer, law enforcement officer, or special function
2476	officer; or
2477	(B) any other person who may exercise peace officer authority in accordance with Title
2478	53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications.

2479	(vi) "Special function officer" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2480	<u>53-13-105.</u>
2481	(vii) "Target a law enforcement officer" means an act:
2482	(A) involving the unlawful use of force and violence against a law enforcement officer;
2483	(B) that causes serious bodily injury or death; and
2484	(C) that is in furtherance of political or social objectives in order to intimidate or
2485	coerce a civilian population or to influence or affect the conduct of a government or a unit of
2486	government.
2487	(viii) "Weapon of mass destruction" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2488	<u>76-10-401.</u>
2489	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2490	(2) (a) An actor commits aggravated murder if the actor intentionally or knowingly
2491	causes the death of another individual under any of the following circumstances:
2492	(i) the actor committed homicide while confined in a jail or other correctional
2493	institution;
2494	[(b) the homicide was committed] (ii) (A) the actor committed homicide incident to
2495	one act, scheme, course of conduct, or criminal episode during which two or more [persons]
2496	<u>individuals other than the actor</u> were killed[, or during which the actor attempted to kill one or
2497	more persons in addition to the victim who was killed]; or
2498	(B) the actor, during commission of the homicide, attempted to kill one or more other
2499	individuals in addition to the deceased individual;
2500	[(e)] (iii) the actor knowingly created a great risk of death to [a person] another
2501	individual other than the [victim] deceased individual and the actor;
2502	[(d)] (iv) the actor committed homicide [was committed] incident to an act, scheme,
2503	course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed or attempted to
2504	commit aggravated robbery, robbery, rape, rape of a child, object rape, object rape of a child,
2505	forcible sodomy, sodomy upon a child, forcible sexual abuse, sexual abuse of a child,
2506	aggravated sexual abuse of a child, <u>aggravated</u> child abuse as [defined] described in Subsection
2507	$\left[\frac{76-5-109(2)(a)}{2}\right]$ $\frac{76-5-109.2(3)(a)}{2}$ , or aggravated sexual assault, aggravated arson, arson,
2508	aggravated burglary, burglary, aggravated kidnapping, or kidnapping, or child kidnapping;
2509	[ <del>(e)</del> ] (v) the actor committed homicide [ <del>was committed</del> ] incident to one act, scheme,

2510	course of conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor committed the crime of abuse or
2511	desecration of a dead human body as [defined] described in Subsection 76-9-704(2)(e);
2512	[(f)] (vi) the actor committed homicide [was committed] for the purpose of avoiding or
2513	preventing an arrest of the [defendant] actor or another individual by a peace officer acting
2514	under color of legal authority or for the purpose of effecting the [defendant's or another's]
2515	actor's or another individual's escape from lawful custody;
2516	[(g)] (vii) the actor committed homicide [was committed] for pecuniary gain;
2517	[(h)] (viii) the [defendant] actor committed, [or] engaged, or employed another person
2518	to commit the homicide [pursuant] subject to an agreement or contract for remuneration or the
2519	promise of remuneration for commission of the homicide;
2520	$[\frac{(i)}{(ix)}]$ the actor previously committed or was convicted of:
2521	[(i)] (A) aggravated murder under this section;
2522	[(ii)] (B) attempted aggravated murder under this section;
2523	[(iii)] (C) murder, under Section 76-5-203;
2524	[(iv)] (D) attempted murder, under Section 76-5-203; or
2525	[v) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this state
2526	would be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection $[\frac{(1)(i)}{(2)(a)(ix)};$
2527	$[\frac{(i)}{(i)}]$ (x) the actor was previously convicted of:
2528	[(i)] (A) aggravated assault, [Subsection 76-5-103(2)] under Section 76-5-103;
2529	[(ii)] (B) mayhem, under Section 76-5-105;
2530	[(iii)] (C) kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301;
2531	[(iv)] (D) child kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301.1;
2532	[(v)] (E) aggravated kidnapping, <u>under</u> Section 76-5-302;
2533	[ <del>(vi)</del> ] ( <u>F)</u> rape, <u>under</u> Section 76-5-402;
2534	[(vii)] (G) rape of a child, under Section 76-5-402.1;
2535	[(viii)] (H) object rape, under Section 76-5-402.2;
2536	[(ix)] (I) object rape of a child, <u>under</u> Section 76-5-402.3;
2537	[(x)] (J) forcible sodomy, <u>under</u> Section 76-5-403;
2538	[(xi)] (K) sodomy on a child, <u>under Section 76-5-403.1</u> ;
2539	[(xii)] (L) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, under Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3;
2540	[(xiii)] (M) aggravated sexual assault, under Section 76-5-405;

2541	[(xiv)] (N) aggravated arson, <u>under</u> Section 76-6-103;
2542	[(xv)] (O) aggravated burglary, under Section 76-6-203;
2543	[(xvi)] (P) aggravated robbery, under Section 76-6-302;
2544	[(xvii)] (Q) felony discharge of a firearm, under Section 76-10-508.1; or
2545	[(xviii)] (R) an offense committed in another jurisdiction which if committed in this
2546	state would be a violation of a crime listed in this Subsection $[(1)(j)]$ $(2)(a)(x)$ ;
2547	$[\frac{(k)}{(xi)}]$ the <u>actor committed</u> homicide [was committed] for the purpose of:
2548	[(i)] (A) preventing a witness from testifying;
2549	[(ii)] (B) preventing a person from providing evidence or participating in any legal
2550	proceedings or official investigation;
2551	[(iii)] (C) retaliating against a person for testifying, providing evidence, or participating
2552	in any legal proceedings or official investigation; or
2553	[(iv)] (D) disrupting or hindering any lawful governmental function or enforcement of
2554	laws;
2555	[(1)] (xii) the [victim is or has been] deceased individual was a local, state, or federal
2556	public official, or a candidate for public office, and the homicide is based on, is caused by, or is
2557	related to that official position, act, capacity, or candidacy;
2558	[(m)] (xiii) the [victim is] deceased individual was on duty in a verified position or the
2559	homicide is based on, is caused by, or is related to the [victim's] deceased individual's position,
2560	and the actor knew, or reasonably should have known, that the [victim] deceased individual
2561	holds or has held the position of:
2562	[(i) a law enforcement officer, correctional officer, special function officer, or any
2563	other peace officer as defined in Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer Classifications;]
2564	(A) a peace officer;
2565	[(ii)] (B) an executive officer, prosecuting officer, jailer, or prison official;
2566	[(iii)] (C) a firefighter, search and rescue personnel, emergency medical personnel,
2567	ambulance personnel, or any other emergency responder [as defined in Section 53-2b-102];
2568	[(iv)] (D) a judge or other court official, juror, probation officer, or parole officer; or
2569	[(v)] (E) a security officer contracted to secure, guard, or otherwise protect tangible
2570	personal property, real property, or the life and well-being of human or animal life in the area
2571	of the offense;

2572	[(n)] (xiv) the actor committed homicide [was committed]:
2573	[(i)] (A) by means of a destructive device, bomb, explosive, incendiary device, or
2574	similar device which was planted, hidden, or concealed in any place, area, dwelling, building,
2575	or structure, or was mailed or delivered;
2576	[(ii)] (B) by means of any weapon of mass destruction [as defined in Section
2577	<del>76-10-401</del> ]; or
2578	[(iii)] (C) to target a law enforcement officer [as defined in Section 76-5-210];
2579	[(o)] (xv) the actor committed homicide [was committed] during the act of unlawfully
2580	assuming control of [any] an aircraft, train, or other public conveyance by use of threats or
2581	force with intent to:
2582	(A) obtain any valuable consideration for the release of the public conveyance or any
2583	passenger, crew member, or any other person aboard[, or to];
2584	(B) direct the route or movement of the public conveyance; or
2585	(C) otherwise exert control over the public conveyance;
2586	[(p)] (xvi) the actor committed homicide [was committed] by means of the
2587	administration of a poison or of any lethal substance or of any substance administered in a
2588	lethal amount, dosage, or quantity;
2589	[ <del>(q)</del> ] (xvii) the [victim] deceased individual was [a person] held or otherwise detained
2590	as a shield, hostage, or for ransom;
2591	[(r)] (xviii) the actor committed homicide [was committed] in an especially heinous,
2592	atrocious, cruel, or exceptionally depraved manner, any of which must be demonstrated by
2593	physical torture, serious physical abuse, or serious bodily injury of the [victim] deceased
2594	individual before death;
2595	[(s)] (xix) the actor dismembers, mutilates, or disfigures the [victim's] deceased
2596	individual's body, whether before or after death, in a manner demonstrating the actor's
2597	depravity of mind; or
2598	[(t)] (xx) the [victim] deceased individual, at the time of the death of the [victim]
2599	deceased individual:
2600	$[\frac{(i)}{A}]$ was younger than 14 years $[\frac{of age}{old}]$ and
2601	[(ii)] (B) was not an unborn child.
2602	[(2) Criminal homicide constitutes aggravated murder if the]

2603	(b) An actor commits aggravated murder if the actor, with reckless indifference to
2604	human life, causes the death of another individual incident to an act, scheme, course of
2605	conduct, or criminal episode during which the actor is a major participant in the commission or
2606	attempted commission of:
2607	[(a)] (i) aggravated child abuse, punishable as a felony of the second degree under
2608	Subsection [ <del>76-5-109(2)(a)</del> ] <u>76-5-109.2(3)(a)</u> ;
2609	[(b)] (ii) child kidnapping, under Section 76-5-301.1;
2610	[(e)] (iii) rape of a child, under Section 76-5-402.1;
2611	[(d)] (iv) object rape of a child, <u>under Section 76-5-402.3</u> ;
2612	[(e)] (v) sodomy on a child, under Section 76-5-403.1; or
2613	[(f)] (vi) sexual abuse or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, under Section 76-5-404.1.
2614	(3) (a) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has been filed, [aggravated murder]
2615	a violation of Subsection (2) is a capital felony.
2616	(b) If a notice of intent to seek the death penalty has not been filed, aggravated murder
2617	is a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in Section 76-3-207.7.
2618	(c) (i) Within 60 days after arraignment of the defendant, the prosecutor may file notice
2619	of intent to seek the death penalty.
2620	(ii) The notice shall be served on the defendant or defense counsel and filed with the
2621	court.
2622	[(ii)] (iii) Notice of intent to seek the death penalty may be served and filed more than
2623	60 days after the arraignment upon written stipulation of the parties or upon a finding by the
2624	court of good cause.
2625	(d) Without the consent of the prosecutor, the court may not accept a plea of guilty to
2626	noncapital first degree felony aggravated murder during the period in which the prosecutor may
2627	file a notice of intent to seek the death penalty under Subsection (3)(c)(i).
2628	(e) If the defendant was younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time the offense was
2629	committed, aggravated murder is a noncapital first degree felony punishable as provided in
2630	Section 76-3-207.7.
2631	(f) (i) If the trier of fact finds the elements of aggravated murder, or alternatively,
2632	attempted aggravated murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable
2633	doubt, and also finds that the existence of special mitigation is established by a preponderance

2634	of the evidence and in accordance with Section 76-5-205.5, the actor:
2635	(A) is guilty of a first degree felony; and
2636	(B) shall be sentenced in accordance with the sentencing provisions of Subsection
2637	76-5-203(3)(b).
2638	(ii) If the trier of fact finds that special mitigation is not established in accordance with
2639	Section 76-5-205.5, the trier of fact shall convict the defendant of aggravated murder or
2640	attempted aggravated murder, respectively.
2641	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of aggravated murder or attempted
2642	aggravated murder that the [defendant] actor caused the death of another or attempted to cause
2643	the death of another under a reasonable belief that the circumstances provided a legal
2644	justification or excuse for the conduct although the conduct was not legally justifiable or
2645	excusable under the existing circumstances.
2646	(b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined from
2647	the viewpoint of a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.
2648	(c) [This] The affirmative defense described in Subsection (4)(a) reduces charges only
2649	as follows:
2650	(i) aggravated murder to murder; and
2651	(ii) attempted aggravated murder to attempted murder.
2652	(5) (a) Any aggravating circumstance described in Subsection [(1) or] (2) that
2653	constitutes a separate offense does not merge with the crime of aggravated murder.
2654	(b) [A person] An actor who is convicted of aggravated murder, based on an
2655	aggravating circumstance described in Subsection [(1) or] (2) that constitutes a separate
2656	offense, may also be convicted of, and punished for, the separate offense.
2657	Section 53. Section <b>76-5-203</b> is amended to read:
2658	76-5-203. Murder Penalties Affirmative defense and special mitigation
2659	Separate offenses.
2660	(1) (a) As used in this section, "predicate offense" means:
2661	[(a)] (i) a clandestine drug lab violation under Section 58-37d-4 or 58-37d-5;
2662	[(b)] (ii) aggravated child abuse, under Subsection [76-5-109(2)(a)] 76-5-109.2(3)(a),
2663	when the [victim] abused individual is younger than 18 years [of age] old;
2664	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (iii) kidnapping under Section 76-5-301;

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                [(d)] (iv) child kidnapping under Section 76-5-301.1;
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                [(e)] (v) aggravated kidnapping under Section 76-5-302;
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                (vi) rape under Section 76-5-402;
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                [<del>(f)</del>] (vii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
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                (viii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
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                \left[\frac{g}{g}\right] (ix) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
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                (x) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
                [(h)] (xi) sodomy upon a child under Section 76-5-403.1:
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                [(ii)] (xii) forcible sexual abuse under Section 76-5-404;
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                [(i)] (xiii) sexual abuse of a child [or aggravated sexual abuse of a child] under Section
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        76-5-404.1;
                (k) rape under Section 76-5-402;
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                (1) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
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                [(m) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;]
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                (xiv) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.3;
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                [(n)] (xv) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
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                [(o)] (xvi) arson under Section 76-6-102;
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                [(p)] (xvii) aggravated arson under Section 76-6-103;
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                [<del>(q)</del>] (xviii) burglary under Section 76-6-202;
                [(r)] (xix) aggravated burglary under Section 76-6-203;
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                \frac{(s)}{(xx)} robbery under Section 76-6-301;
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                [tt] (xxi) aggravated robbery under Section 76-6-302;
                [<del>(u)</del>] (xxii) escape or aggravated escape under Section 76-8-309; or
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                [<del>(v)</del>] (xxiii) a felony violation of Section 76-10-508 or 76-10-508.1 regarding discharge
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        of a firearm or dangerous weapon.
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                (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
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                (2) [Criminal homicide constitutes] An actor commits murder if:
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                (a) the actor intentionally or knowingly causes the death of another individual;
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                (b) intending to cause serious bodily injury to another individual, the actor commits an
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        act clearly dangerous to human life that causes the death of [another] the other individual;
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                (c) acting under circumstances evidencing a depraved indifference to human life, the
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2696 actor knowingly engages in conduct [which] that creates a grave risk of death to another 2697 individual and thereby causes the death of [another] the other individual; 2698 (d) (i) the actor is engaged in the commission, attempted commission, or immediate 2699 flight from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense, or is a party to 2700 the predicate offense; 2701 (ii) [a person] an individual other than a party [as defined] described in Section 2702 76-2-202 is killed in the course of the commission, attempted commission, or immediate flight 2703 from the commission or attempted commission of any predicate offense; and 2704 (iii) the actor acted with the intent required as an element of the predicate offense; 2705 (e) the actor recklessly causes the death of a peace officer or military service member 2706 in uniform while in the commission or attempted commission of: 2707 (i) an assault against a peace officer under Section 76-5-102.4; 2708 (ii) interference with a peace officer while making a lawful arrest under Section 2709 76-8-305 if the actor uses force against  $\left[\frac{1}{a}\right]$  the peace officer; or 2710 (iii) an assault against a military service member in uniform under Section 76-5-102.4; 2711 (f) the actor commits a homicide [which] that would be aggravated murder, but the 2712 offense is reduced [pursuant to] in accordance with Subsection 76-5-202(4); or (g) the actor commits aggravated murder, but special mitigation is established under 2713 2714 Section 76-5-205.5. 2715 (3) (a) [Murder] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony. 2716 (b) [A person] A defendant who is convicted of murder shall be sentenced to

imprisonment for an indeterminate term of not less than 15 years and which may be for life.

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- (4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of murder or attempted murder that the defendant caused the death of another individual or attempted to cause the death of another individual under a reasonable belief that the circumstances provided a legal justification or excuse for the conduct although the conduct was not legally justifiable or excusable under the existing circumstances.
- 2723 (b) The reasonable belief of the actor under Subsection (4)(a) shall be determined from 2724 the viewpoint of a reasonable person under the then existing circumstances.
- (c) [This] The affirmative defense described in Subsection (4)(a) reduces charges only 2725 2726 from:

2727	(i) murder to manslaughter; and
2728	(ii) attempted murder to attempted manslaughter.
2729	(d) (i) If the trier of fact finds the elements of murder, or alternatively, attempted
2730	murder, as described in this section are proved beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds that
2731	the existence of special mitigation is established by a preponderance of the evidence and in
2732	accordance with Section 76-5-205.5, the actor is guilty of a felony of the second degree.
2733	(ii) If the trier of fact finds that special mitigation is not established in accordance with
2734	Section 76-5-205.5, the trier of fact shall convict the defendant of murder or attempted murder,
2735	respectively.
2736	(5) (a) Any predicate offense [described in Subsection (1)] that constitutes a separate
2737	offense does not merge with the crime of murder.
2738	(b) [A person] An actor who is convicted of murder, based on a predicate offense
2739	[described in Subsection (1)] that constitutes a separate offense, may also be convicted of, and
2740	punished for, the separate offense.
2741	Section 54. Section 76-5-205 is amended to read:
2742	76-5-205. Manslaughter Penalties.
2743	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2744	[(a)] (i) $(A)$ "Aid" means the act of providing the physical means.
2745	[(ii)] (B) "Aid" does not include the withholding or withdrawal of life sustaining
2746	treatment procedures to the extent allowed under Title 75, Chapter 2a, Advance Health Care
2747	Directive Act, or any other laws of this state.
2748	[(b)] (ii) "Practitioner" means an individual currently licensed, registered, or otherwise
2749	authorized by law to administer, dispense, distribute, or prescribe medications or procedures in
2750	the course of professional practice.
2751	[(e)] (iii) "Provides" means to administer, prescribe, distribute, or dispense.
2752	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2753	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (5), [criminal homicide constitutes manslaughter
2754	if the actor an actor commits manslaughter if the actor:
2755	(a) recklessly causes the death of another <u>individual</u> ;
2756	(b) intentionally, and with knowledge that another individual intends to commit suicide
2757	or attempt to commit suicide, aids the [other] individual to commit suicide; or

2758	(c) commits a homicide which would be murder, but the offense is reduced [pursuant
2759	to] in accordance with Subsection 76-5-203(4)[; or].
2760	[(d) commits murder, but special mitigation is established under Section 76-5-205.5.]
2761	(3) [Manslaughter] A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the second degree.
2762	(4) (a) In addition to the penalty described under this section or any other section,[-an
2763	individual] a defendant who is convicted of violating this section shall have the [individual's]
2764	defendant's driver license revoked under Section 53-3-220 if the death of another individual
2765	results from driving a motor vehicle.
2766	(b) The court shall forward the report of the conviction resulting from driving a motor
2767	vehicle to the Driver License Division in accordance with Section 53-3-218.
2768	(5) (a) A practitioner does not violate Subsection (2)(b) if the practitioner provides
2769	medication or a procedure to treat an individual's illness or relieve an individual's pain or
2770	discomfort, regardless of whether the medication or procedure may hasten or increase the risk
2771	of death to the individual to whom the practitioner provides the medication or procedure[,
2772	unless].
2773	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a practitioner violates Subsection (2)(b) if the
2774	practitioner intentionally and knowingly provides the medication or procedure to aid the
2775	individual to commit suicide or attempt to commit suicide.
2776	Section 55. Section 76-5-205.5 is amended to read:
2777	76-5-205.5. Special mitigation for mental illness or provocation Burden of
2778	proof Charge reduction.
2779	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2780	[(a)] (i) (A) "Extreme emotional distress" means an overwhelming reaction of anger,
2781	shock, or grief that:
2782	[(A)] (I) causes the defendant to be incapable of reflection and restraint; and
2783	[(B)] (II) would cause an objectively reasonable person to be incapable of reflection
2784	and restraint.
2785	[(ii)] (B) "Extreme emotional distress" does not include:
2786	[(A)] (I) a condition resulting from mental illness; or
2787	[(B)] (II) distress that is substantially caused by the defendant's own conduct.
2788	[(b)] (ii) "Mental illness" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-2-305.

2789 (b) The terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section. 2790 (2) Special mitigation exists when a defendant causes the death of another individual or 2791 attempts to cause the death of another individual: 2792 (a) (i) under circumstances that are not legally justified, but the defendant acts under a 2793 delusion attributable to a mental illness: 2794 (ii) the nature of the delusion is such that, if the facts existed as the defendant believed 2795 them to be in the delusional state, those facts would provide a legal justification for the 2796 defendant's conduct; and 2797 (iii) the defendant's actions, in light of the delusion, are reasonable from the objective 2798 viewpoint of a reasonable person; or 2799 (b) except as provided in Subsection (4), under the influence of extreme emotional 2800 distress that is predominantly caused by the victim's highly provoking act immediately 2801 preceding the defendant's actions. 2802 (3) A defendant who is under the influence of voluntarily consumed, injected, or ingested alcohol, controlled substances, or volatile substances at the time of the alleged offense 2803 2804 may not claim mitigation of the offense under Subsection (2)(a) on the basis of mental illness if 2805 the alcohol or substance causes, triggers, or substantially contributes to the defendant's mental 2806 illness. 2807 (4) A defendant may not claim special mitigation under Subsection (2)(b) if: 2808 (a) the time period after the victim's highly provoking act and before the defendant's 2809 actions was long enough for an objectively reasonable person to have recovered from the 2810 extreme emotional distress; 2811 (b) the defendant responded to the victim's highly provoking act by inflicting serious or 2812 substantial bodily injury on the victim over a prolonged period, or by inflicting torture on the 2813 victim, regardless of whether the victim was conscious during the infliction of serious or 2814 substantial bodily injury or torture; or 2815 (c) the victim's highly provoking act, described in Subsection (2)(b), is comprised of 2816 words alone. 2817 (5) (a) If the trier of fact finds that the elements of an offense described in Subsection

mitigation under this section is established by a preponderance of the evidence, the trier of fact

(5)(b) are proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and also finds that the existence of special

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2820	shall return a verdict on the reduced charge as provided in Subsection (5)(b).]
2821	[(b) If under Subsection (5)(a) the offense is:]
2822	[(i) aggravated murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of murder;]
2823	[(ii) attempted aggravated murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of
2824	attempted murder;]
2825	[(iii) murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of manslaughter; or]
2826	[(iv) attempted murder, the defendant shall instead be found guilty of attempted
2827	manslaughter.]
2828	[(c) If the trier of fact finds that special mitigation is not established under this section,
2829	the trier of fact shall convict the defendant of the offense for which the prosecution proves all
2830	the elements beyond a reasonable doubt.]
2831	[(6)] (5) (a) If a jury is the trier of fact, a unanimous vote of the jury is required to
2832	establish the existence of the special mitigation under this section.
2833	(b) If the jury finds special mitigation by a unanimous vote, the jury shall return a
2834	verdict on the reduced charge [as provided in Subsection (5)] in accordance with the criminal
2835	homicide statute under which the defendant is charged.
2836	(c) If the jury finds by a unanimous vote that special mitigation is not established, or if
2837	the jury is unable to unanimously agree special mitigation is established, the jury shall convict
2838	the defendant of the greater offense for which the prosecution proves all the elements beyond a
2839	reasonable doubt.
2840	[(7)] (6) (a) If the issue of special mitigation is submitted to the trier of fact, the trier of
2841	fact shall return a special verdict indicating whether the existence of special mitigation is
2842	found.
2843	(b) The trier of fact shall return the special verdict at the same time as the general
2844	verdict, to indicate the basis for the general verdict.
2845	[(8) Special mitigation under this section does not, in any case, reduce the level of an
2846	offense by more than one degree from that offense, the elements of which the evidence proves
2847	beyond a reasonable doubt.]
2848	Section 56. Section 76-5-206 is amended to read:
2849	76-5-206. Negligent homicide Penalties.
2850	(1) Definitions of terms in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

2851	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes negligent homicide] (2) An actor commits
2852	negligent homicide if the actor, acting with criminal negligence, causes the death of another
2853	individual.
2854	[(2) Negligent homicide] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
2855	[(3)] (4) (a) In addition to the penalty provided under this section or any other section,
2856	[a person] a defendant who is convicted of violating this section shall have the [person's]
2857	defendant's driver license revoked under Section 53-3-220 if the death of another [person]
2858	individual results from driving a motor vehicle.
2859	(b) The court shall forward the report of the conviction to the Driver License Division
2860	in accordance with Section 53-3-218.
2861	Section 57. Section 76-5-207 is amended to read:
2862	76-5-207. Automobile homicide Penalties Evidence.
2863	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2864	(i) "Criminally negligent" means the same as that term is described in Subsection
2865	<u>76-2-103(4).</u>
2866	[(a)] (ii) "Drug" or "drugs" means:
2867	[(i)] (A) a controlled substance as defined in Section 58-37-2;
2868	[(ii)] (B) a drug as defined in Section 58-17b-102; or
2869	[(iii)] (C) any substance that, when knowingly, intentionally, or recklessly taken into
2870	the human body, can impair the ability of [a person] an individual to safely operate a motor
2871	vehicle.
2872	[(b)] (iii) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle and includes any
2873	automobile, truck, van, motorcycle, train, engine, watercraft, or aircraft.
2874	[(2) (a) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a third degree felony, if the person]
2875	(iv) "Negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to exercise that degree of care
2876	that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar circumstances.
2877	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2878	(2) An actor commits automobile homicide if the actor:
2879	(a) operates a motor vehicle in a negligent or criminally negligent manner causing the
2880	death of another <u>individual</u> ; and[:]
2881	(b) (i) has sufficient alcohol in [his] the actor's body that a subsequent chemical test

2882	shows that the [person] actor has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or
2883	greater at the time of the test;
2884	(ii) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol
2885	and any drug to a degree that renders the [person] actor incapable of safely operating a vehicle
2886	or
2887	(iii) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of
2888	operation.
2889	[(b) A conviction for a violation of this Subsection (2) is a second degree felony if it is
2890	subsequent to a conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2).
2891	[(c) As used in this Subsection (2), "negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to
2892	exercise that degree of care that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar
2893	circumstances.]
2894	[(3) (a) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a second degree felony, if the
2895	person operates a motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner causing the death of another
2896	and:]
2897	[(i) has sufficient alcohol in his body that a subsequent chemical test shows that the
2898	person has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of the
2899	test;]
2900	[(ii) is under the influence of alcohol, any drug, or the combined influence of alcohol
2901	and any drug to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely operating a vehicle; or]
2902	[(iii) has a blood or breath alcohol concentration of .05 grams or greater at the time of
2903	operation.]
2904	[(b) As used in this Subsection (3), "criminally negligent" means criminal negligence
2905	as defined by Subsection 76-2-103(4).]
2906	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony if the actor operated a
2907	motor vehicle in a negligent manner.
2908	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2) is a second
2909	degree felony if the actor operated the motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner.
2910	(iii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i) or (ii), a violation of Subsection (2) is a
2911	second degree felony if:
2912	(A) the actor operated a motor vehicle in a negligent manner; and

2913	(B) conviction for the violation is subsequent to a conviction as defined in Subsection
2914	41-6a-501(2)(a).
2915	(b) An actor is guilty of a separate offense for each individual other than the actor
2916	suffering bodily injury or serious bodily injury, whether or not the injuries arise from the same
2917	episode of driving, as a result of the actor's violation of Section 41-6a-502 or death as a result
2918	of the actor's violation of this section.
2919	(4) The fact that an actor charged with violating this section is or has been legally
2920	entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.
2921	[(4)] (5) (a) The standards for chemical breath analysis as provided by Section
2922	41-6a-515 and the provisions for the admissibility of chemical test results as provided by
2923	Section 41-6a-516 apply to determination and proof of blood alcohol content under this
2924	section.
2925	[(5)] (b) Calculations of blood or breath alcohol concentration under this section shall
2926	be made in accordance with Subsection 41-6a-502(1).
2927	[(6) The fact that a person charged with violating this section is or has been legally
2928	entitled to use alcohol or a drug is not a defense.]
2929	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (6) Evidence of a defendant's blood or breath alcohol content or drug content is
2930	admissible except when prohibited by Rules of Evidence or the constitution.
2931	[(8) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering bodily injury or
2932	serious bodily injury as a result of the person's violation of Section 41-6a-502 or death as a
2933	result of the person's violation of this section whether or not the injuries arise from the same
2934	episode of driving.]
2935	Section 58. Section 76-5-207.5 is amended to read:
2936	76-5-207.5. Automobile homicide involving a handheld wireless communication
2937	device while driving.
2938	(1) (a) As used in this section:
2939	[(a)] (i) "Criminally negligent" means [criminal negligence as defined by] the same as
2940	that term is described in Subsection 76-2-103(4).
2941	[(b)] (ii) "Handheld wireless communication device" [has the same meaning as] means
2942	the same as that term is defined in Section 41-6a-1716.
2943	[(e)] (iii) "Motor vehicle" means any self-propelled vehicle and includes any

2944	automobile, truck, van, motorcycle, train, engine, watercraft, or aircraft.
2945	[(d)] (iv) "Negligent" means simple negligence, the failure to exercise that degree of
2946	care that reasonable and prudent persons exercise under like or similar circumstances.
2947	[(2) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a third degree felony, if the person]
2948	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2949	(2) An actor commits automobile homicide if the actor:
2950	(a) operates a moving motor vehicle:
2951	(i) (A) in a negligent manner[÷]; or
2952	(B) in a criminally negligent manner; and
2953	[(a)] (ii) while using a handheld wireless communication device in violation of Section
2954	41-6a-1716; and
2955	(b) [causing] causes the death of another [person] individual.
2956	[(3) Criminal homicide is automobile homicide, a second degree felony, if the person
2957	operates a moving motor vehicle in a criminally negligent manner:
2958	[(a) while using a handheld wireless communication device in violation of Section
2959	<del>41-6a-1716; and</del> ]
2960	[(b) causing the death of another person.]
2961	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) is a third degree felony.
2962	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) is a second degree felony.
2963	Section 59. Section 76-5-208 is amended to read:
2964	76-5-208. Child abuse homicide Penalties.
2965	[(1) Criminal homicide constitutes child abuse homicide if, under circumstances not
2966	amounting to aggravated murder, as described in Section 76-5-202,
2967	(1) (a) As used in this section, "child abuse" means an offense described in Sections
2968	76-5-109, 76-5-109.2, 76-5-109.3, and 76-5-114.
2969	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2970	(2) Unless a violation amounts to aggravated murder as described in Section 76-5-202,
2971	an actor commits child abuse homicide if:
2972	(a) (i) the actor causes the death of [a person under] another individual who is younger
2973	than 18 years [of age] old; and
2974	(ii) the individual's death results from child abuse, as defined in Subsection

2975	<del>76-5-109(1):</del> ] <u>: and</u>
2976	$[\frac{a}{a}]$ if $[\frac{b}{a}]$ the child abuse is done recklessly under Subsection $[\frac{76-5-109(2)(b)}{2}]$
2977	<u>76-5-109.2(3)(b);</u>
2978	[(b) if] (ii) the child abuse is done with criminal negligence under Subsection
2979	[76-5-109(2)(c)] $76-5-109.2(3)(c)$ ; or
2980	[(c) if,] (iii) under circumstances not amounting to the type of child abuse homicide
2981	described in Subsection $[\frac{(1)(a)}{2}]$ $\underline{(2)(b)(i)}$ , the child abuse is done intentionally, knowingly,
2982	recklessly, or with criminal negligence, under Subsection 76-5-109(3)(a), (b), or (c).
2983	[(2) Child abuse homicide as described in] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection [(1)(a)]
2984	(2)(b)(i) is a first degree felony.
2985	[(3) Child abuse homicide as described in Subsections (1)(b) and (c)]
2986	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(ii) or (iii) is a second degree felony.
2987	Section 60. Section 76-5-209 is amended to read:
2988	76-5-209. Homicide by assault Penalty.
2989	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
2990	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits homicide by assault if, under circumstances no
2991	amounting to aggravated murder, murder, or manslaughter[, a person]:
2992	(a) the actor causes the death of another individual; and
2993	(b) the actor causes the other individual's death while intentionally or knowingly
2994	attempting, with unlawful force or violence, to do bodily injury to [another] the other
2995	individual.
2996	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$ Homicide by assault is a third degree felony.
2997	Section 61. Section 76-5-301 is amended to read:
2998	76-5-301. Kidnapping.
2999	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3000	(i) "Against the will of an individual" includes without the consent of the legal
3001	guardian, caretaker, or custodian of an individual who is a dependent adult.
3002	(ii) "Dependent adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-111.
3003	(iii) "Minor" means an individual who is 14 years old or older but younger than 18
3004	years old.
3005	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

3006	[(1)] (2) An actor commits kidnapping if the actor intentionally or knowingly, without
3007	authority of law, and against the will of [the victim] an individual:
3008	(a) detains or restrains the [victim] individual for any substantial period of time;
3009	(b) detains or restrains the [victim] individual in circumstances exposing the [victim]
3010	individual to risk of bodily injury;
3011	(c) holds the [victim] individual in involuntary servitude;
3012	(d) detains or restrains a minor without the consent of the minor's parent or legal
3013	guardian or the consent of a person acting in loco parentis[, if the minor is 14 years of age or
3014	older but younger than 18 years of age]; or
3015	(e) moves the [victim] individual any substantial distance or across a state line.
3016	[(2) As used in this section, acting "against the will of the victim" includes acting
3017	without the consent of the legal guardian or custodian of a victim who is a mentally
3018	incompetent person.]
3019	(3) [Kidnapping] A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3020	Section 62. Section 76-5-301.1 is amended to read:
3021	76-5-301.1. Child kidnapping.
3022	(1) (a) As used in this section, "child" means an individual under 14 years old.
3023	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3024	[(1)] (2) An actor commits child kidnapping if the actor intentionally or knowingly,
3025	without authority of law, and by any means and in any manner, seizes, confines, detains, or
3026	transports a child [under the age of 14] without the consent of the [victim's] child's parent or
3027	guardian, or the consent of a person acting in loco parentis.
3028	[(2) Violation of Section 76-5-303 is not a violation of this section.]
3029	(3) [Child kidnapping] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony
3030	[punishable by a term of imprisonment of:].
3031	(4) An actor convicted of a violation of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment
3032	<u>of:</u>
3033	(a) except as provided in Subsection $[(3)]$ $(4)$ (b), $[(3)]$ $(4)$ (c), or $[(4)]$ $(5)$ , not less than
3034	15 years and which may be for life;
3035	(b) except as provided in Subsection [ $(3)$ ] $(4)$ (c) or [ $(4)$ ] $(5)$ , life without parole, if the
3036	trier of fact finds that during the course of the commission of the child kidnapping the

3037	[defendant] actor caused serious bodily injury to another; or
3038	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3039	child kidnapping the [defendant] actor was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3040	[(4)] (5) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) or (b), a court finds
3041	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [ $(3)$ ] $(4)$ (a) or (b) is in the interests of
3042	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
3043	imprisonment of not less than:
3044	(a) for purposes of Subsection $[(3)]$ $(4)$ (b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
3045	(b) for purposes of Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) or (b):
3046	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3047	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
3048	$[\underbrace{(5)}]$ (6) The provisions of Subsection $[\underbrace{(4)}]$ (5) do not apply when a person is
3049	sentenced under Subsection $[(3)]$ $(4)$ (c).
3050	[(6)] (7) Subsections $[(3)]$ (4)(b) and $[(3)]$ (4)(c) do not apply if the defendant was
3051	younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3052	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (8) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3053	76-3-406.
3054	(9) A violation of Section 76-5-303 is not a violation of this section.
3055	Section 63. Section <b>76-5-302</b> is amended to read:
3056	76-5-302. Aggravated kidnapping.
3057	(1) (a) As used in this section, "in the course of committing unlawful detention or
3058	kidnapping" means in the course of committing, attempting to commit, or in the immediate
3059	flight after the attempt or commission of a violation of:
3060	(i) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping; or
3061	(ii) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention.
3062	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3063	[(1)] (2) An actor commits aggravated kidnapping if the actor, in the course of
3064	committing unlawful detention or kidnapping:
3065	(a) uses or threatens to use a dangerous weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601]; or
3066	(b) acts with the intent to:
3067	(i) [to] hold the victim for ransom or reward, [or] as a shield or hostage, or to compel a

3068 third person to engage in particular conduct or to forbear from engaging in particular conduct; 3069 (ii) [to] facilitate the commission, attempted commission, or flight after commission or 3070 attempted commission of a felony; 3071 (iii) [to] hinder or delay the discovery of or reporting of a felony: 3072 (iv) [to] inflict bodily injury on or to terrorize the victim or another individual; 3073 (v) [to] interfere with the performance of any governmental or political function; or 3074 (vi) [to] commit a sexual offense as described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual 3075 Offenses. 3076 [(2) As used in this section, "in the course of committing unlawful detention or 3077 kidnapping" means in the course of committing, attempting to commit, or in the immediate 3078 flight after the attempt or commission of a violation of: 3079 [(a) Section 76-5-301, kidnapping; or] 3080 [(b) Section 76-5-304, unlawful detention.] [(3) Aggravated kidnapping] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) in the course of 3081 3082 committing unlawful detention is a third degree felony. 3083 [(4) Aggravated kidnapping] (b) A violation of Subsection (2) in the course of 3084 committing kidnapping is a first degree felony [punishable by a term of imprisonment of:]. 3085 (4) An actor convicted of a violation of this section shall be sentenced to imprisonment 3086 of: 3087 (a) except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), (4)(c), or (5), not less than 15 years and 3088 which may be for life; 3089 (b) except as provided in Subsection (4)(c) or (5), life without parole, if the trier of fact 3090 finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated kidnapping the defendant 3091 caused serious bodily injury to the victim or another individual; or 3092 (c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the 3093 aggravated kidnapping, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense. 3094 (5) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (4)(a) or (b), a court finds that a 3095 lesser term than the term described in Subsection (4)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and 3096 states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment 3097 of not less than: 3098 (a) for purposes of Subsection (4)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or

3099	(b) for purposes of Subsection (4)(a) or (b):
3100	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3101	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
3102	(6) The provisions of Subsection (5) do not apply when a [person] defendant is
3103	sentenced under Subsection (4)(c).
3104	(7) Subsections (4)(b) and (c) do not apply if the [defendant] actor was younger than 18
3105	years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3106	(8) Imprisonment under Subsection (4) is mandatory in accordance with Section
3107	76-3-406.
3108	Section 64. Section <b>76-5-303</b> is amended to read:
3109	76-5-303. Custodial interference.
3110	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3111	[(a)] (i) "Child" means [a person] an individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
3112	[(b)] (ii) "Custody" means court-ordered physical custody entered by a court of
3113	competent jurisdiction.
3114	[(c)] (iii) "Visitation" means court-ordered parent-time or visitation entered by a court
3115	of competent jurisdiction.
3116	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3117	(2) (a) [A person] An actor who is entitled to custody of a child [is guilty of] commits
3118	custodial interference if, during a period of time when another [person] individual is entitled to
3119	visitation of the child, the [person] actor takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child
3120	from the [person] individual entitled to visitation of the child, with the intent to interfere with
3121	the visitation of the child.
3122	(b) [A person] An actor who is entitled to visitation of a child [is guilty of] commits
3123	custodial interference if, during a period of time when the [person] individual is not entitled to
3124	visitation of the child, the [person] actor takes, entices, conceals, detains, or withholds the child
3125	from [a person] an individual who is entitled to custody of the child, with the intent to interfere
3126	with the custody of the child.
3127	(3) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (4) or (5), custodial interference] A violation
3128	of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
3129	[(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5), the actor described in Subsection (2) is

3130	guilty of]
3131	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a class A
3132	misdemeanor if the actor:
3133	[(a)] (i) commits custodial interference; and
3134	[(b)] (ii) has been convicted of custodial interference at least twice in the two-year
3135	period immediately preceding the day on which the commission of custodial interference
3136	described in Subsection [(4)] (3)(a) occurs.
3137	[(5) Custodial interference] (c) Notwithstanding Subsections (3)(a) and (b), a violation
3138	of Subsection (2) is a felony of the third degree if, during the course of the custodial
3139	interference, the actor [described in Subsection (2)] removes, causes the removal, or directs the
3140	removal of the child from the state.
3141	[(6)] In addition to the affirmative defenses described in Section 76-5-305, it is an
3142	affirmative defense to the crime of custodial interference that:
3143	(a) the action is consented to by the [person] individual whose custody or visitation of
3144	the child was interfered with; or
3145	(b) (i) the action is based on a reasonable belief that the action is necessary to protect a
3146	child from abuse, including sexual abuse; and
3147	(ii) before engaging in the action, the [person] actor reports the [person's] actor's
3148	intention to engage in the action, and the basis for the belief described in Subsection [(6)]
3149	(4)(b)(i), to the Division of Child and Family Services or law enforcement.
3150	Section 65. Section 76-5-303.5 is amended to read:
3151	76-5-303.5. Notification of conviction of custodial interference.
3152	(1) As used in this section:
3153	(a) "Convicted" means [that a person has received a conviction.] a conviction by plea
3154	or verdict or adjudication in juvenile court of a crime or offense.
3155	(ii) "Convicted" includes:
3156	(A) a plea of guilty or guilty and mentally ill;
3157	(B) a plea of no contest; and
3158	(C) the acceptance by the court of a plea in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas
3159	in Abeyance, regardless of whether the charge is subsequently reduced or dismissed in
3160	accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.

3161	[(b) "Conviction" is as defined in Section 53-3-102.]
3162	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3163	(2) If [a person] an individual is convicted of custodial interference under Section
3164	76-5-303, the court shall notify the Driver License Division, created in Section 53-3-103, of the
3165	conviction, and whether the conviction is for:
3166	(a) a class B misdemeanor, under Subsection 76-5-303(3)(a);
3167	(b) a class A misdemeanor, under Subsection 76-5-303[(4)](3)(b); or
3168	(c) a felony, under Subsection 76-5-303[ <del>(5)</del> ] <u>(3)(c)</u> .
3169	Section 66. Section 76-5-304 is amended to read:
3170	76-5-304. Unlawful detention and unlawful detention of a minor.
3171	(1) As used in this section:
3172	(a) acting "against the will of the victim" includes acting without the consent of the
3173	legal guardian, caretaker, or custodian of an individual who is:
3174	(i) a dependent adult; or
3175	(ii) a minor who is 14 or 15 years old.
3176	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3177	[(1)] (2) (a) An actor commits unlawful detention if the actor intentionally or
3178	knowingly, without authority of law, and against the will of [the victim] an individual, detains
3179	or restrains the [victim under circumstances not constituting a violation of:] individual.
3180	[ <del>(a) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301; or</del> ]
3181	[(b) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1.]
3182	[(2)] (b) An actor commits unlawful detention of a minor if the actor is at least four or
3183	more years older than the minor, and intentionally or knowingly, without authority of law, and
3184	against the will of the [victim] minor, coerces or exerts influence over the [victim] minor with
3185	the intent to cause the [victim] minor to remain with the actor for an unreasonable period of
3186	time under the circumstances[ <del>, and:</del> ].
3187	[(a) the act is under circumstances not constituting a violation of:]
3188	[(i) kidnapping, Section 76-5-301; or]
3189	[(ii) child kidnapping, Section 76-5-301.1; and]
3190	[(b) the actor is at least four or more years older than the victim.]
3191	[(3) As used in this section, acting "against the will of the victim" includes acting

3192	without the consent of the legal guardian or custodian of a victim who is:]
3193	[(a) a mentally incompetent person; or]
3194	[(b) a minor who is 14 or 15 years of age.]
3195	[(4) Unlawful detention] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class B misdemeanor.
3196	(4) If the conduct of the actor amounts to a violation under one of the following, the
3197	actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a) or (2)(b):
3198	(i) kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301; or
3199	(ii) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1.
3200	Section 67. Section <b>76-5-305</b> is amended to read:
3201	76-5-305. Defenses.
3202	(1) It is a defense under this part that:
3203	(a) the actor was acting under a reasonable belief that:
3204	(i) the conduct was necessary to protect any [person] individual from imminent bodily
3205	injury or death; or
3206	(ii) the detention or restraint was authorized by law; or
3207	(b) the alleged victim is younger than 18 years [of age] old or is [mentally
3208	incompetent] a dependent adult, as defined in Section 76-5-111, and the actor was acting under
3209	a reasonable belief that the custodian, guardian, caretaker, legal guardian, custodial parent, or
3210	person acting in loco parentis to the victim would, if present, have consented to the actor's
3211	conduct.
3212	(2) Subsection (1)(b) may not be used as a defense to conduct described in Section
3213	76-5-308.5.
3214	Section 68. Section 76-5-307 is amended to read:
3215	76-5-307. Definitions.
3216	As used in Sections 76-5-308 through [ <del>76-5-310</del> ] <u>76-5-310.1</u> of this part:
3217	(1) "Child" means [a person] an individual younger than 18 years [of age] old.
3218	(2) "Commercial purpose" includes direct or indirect participation in or facilitation of
3219	the transportation of one or more [persons] individuals for the purpose of:
3220	(a) charging or obtaining a fee for the transportation; or
3221	(b) obtaining, exchanging, or receiving any thing or item of value or an attempt to
3222	conduct any of these activities.

3223	(3) "Facilitation" regarding transportation under Subsection (2) includes providing:
3224	(a) travel arrangement services;
3225	(b) payment for the costs of travel; or
3226	(c) property that would advance an act of transportation, including a vehicle or other
3227	means of transportation, a weapon, false identification, and making lodging available,
3228	including by rent, lease, or sale.
3229	(4) "Family member" means [a person's] an individual's parent, grandparent, sibling, or
3230	any other [person] individual related to the [person] individual by consanguinity or affinity to
3231	the second degree.
3232	Section 69. Section <b>76-5-308</b> is amended to read:
3233	76-5-308. Human trafficking for labor.
3234	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3235	[(1)] (2) An actor commits human trafficking for labor [or sexual exploitation] if the
3236	actor recruits, harbors, transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits [a person] an individual
3237	through the use of force, fraud, or coercion, which may include:
3238	(a) threatening serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that [person] individual or
3239	[a third person] another individual;
3240	(b) destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or possessing any passport,
3241	immigration document, or other government-issued identification document;
3242	(c) abusing or threatening abuse of the law or legal process against the [person or a
3243	third person] individual or another individual;
3244	(d) using a condition of [a person] an individual being a debtor due to a pledge of the
3245	[debtor's] individual's personal services or the personal services of [a person] an individual
3246	under the control of the debtor as a security for debt where the reasonable value of the services
3247	is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are
3248	not respectively limited and defined;
3249	(e) using a condition of servitude by means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to
3250	cause [a person] an individual to believe that if the [person] individual did not enter into or
3251	continue in a condition of servitude, [that person or a third person] the individual or another
3252	individual would suffer serious harm or physical restraint, or would be threatened with abuse of
3253	legal process; or

3254	(f) creating or exploiting a relationship where the [person] individual is dependent [on]
3255	upon the actor.
3256	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3257	[(2) (a)] (4) Human trafficking for labor includes any labor obtained through force,
3258	fraud, or coercion as described in Subsection [(1)] (2).
3259	[(b) Human trafficking for sexual exploitation includes all forms of commercial sexual
3260	activity, which may include the following conduct when the person acts under force, fraud, or
3261	coercion as described in Subsection (1):]
3262	[(i) sexually explicit performance;]
3263	[ <del>(ii) prostitution,</del> ]
3264	[(iii) participation in the production of pornography;]
3265	[(iv) performance in strip clubs; and]
3266	[(v) exotic dancing or display.]
3267	[(3) A person commits human smuggling by transporting or procuring the
3268	transportation for one or more persons for a commercial purpose, knowing or having reason to
3269	know that the person or persons transported or to be transported are not:]
3270	[(a) citizens of the United States;]
3271	[(b) permanent resident aliens; or]
3272	[(c) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.]
3273	Section 70. Section 76-5-308.1 is enacted to read:
3274	76-5-308.1. Human trafficking for sexual exploitation.
3275	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3276	(2) An actor commits human trafficking for sexual exploitation if the actor recruits,
3277	harbors, transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits an individual through the use of force, fraud,
3278	or coercion, which may include:
3279	(a) threatening serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that individual or another
3280	individual;
3281	(b) destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, or possessing any passport,
3282	immigration document, or other government-issued identification document;
3283	(c) abusing or threatening abuse of the law or legal process against the individual or
3284	another individual;

3285	(d) using a condition of an individual being a debtor due to a pledge of the individual's
3286	personal services or the personal services of an individual under the control of the debtor as a
3287	security for debt where the reasonable value of the services is not applied toward the
3288	liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited
3289	and defined;
3290	(e) using a condition of servitude by means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to
3291	cause an individual to believe that if the individual did not enter into or continue in a condition
3292	of servitude, the individual or another individual would suffer serious harm or physical
3293	restraint, or would be threatened with abuse of legal process; or
3294	(f) creating or exploiting a relationship where the individual is dependent upon the
3295	actor.
3296	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3297	(4) Human trafficking for sexual exploitation includes all forms of commercial sexual
3298	activity, which may include the following conduct when the person acts under force, fraud, or
3299	coercion as described in Subsection (1):
3300	(i) sexually explicit performance;
3301	(ii) prostitution;
3302	(iii) participation in the production of pornography;
3303	(iv) performance in strip clubs; and
3304	(v) exotic dancing or display.
3305	Section 71. Section <b>76-5-308.3</b> is enacted to read:
3306	76-5-308.3. Human smuggling Penalty.
3307	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3308	(2) An actor commits human smuggling if the actor transports or procures the
3309	transportation for one or more individuals for a commercial purpose, knowing or having reason
3310	to know that the individual or individuals transported or to be transported are not:
3311	(a) citizens of the United States;
3312	(b) permanent resident aliens; or
3313	(c) otherwise lawfully in this state or entitled to be in this state.
3314	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
3315	Section 72. Section <b>76-5-308.5</b> is amended to read:

3316	76-5-308.5. Human trafficking of a child Penalties.
3317	[(1) "Commercial] (1) (a) As used in this section, "commercial sexual activity with a
3318	child" means any sexual act with a child, [on account of] for which anything of value is given
3319	to or received by any person.
3320	(b) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3321	(2) An actor commits human trafficking of a child if the actor recruits, harbors,
3322	transports, obtains, patronizes, or solicits a child for sexual exploitation or forced labor.
3323	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3324	[(3)] (4) (a) Human trafficking of a child for labor includes any labor obtained through
3325	force, fraud, [and] or coercion as described in Section 76-5-308.
3326	(b) Human trafficking of a child for sexual exploitation includes all forms of
3327	commercial sexual activity with a child, including sexually explicit performance, prostitution,
3328	participation in the production of pornography, performance in a strip club, and exotic dancing
3329	or display as described in Section 76-5-308.1.
3330	[(4) Human trafficking of a child in violation of this section is a first degree felony.]
3331	Section 73. Section <b>76-5-309</b> is amended to read:
3332	76-5-309. Benefitting from trafficking and human smuggling Penalties.
3333	[(1) Human trafficking for labor and human trafficking for sexual exploitation are each
3334	a second degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.]
3335	[(2) Human smuggling under Section 76-5-308 of one or more persons is a second
3336	degree felony, except under Section 76-5-310.]
3337	[(3) Human trafficking for labor or for sexual exploitation, human trafficking of a
3338	child, and human smuggling are each a separate offense from any other crime committed in
3339	relationship to the commission of either of these offenses.]
3340	[(4) Under circumstances not amounting to aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a
3341	violation of Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)(h), a person who]
3342	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3343	(2) An actor is a party to the offense if the actor benefits, receives, or exchanges
3344	anything of value from knowing participation in:
3345	(a) human trafficking for labor [or for sexual exploitation] in violation of Section
3346	76-5-308 [is milty of a second degree felony]

3347	(b) human smuggling [is guilty of a third degree felony; and] in violation of Section
3348	<u>76-5-308.3;</u>
3349	(c) human trafficking of a child [is guilty of a first degree felony.] in violation of
3350	Section 76-5-308.5; and
3351	(d) human trafficking for sexual exploitation in violation of Section 76-5-308.1.
3352	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) or (2)(d) is a second degree felony.
3353	(b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) is a third degree felony.
3354	(c) A violation of Subsection (2)(c) is a first degree felony.
3355	[(5)] (4) [A person] An actor commits a separate offense of human trafficking, human
3356	trafficking of a child, or human smuggling for each [person] individual who is smuggled or
3357	trafficked under Section 76-5-308, <u>76-5-308.1</u> , <u>76-5-308.3</u> , <u>76-5-308.5</u> , [or] 76-5-310, or
3358	<u>76-5-310.1</u> .
3359	Section 74. Section 76-5-310 is amended to read:
3360	76-5-310. Aggravated human trafficking Penalties.
3361	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3362	[(1)] (2) An actor commits aggravated human trafficking for labor or sexual
3363	exploitation [or aggravated human smuggling] if, in the course of committing an offense under
3364	Section 76-5-308 or 76-5-308.1, the offense:
3365	(a) results in the death of [the] a trafficked [or smuggled person] individual;
3366	(b) results in serious bodily injury of [the] a trafficked [or smuggled person] individual;
3367	(c) involves:
3368	(i) rape under Section 76-5-402;
3369	(ii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
3370	(iii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
3371	(iv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
3372	(v) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
3373	(vi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
3374	(vii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3; or
3375	(viii) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405;
3376	(d) involves the trafficking of 10 or more [victims] individuals; or
3377	(e) involves [a victim] an individual trafficked for longer than 30 consecutive days.

3378	[(2) An actor commits aggravated human smuggling if the actor commits human
3379	smuggling under Section 76-5-308 and any human being whom the person engages in
3380	smuggling is:]
3381	[ <del>(a) a child; and</del> ]
3382	[(b) not accompanied by a family member who is 18 years of age or older.]
3383	(3) [(a) Aggravated human trafficking] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
3384	felony.
3385	[(b) Aggravated human smuggling is a first degree felony.]
3386	[(c)] (4) Aggravated human trafficking [and aggravated human smuggling are each] is
3387	a separate offense from any other crime committed in relationship to the commission of [either
3388	of these offenses] the offense.
3389	Section 75. Section 76-5-310.1 is enacted to read:
3390	76-5-310.1. Aggravated human smuggling Penalties.
3391	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-307 apply to this section.
3392	(2) An actor commits aggravated human smuggling if, in the course of committing an
3393	offense under Section 76-5-308.3, the offense:
3394	(a) results in the death of a smuggled individual;
3395	(b) results in serious bodily injury to a smuggled individual;
3396	(c) involves the smuggling of a child; or
3397	(d) involves:
3398	(i) rape under Section 76-5-402;
3399	(ii) rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.1;
3400	(iii) object rape under Section 76-5-402.2;
3401	(iv) object rape of a child under Section 76-5-402.3;
3402	(v) forcible sodomy under Section 76-5-403;
3403	(vi) sodomy on a child under Section 76-5-403.1;
3404	(vii) aggravated sexual abuse of a child under Section 76-5-404.1; or
3405	(viii) aggravated sexual assault under Section 76-5-405.
3406	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3407	(4) Aggravated human smuggling is a separate offense from any other crime committed
3408	in relationship to the offense.

3409	Section 76. Section 76-5-311 is amended to read:
3410	76-5-311. Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult Penalties.
3411	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3412	[(a)] (i) "Commercial sexual activity with a vulnerable adult" means any sexual act
3413	with a vulnerable adult for which anything of value is given to or received by any individual.
3414	[(b)] (ii) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Subsection
3415	76-5-111(1).
3416	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3417	(2) An actor commits human trafficking of a vulnerable adult if the actor:
3418	(a) recruits, harbors, transports, or obtains a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation or
3419	forced labor; or
3420	(b) patronizes or solicits a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation or forced labor when
3421	the actor knew or should have known of the victim's vulnerability.
3422	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony.
3423	[(3)] (4) (a) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for labor includes any labor
3424	obtained through force, fraud, or coercion as described in Section 76-5-308.
3425	(b) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult for sexual exploitation includes all forms
3426	of commercial sexual activity with a vulnerable adult involving:
3427	(i) sexually explicit performances;
3428	(ii) prostitution;
3429	(iii) participation in the production of pornography;
3430	(iv) performance in a strip club; or
3431	(v) exotic dancing or display.
3432	[(4) Human trafficking of a vulnerable adult in violation of this section is a first degree
3433	felony.]
3434	Section 77. Section 76-5-401 is amended to read:
3435	76-5-401. Unlawful sexual activity with a minor Penalties Evidence of age
3436	raised by defendant Limitations.
3437	(1) (a) [For purposes of] As used in this section ["minor" is a person], "minor" means
3438	an individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older, but younger than 16 years [of age] old, at
3439	the time the sexual activity described in [this section] Subsection (2) occurred.

3440	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3441	(2) (a) [A person] Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor 18 years old or older
3442	commits unlawful sexual activity with a minor if[, under circumstances not amounting to rape,
3443	in violation of Section 76-5-402, object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2, forcible
3444	sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403, or aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section
3445	<del>76-5-405,</del> ] the actor:
3446	[(a)] (i) has sexual intercourse with the minor;
3447	[(b)] (ii) engages in any sexual act with the minor involving the genitals of [one
3448	person] an individual and the mouth or anus of another [person, regardless of the sex of either
3449	participant] individual; or
3450	[(e)] (iii) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3451	minor by [any] a foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human
3452	body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any [person] individual or
3453	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any [person, regardless of the sex of any
3454	participant] individual.
3455	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3456	violation of Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
3457	(3) (a) [Except under Subsection (3)(b) or (c), a] $\underline{A}$ violation of Subsection (2) is a
3458	third degree felony.
3459	(b) (i) [H] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the defendant establishes by a
3460	preponderance of the evidence the mitigating factor that the defendant is less than four years
3461	older than the minor at the time the sexual activity occurred, the offense is a class B
3462	misdemeanor.
3463	(ii) An offense under [this] Subsection (3)(b)(i) is not subject to registration under
3464	Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(vii).
3465	(c) (i) [H] Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) or (b), if the defendant establishes by a
3466	preponderance of the evidence the mitigating factor that the defendant was younger than 21
3467	years old at the time the sexual activity occurred, the offense is a class A misdemeanor.
3468	(ii) An offense under [this] Subsection $(3)(c)(i)$ is not subject to registration under
3469	Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(vii).
3470	(4) If the conduct of an actor 18 years old or older amounts to a violation under one or

3471	more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the actor shall be
3472	charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a):
3473	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3474	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3475	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403; or
3476	(d) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405.
3477	Section 78. Section <b>76-5-401.1</b> is amended to read:
3478	76-5-401.1. Sexual abuse of a minor Penalties Limitations.
3479	[(1) For purposes of this section "minor" is]
3480	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3481	(i) "Indecent liberties" means:
3482	(A) the actor touching another individual's genitals, anus, buttocks, pubic area, or
3483	female breast;
3484	(B) causing any part of an individual's body to touch the actor's or another's genitals,
3485	pubic area, anus, buttocks, or female breast;
3486	(C) simulating or pretending to engage in sexual intercourse with another individual,
3487	including genital-genital, oral-genital, or oral-anal intercourse; or
3488	(D) causing an individual to simulate or pretend to engage in sexual intercourse with
3489	the actor or another, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal
3490	intercourse.
3491	(ii) "Minor means an individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older, but younger than
3492	16 years [of age] old, at the time the sexual activity described in [this section] Subsection (2)
3493	occurred.
3494	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3495	(2) (a) [An individual] Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits sexual
3496	abuse of a minor if the [individual] actor:
3497	(i) is four years or more older than the minor; and [, under circumstances not amounting
3498	to rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402, object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2,
3499	forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403, aggravated sexual assault, in violation of
3500	Section 76-5-405, unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401, or an
3501	attempt to commit any of those offenses, the individual

3502	(ii) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual, or
3503	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
3504	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of the minor[, or]
3505	(B) touches the breast of a female minor[;]; or
3506	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with the minor[, with the intent to cause
3507	substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
3508	sexual desire of any individual regardless of the sex of any participant.].
3509	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3510	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3511	(3) A violation of [this section is] Subsection (2)(a) is:
3512	(a) a class A misdemeanor; and
3513	(b) is not subject to registration under Subsection 77-41-102(17)(a)(viii) on a first
3514	offense if the offender was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3515	(4) If the conduct of an actor who is four years old or older than a minor amounts to a
3516	violation under one or more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the
3517	following, the actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a):
3518	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
3519	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3520	(c) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3521	(d) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403; or
3522	(e) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405.
3523	Section 79. Section 76-5-401.2 is amended to read:
3524	76-5-401.2. Unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old Penalties
3525	Limitations.
3526	(1) (a) As used in this section[, "minor"]:
3527	(i) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
3528	(ii) "Minor" means an individual who is 16 years [of age] old or older, but younger
3529	than 18 years [of age] old, at the time the sexual conduct described in Subsection (2) occurred.
3530	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3531	(2) (a) [An individual] Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits
3532	unlawful sexual conduct with a minor if, under circumstances not amounting to an offense

3533	listed under Subsection (3), an individual who is] the actor:
3534	(i) (A) is seven or more years older but less than 10 years older than the minor at the
3535	time of the sexual conduct;
3536	(B) engages in any conduct listed in Subsection (2)(b)[, and the individual]; and
3537	(C) knew or reasonably should have known the age of the minor; or
3538	(ii) (A) is 10 or more years older than the minor at the time of the sexual conduct; and
3539	(B) engages in any conduct listed in Subsection (2)(b).
3540	(b) As used in Subsection (2)(a), "sexual conduct" refers to when the [individual]
3541	actor:
3542	(i) has sexual intercourse with the minor;
3543	(ii) engages in any sexual act with the minor involving the genitals of one individual
3544	and the mouth or anus of another individual[, regardless of the sex of either participant];
3545	(iii) (A) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3546	minor by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human
3547	body[ <del>,</del> ]; and
3548	(B) causes the penetration with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain
3549	to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual[,
3550	regardless of the sex of any participant]; or
3551	(iv) touches with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any
3552	individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
3553	(A) the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of the minor[, or touches];
3554	(B) the breast of a female minor[-,]; or
3555	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with the minor[, with the intent to cause
3556	substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
3557	sexual desire of any individual regardless of the sex of any participant].
3558	[(3) The offenses referred to in Subsection (2) are:]
3559	[(a) (i) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3560	[(ii) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;]
3561	[(iii) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;]
3562	[(iv) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404; or]
3563	[(v) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or]

3564	[(b) an attempt to commit any offense under Subsection (3)(a).]
3565	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3566	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3567	[(4)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(i), (ii), or (iii) is a third degree felony.
3568	[(5)] (b) A violation of Subsection (2)(b)(iv) is a class A misdemeanor.
3569	(4) If the conduct of the actor described in Subsection (2)(a) amounts to a violation
3570	under one or more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the
3571	actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a):
3572	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3573	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3574	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3575	(d) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404; or
3576	(e) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405.
3577	Section 80. Section 76-5-401.3 is amended to read:
3578	76-5-401.3. Unlawful adolescent sexual activity Penalties Limitations.
3579	(1) (a) As used in this section[: (a) "Adolescent"], "adolescent" means an individual in
3580	the transitional phase of human physical and psychological growth and development between
3581	childhood and adulthood who is 12 years old or older, but [under] younger than 18 years old.
3582	[(b) "Unlawful adolescent sexual activity" means sexual activity between adolescents
3583	under circumstances not amounting to:]
3584	[(i) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402,]
3585	[(ii) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;]
3586	[(iii) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;]
3587	[(iv) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;]
3588	[(v) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;]
3589	[(vi) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;]
3590	[(vii) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404;]
3591	[(viii) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or]
3592	[(ix) incest, in violation of Section 76-7-102.]
3593	[(2) Unlawful adolescent sexual activity is punishable as a:]
3594	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.

3595	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits unlawful sexual activity if
3596	the actor:
3597	(a) is an adolescent; and
3598	(b) has sexual activity with another adolescent.
3599	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a:
3600	(a) third degree felony if an [adolescent] actor who is 17 years old engages in unlawful
3601	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 or 13 years old;
3602	(b) third degree felony if an [adolescent] actor who is 16 years old engages in unlawful
3603	adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3604	(c) class A misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 16 years old engages in
3605	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3606	(d) class A misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 14 or 15 years old engages in
3607	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 years old;
3608	(e) class B misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 17 years old engages in
3609	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 14 years old;
3610	(f) class B misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 15 years old engages in
3611	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old;
3612	(g) class C misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 12 or 13 years old engages in
3613	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 12 or 13 years old; and
3614	(h) class C misdemeanor if an [adolescent] actor who is 14 years old engages in
3615	unlawful adolescent sexual activity with an adolescent who is 13 years old.
3616	(4) If the conduct of the actor described in Subsection (2) amounts to a violation under
3617	one or more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following the actor
3618	shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2):
3619	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3620	(b) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
3621	(c) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
3622	(d) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
3623	(e) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
3624	(f) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
3625	(g) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404;

3626	(h) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405; or
3627	(i) incest, in violation of Section 76-7-102.
3628	[(3)] (5) An offense under this section is not eligible for a nonjudicial adjustment under
3629	Section 80-6-304 or a referral to a youth court under Section 80-6-902.
3630	[(4)] (6) Except for an offense that is transferred to a district court by the juvenile court
3631	in accordance with Section 80-6-504, the district court may enter any sentence or combination
3632	of sentences that would have been available in juvenile court but for the delayed reporting or
3633	delayed filing of the information in the district court.
3634	[(5)] (7) An offense under this section is not subject to registration under Subsection
3635	77-41-102(17).
3636	Section 81. Section <b>76-5-402</b> is amended to read:
3637	76-5-402. Rape Penalties.
3638	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3639	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits rape [when] if the actor has sexual intercourse
3640	with another [person] individual without [the victim's] the individual's consent.
3641	(b) Any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant
3642	element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3643	[(2)] (c) This section applies whether or not the actor is married to the [victim]
3644	individual.
3645	(3) [Rape] A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the first degree, punishable by a
3646	term of imprisonment of:
3647	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), not less than five years and which
3648	may be for life;
3649	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), 15 years and which may be for life,
3650	if the trier of fact finds that:
3651	(i) during the course of the commission of the rape the defendant caused serious bodily
3652	injury to [another] the victim; or
3653	(ii) at the time of the commission of the rape, the defendant was younger than 18 years
3654	[of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3655	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3656	rape the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.

3657	(4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(b), a court finds that a lesser
3658	term than the term described in Subsection (3)(b) is in the interests of justice and states the
3659	reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment of not less
3660	than:
3661	(a) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3662	(b) six years and which may be for life.
3663	(5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply when a [person] defendant is
3664	sentenced under Subsection (3)(a) or (c).
3665	(6) Imprisonment under Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is mandatory in accordance
3666	with Section 76-3-406.
3667	Section 82. Section <b>76-5-402.1</b> is amended to read:
3668	76-5-402.1. Rape of a child Penalties.
3669	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3670	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits rape of a child [when the person] if the actor
3671	has sexual intercourse with [a child] an individual who is [under the age of 14.] younger than
3672	14 years old.
3673	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3674	violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3675	[(2) Rape of a child] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony
3676	punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
3677	(a) except as provided in Subsections $[(2)]$ $(3)$ (b) and $[(4)]$ $(5)$ , not less than 25 years
3678	and which may be for life; or
3679	(b) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that:
3680	(i) during the course of the commission of the rape of a child, the defendant caused
3681	serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3682	(ii) at the time of the commission of the rape of a child the defendant was previously
3683	convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3684	[(3)] (4) Subsection [(2)] (3)(b) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
3685	years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3686	[(4)] (5) (a) When imposing a sentence under [Subsection (2)] Subsections (3)(a) and
3687	[(4)] (5)(b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(b) if:

3688	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;
3689	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3690	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[(2)]$ $(3)$ (a)
3691	is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the age of
3692	the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3693	(b) If the conditions of Subsection $[(4)]$ $(5)$ (a) are met, the court may impose a term of
3694	imprisonment of not less than:
3695	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3696	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3697	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3698	[(5)] (6) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3699	76-3-406.
3700	Section 83. Section <b>76-5-402.2</b> is amended to read:
3701	76-5-402.2. Object rape Penalties.
3702	[(1) A person who, without the victim's consent, causes the penetration, however
3703	slight, of the genital or anal opening of another person who is 14 years of age or older, by any
3704	foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the human body other than
3705	the mouth or genitals, with intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the victim or
3706	with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, commits an offense which]
3707	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3708	(2) An actor commits object rape if:
3709	(a) the actor:
3710	(i) acts without an individual's consent;
3711	(ii) causes the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of the
3712	individual by:
3713	(A) a foreign object;
3714	(B) a substance;
3715	(C) an instrument;
3716	(D) a device; or
3717	(E) a part of the human body other than the mouth or genitals; and
3718	(iii) (A) intends to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the individual; or

3719	(B) intends to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any other individual; and
3720	(b) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is 14 years old or older.
3721	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony, punishable by a term of
3722	imprisonment of:
3723	(a) except as provided in Subsection [ $\frac{1}{2}$ ] $\frac{3}{2}$ (b) or (c), not less than five years and
3724	which may be for life;
3725	(b) except as provided in Subsection [ $\frac{(1)}{(2)}$ ] $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ (c) or [ $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$ ] $\frac{(4)}{(2)}$ , 15 years and which may
3726	be for life, if the trier of fact finds that:
3727	(i) during the course of the commission of the object rape the defendant caused serious
3728	bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3729	(ii) at the time of the commission of the object rape, the defendant was younger than 18
3730	years [of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3731	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3732	object rape, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3733	[(2)] (4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[(1)]$ (3)(b), a court finds that a
3734	lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(1)] (3)(b) is in the interests of justice and
3735	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
3736	of not less than:
3737	(a) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3738	(b) six years and which may be for life.
3739	[(3)] (5) The provisions of Subsection [(2)] (4) do not apply [when a person] if a
3740	<u>defendant</u> is sentenced under Subsection [(1)] (3)(a) or (c).
3741	[(4)] (6) Imprisonment under Subsection $[(1)(b), (1)(c), or (2)]$ (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is
3742	mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406.
3743	Section 84. Section 76-5-402.3 is amended to read:
3744	76-5-402.3. Object rape of a child Penalty.
3745	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3746	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits object rape of a child [when the person] if:
3747	(i) the actor causes the penetration or touching, however slight, of the genital or anal
3748	opening [of a child who is under the age of 14 by any] of the individual by, except as provided
3749	in Subsection (2)(b):

3750	(A) a foreign object[;];
3751	(B) a substance[ <del>,</del> ];
3752	(C) an instrument[7]; or
3753	(D) a device[, not including a part of the human body, with intent];
3754	(ii) the actor:
3755	(A) intends to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to the [child] individual; or
3756	[with the intent]
3757	(B) intends to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any [person.] individual; and
3758	(iii) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) is younger than 14 years old.
3759	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not include penetration or touching by a part of the human
3760	<u>body.</u>
3761	[(2) Object rape of a child] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony
3762	punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
3763	$[\underbrace{(a)}]$ $(\underline{i})$ except as provided in Subsections $[\underbrace{(2)(b)}]$ $(\underline{3})(\underline{a})(\underline{i})$ and $(4)$ , not less than 25
3764	years and which may be for life; or
3765	[(b)] (ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that:
3766	[(i)] (A) during the course of the commission of the object rape of a child the defendant
3767	caused serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3768	[(ii)] (B) at the time of the commission of the object rape of a child the defendant was
3769	previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3770	[(3)] (b) Subsection [(2)(b)] (3)(a)(ii) does not apply if the defendant was younger than
3771	18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
3772	(4) (a) When imposing a sentence under [Subsection (2)(a)] Subsections (3)(a)(i) and
3773	(4)(b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection (4)(b) if:
3774	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;
3775	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3776	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[(2)(a)]$
3777	(3)(a)(i) is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the
3778	age of the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3779	(b) If the conditions of Subsection (4)(a) are met, the court may impose a term of
3780	imprisonment of not less than:

3781	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3782	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3783	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3784	(5) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406
3785	Section 85. Section 76-5-403 is amended to read:
3786	76-5-403. Forcible sodomy Penalties.
3787	(1) (a) As used in this section, "sodomy" means engaging in any sexual act with an
3788	individual who is 14 years [of age] old or older involving the genitals of one individual and the
3789	mouth or anus of another individual[, regardless of the sex of either participant].
3790	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3791	(2) (a) An [individual] actor commits forcible sodomy when the actor commits sodomy
3792	upon another individual without the [other's] other individual's consent.
3793	(b) Any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of a
3794	violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3795	(3) [Forcible sodomy] A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree felony, punishable
3796	by a term of imprisonment of:
3797	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) or (c), not less than five years and which
3798	may be for life;
3799	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), 15 years and which may be for life,
3800	if the trier of fact finds that:
3801	(i) during the course of the commission of the forcible sodomy the defendant caused
3802	serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
3803	(ii) at the time of the commission of the rape, the defendant was younger than 18 years
3804	[of age] old and was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense; or
3805	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
3806	forcible sodomy the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
3807	(4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(b), a court finds that a lesser
3808	term than the term described in Subsection (3)(b) is in the interests of justice and states the
3809	reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment of not less
3810	than:
3811	(a) 10 years and which may be for life; or

3812	(b) six years and which may be for life.
8813	(5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply when [an individual] a defendant is
8814	sentenced under Subsection (3)(a) or (c).
8815	(6) Imprisonment under Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4) is mandatory in accordance
8816	with Section 76-3-406.
8817	Section 86. Section 76-5-403.1 is amended to read:
8818	76-5-403.1. Sodomy on a child Penalties.
8819	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
8820	[(1) A person] (2) (a) An actor commits sodomy [upon] on a child if:
8821	(i) the actor engages in any sexual act upon or with [a child who is under the age of 14,
8822	involving] another individual;
8823	(ii) the individual is younger than 14 years old; and
8824	(iii) the sexual act involves the genitals or anus of the actor or the [child] individual
3825	and the mouth or anus of either [person, regardless of the sex of either participant.] the actor or
8826	individual.
8827	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
8828	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a)(i).
8829	[(2) Sodomy upon a child] (3) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a first degree felony
8830	punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
8831	(a) except as provided in Subsections [ $(2)$ ] $(3)$ (b) and [ $(4)$ ] $(5)$ , not less than 25 years
8832	and which may be for life; or
8833	(b) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that:
8834	(i) during the course of the commission of the sodomy [upon] on a child the defendant
8835	caused serious bodily injury to [another] the victim; or
8836	(ii) at the time of the commission of the sodomy [upon] on a child, the defendant was
8837	previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
8838	[(3)] (4) Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(b) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
8839	years [of age] old at the time of the offense.
8840	[(4)] (5) (a) When imposing a sentence under $[Subsection (2)]$ Subsections (3)(a) and
8841	[(4)] $(5)$ (b), a court may impose a term of imprisonment under Subsection $[(4)]$ $(5)$ (b) if:
8842	(i) it is a first time offense for the defendant under this section;

3843	(ii) the defendant was younger than 21 years [of age] old at the time of the offense; and
3844	(iii) the court finds that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)
3845	is in the interests of justice under the facts and circumstances of the case, including the age of
3846	the victim, and states the reasons for this finding on the record.
3847	(b) If the conditions of Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) are met, the court may impose a term of
3848	imprisonment of not less than:
3849	(i) 15 years and which may be for life;
3850	(ii) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3851	(iii) six years and which may be for life.
3852	[(5)] (6) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3853	76-3-406.
3854	Section 87. Section 76-5-404 is amended to read:
3855	76-5-404. Forcible sexual abuse Penalties Limitations.
3856	(1) (a) As used in this section, "indecent liberties" means the same as that term is
3857	defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
3858	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3859	[(1) An individual] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits
3860	forcible sexual abuse if [the victim is 14 years of age or older and, under circumstances not
3861	amounting to rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, or attempted rape or forcible sodomy,]:
3862	(i) the actor:
3863	(A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of [another, or]
3864	another individual;
3865	(B) touches the breast of $[\pi]$ another individual who is female $[\pi]$ ; or
3866	(C) otherwise takes indecent liberties with [another, with intent to] another individual;
3867	(ii) the actor intends, without the consent of the individual, to:
3868	(A) cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual [or with the intent to];
3869	<u>or</u>
3870	(B) arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual[, without the consent of the
3871	other, regardless of the sex of any participant.]; and
3872	[ <del>(2) Forcible sexual abuse is:</del> ]
3873	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b),

3874	(iii) the individual described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), (B), or (C) is 14 years old or
3875	older.
3876	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
3877	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3878	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the second degree, punishable by a
3879	term of imprisonment of not less than one year nor more than 15 years[; or (b) except as
3880	provided in Subsection (3),].
3881	(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and except as provided in Subsection
3882	(3)(b)(ii), a violation of Subsection (2) is a felony of the first degree, punishable by a term of
3883	imprisonment for 15 years and which may be for life, if the trier of fact finds that during the
3884	course of the commission of the forcible sexual abuse the defendant caused serious bodily
3885	injury to [another] the victim.
3886	[(3)] (ii) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection [(2)(b)] (3)(b)(i), a court finds
3887	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection $[(2)(b)]$ $(3)(b)(i)$ is in the interests of
3888	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
3889	imprisonment of not less than:
3890	[(a)] (A) 10 years and which may be for life; or
3891	[(b)] (B) six years and which may be for life.
3892	(4) If the conduct of the actor described in Subsection (2)(a) amounts to a violation
3893	under one or more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the
3894	actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a):
3895	(a) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
3896	(b) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2; or
3897	(c) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403.
3898	[(4)] (5) Imprisonment under Subsection $[(2)]$ (3)(b) or $[(3)]$ (4) is mandatory in
3899	accordance with Section 76-3-406.
3900	Section 88. Section 76-5-404.1 is amended to read:
3901	76-5-404.1. Sexual abuse of a child Penalties Limitations.
3902	(1) (a) As used in this section:
3903	[(a)] (i) "Adult" means an individual 18 years [of age] old or older.
3904	[(b)] (ii) "Child" means an individual [under the age of 14.] younger than 14 years old.

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3905
                (iii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
3906
                [(e)] (iv) "Position of special trust" means:
3907
                [(i)] (A) an adoptive parent;
3908
                [(ii)] (B) an athletic manager who is an adult;
                [\frac{(iii)}{C}] an aunt;
3909
                [(iv)] (D) a babysitter;
3910
3911
                [(v)] (E) a coach;
3912
                [(vi)] (F) a cohabitant of a parent if the cohabitant is an adult:
3913
                [(vii)] (G) a counselor;
3914
                [(viii)] (H) a doctor or physician;
                [(ix)] (I) an employer;
3915
3916
                [(x)] (J) a foster parent;
3917
                [(xi)] (K) a grandparent;
3918
                [(xii)] (L) a legal guardian;
3919
                [(xiii)] (M) a natural parent;
3920
                [(xiv)] (N) a recreational leader who is an adult;
3921
                [(xv)] (O) a religious leader;
3922
                [(xvi)] (P) a sibling or a stepsibling who is an adult;
3923
                [(xvii)] (Q) a scout leader who is an adult;
3924
                [(xviii)] (R) a stepparent;
3925
                [(xix)] (S) a teacher or any other individual employed by or volunteering at a public or
3926
        private elementary school or secondary school, and who is 18 years [of age] old or older;
3927
                (xx) (T) an instructor, professor, or teaching assistant at a public or private institution
3928
        of higher education;
3929
                [(xxi)] (U) an uncle;
3930
                [(xxii)] (V) a youth leader who is an adult; or
3931
                (xxiii) (W) any individual in a position of authority, other than those individuals
3932
        listed in Subsections [(1)(c)(i) through (xxiii)] (1)(a)(iv)(A) through (W), which enables the
3933
        individual to exercise undue influence over the child.
3934
                (b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
3935
                [(2) An individual] (2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits
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5936	sexual abuse of a child if , under circumstances not amounting to rape of a child, object rape of
3937	a child, sodomy on a child, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses,] the actor:
3938	(i) (A) touches the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or genitalia of any child[-]:
3939	(B) touches the breast of a female child[,]; or [otherwise]
3940	(C) takes indecent liberties with a child[, with intent to]; and
3941	(ii) the actor's conduct is with intent to:
3942	(A) cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual; or [with the intent]
3943	(B) to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual [regardless of the sex of any
3944	<del>participant</del> ].
3945	[(3) Sexual abuse of a child is a second degree felony.]
3946	[(4) An individual commits aggravated sexual abuse of a child when in conjunction
3947	with the offense described in Subsection (2) any of the following circumstances have been
3948	charged and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
3949	[(a) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section
3950	76-1-601, or by force, duress, violence, intimidation, coercion, menace, or threat of harm, or
3951	was committed during the course of a kidnapping;]
3952	[(b) the accused caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim
3953	during or as a result of the offense;
3954	[(c) the accused was a stranger to the victim or made friends with the victim for the
3955	purpose of committing the offense;]
3956	[(d) the accused used, showed, or displayed pornography or caused the victim to be
3957	photographed in a lewd condition during the course of the offense;]
3958	[(e) the accused, prior to sentencing for this offense, was previously convicted of any
3959	sexual offense;]
3960	[(f) the accused committed the same or similar sexual act upon two or more victims at
3961	the same time or during the same course of conduct;]
3962	[(g) the accused committed, in Utah or elsewhere, more than five separate acts, which
3963	if committed in Utah would constitute an offense described in this chapter, and were
3964	committed at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or before or after the instant
3965	offense;]
3966	[(h) the offense was committed by an individual who occupied a position of special

3967	trust in relation to the victim;]
3968	[(i) the accused encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
3969	sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim before
3970	any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or]
8971	[(j) the accused caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening
3972	of the child by any part or parts of the human body other than the genitals or mouth.]
3973	[(5) Aggravated sexual abuse of a child is a first degree felony punishable by a term of
3974	imprisonment of:]
3975	[(a) except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), (5)(c), or (6), not less than 15 years and
3976	which may be for life;]
8977	[(b) except as provided in Subsection (5)(c) or (6), life without parole, if the trier of
3978	fact finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child
8979	the defendant caused serious bodily injury to another; or]
3980	[(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of
8981	the aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous
3982	sexual offense.]
3983	[(6) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (5)(a) or (b), a court finds that a
3984	lesser term than the term described in Subsection (5)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and
3985	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
3986	of not less than:]
8987	[(a) for purposes of Subsection (5)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or]
3988	[(b) for purposes of Subsection (5)(a) or (b):]
8989	[(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or]
3990	[(ii) six years and which may be for life.]
8991	[(7) The provisions of Subsection (6) do not apply when an individual is sentenced
3992	under Subsection (5)(c).]
3993	[(8) Subsections (5)(b) and (5)(c) do not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
3994	years of age at the time of the offense.]
3995	[(9) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section
3996	<del>76-3-406.</del> ]
3997	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the

3998	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
3999	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4000	(4) If the conduct of the actor described in Subsection (2)(a) amounts to a violation
4001	under one or more of the following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the
4002	actor shall be charged with the violation and not under Subsection (2)(a):
4003	(a) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
4004	(b) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3; or
4005	(c) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1.
4006	(5) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406
4007	Section 89. Section 76-5-404.3 is enacted to read:
4008	76-5-404.3. Aggravated sexual abuse of a child Penalties.
4009	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4010	(i) "Adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-4-404.1.
4011	(ii) "Child" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-4-404.1.
4012	(iii) "Position of special trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4013	<u>76-4-404.1.</u>
4014	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4015	(2) (a) An actor commits aggravated sexual abuse of a child if, in conjunction with the
4016	offense described in Subsection 76-4-404.1(2)(a), any of the following circumstances have
4017	been charged and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
4018	(i) the actor committed the offense:
4019	(A) by the use of a dangerous weapon;
4020	(B) by force, duress, violence, intimidation, coercion, menace, or threat of harm; or
4021	(C) during the course of a kidnaping;
4022	(ii) the actor caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the child during or
4023	as a result of the offense;
4024	(iii) the actor was a stranger to the child or made friends with the child for the purpose
4025	of committing the offense;
4026	(iv) the actor used, showed, or displayed pornography or caused the child to be
4027	photographed in a lewd condition during the course of the offense;
4028	(v) the actor, prior to sentencing for this offense, was previously convicted of any

4029	sexual offense;
4030	(vi) the actor committed the same or similar sexual act upon two or more children at
4031	the same time or during the same course of conduct;
4032	(vii) the actor committed, in Utah or elsewhere, more than five separate acts, which if
4033	committed in Utah would constitute an offense described in this chapter, and were committed
4034	at the same time, or during the same course of conduct, or before or after the instant offense;
4035	(viii) the actor occupied a position of special trust in relation to the child;
4036	(ix) the actor encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
4037	sexual acts by the child with any other individual, or sexual performance by the child prior to
4038	any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or
4039	(x) the actor caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of
4040	the child by any part or parts of the human body other than the genitals or mouth.
4041	(b) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4042	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4043	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (6), a violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
4044	felony punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
4045	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), (3)(c), or (4), not less than 15 years and
4046	which may be for life;
4047	(b) except as provided in Subsection (3)(c) or (4), life without parole, if the trier of fact
4048	finds that during the course of the commission of the aggravated sexual abuse of a child the
4049	defendant caused serious bodily injury to another; or
4050	(c) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4051	aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous
4052	sexual offense.
4053	(4) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection (3)(a) or (b), a court finds that a
4054	lesser term than the term described in Subsection (3)(a) or (b) is in the interests of justice and
4055	states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of imprisonment
4056	of not less than:
4057	(a) for purposes of Subsection (3)(b), 15 years and which may be for life; or
4058	(b) for purposes of Subsection (3)(a) or (b):
4059	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or

4060	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
4061	(5) The provisions of Subsection (4) do not apply if a defendant is sentenced under
4062	Subsection (3)(c).
4063	(6) Subsection (3)(b) or (3)(c) does not apply if the defendant was younger than 18
4064	years old at the time of the offense.
4065	(7) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 76-3-406
4066	Section 90. Section <b>76-5-405</b> is amended to read:
4067	76-5-405. Aggravated sexual assault Penalty.
4068	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4069	[(1) A person] (2) An actor commits aggravated sexual assault if:
4070	(a) in the course of a rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, or forcible sexual abuse, the
4071	actor:
4072	(i) uses, or threatens [the victim] another individual with the use of, a dangerous
4073	weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
4074	(ii) compels, or attempts to compel, [the victim] another individual to submit to rape,
4075	object rape, forcible sodomy, or forcible sexual abuse, by threat of kidnaping, death, or serious
4076	bodily injury to be inflicted imminently on any [person] individual; or
4077	(iii) is aided or abetted by one or more persons;
4078	(b) in the course of an attempted rape, attempted object rape, or attempted forcible
4079	sodomy, the actor:
4080	(i) causes serious bodily injury to any [person] individual;
4081	(ii) uses, or threatens [the victim] the injured individual with the use of[;] a dangerous
4082	weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];
4083	(iii) attempts to compel [the victim] the injured individual to submit to rape, object
4084	rape, or forcible sodomy, by threat of kidnaping, death, or serious bodily injury to be inflicted
4085	imminently on any [person] individual; or
4086	(iv) is aided or abetted by one or more persons; or
4087	(c) in the course of an attempted forcible sexual abuse, the actor:
4088	(i) causes serious bodily injury to any [person] individual;
4089	(ii) uses, or threatens the [victim] injured individual with the use of[;] a dangerous
4090	weapon [as defined in Section 76-1-601];

4091	(iii) attempts to compel the [victim] injured individual to submit to forcible sexual
1092	abuse, by threat of kidnaping, death, or serious bodily injury to be inflicted imminently on any
1093	[person] individual; or
1094	(iv) is aided or abetted by one or more persons.
1095	[(2) Aggravated sexual assault] (3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a first degree
1096	felony, punishable by a term of imprisonment of:
1097	(a) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a):
1098	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)(ii) or [(3)] (4)(a), not less than 15 years
1099	and which may be for life; or
4100	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4101	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense;
4102	(b) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(b):
4103	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b)(ii) or [(4)] (5)(a), not less than 10
4104	years and which may be for life; or
4105	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4106	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense;
4107	or
4108	(c) for an aggravated sexual assault described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(c):
4109	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(2)] (3)(c)(ii) or [(5)] (6)(a), not less than six
4110	years and which may be for life; or
4111	(ii) life without parole, if the trier of fact finds that at the time of the commission of the
4112	aggravated sexual assault, the defendant was previously convicted of a grievous sexual offense.
4113	[(3)] $(4)$ (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection $[(2)]$ $(3)$ (a)(i), a court finds
4114	that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [ $(2)$ ] $(3)$ (a)(i) is in the interests of
4115	justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of
4116	imprisonment of not less than:
4117	(i) 10 years and which may be for life; or
4118	(ii) six years and which may be for life.
4119	(b) The provisions of Subsection [(3)] (4)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is
4120	sentenced under Subsection [(2)] (3)(a)(ii).
4121	[(4)] (5) (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection [(2)] (3)(b)(i), a court finds

4122 that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(b)(i) is in the interests of 4123 justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of 4124 imprisonment of not less than six years and which may be for life. 4125 (b) The provisions of Subsection [(4)] (5)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is 4126 sentenced under Subsection  $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$  (3)(b)(ii). 4127  $[\frac{5}{2}]$  (6) (a) If, when imposing a sentence under Subsection  $[\frac{2}{2}]$  (3)(c)(i), a court finds 4128 that a lesser term than the term described in Subsection [(2)] (3)(c)(i) is in the interests of 4129 justice and states the reasons for this finding on the record, the court may impose a term of 4130 imprisonment of not less than three years and which may be for life. 4131 (b) The provisions of Subsection [(5)] (6)(a) do not apply when a [person] defendant is 4132 sentenced under Subsection [(2)] (3)(c)(ii). 4133  $[\frac{(6)}{(7)}]$  (7) Subsections  $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$  (3)(a)(ii),  $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$  (3)(b)(ii), and  $[\frac{(2)}{(2)}]$  (3)(c)(ii) do not apply if 4134 the defendant was younger than 18 years [of age] old at the time of the offense. 4135 [<del>(7)</del>] (8) Imprisonment under this section is mandatory in accordance with Section 4136 76-3-406. 4137 Section 91. Section **76-5-406.3** is amended to read: 4138 76-5-406.3. Applicability of sentencing provisions. 4139 A person convicted of a violation of Section 76-5-301.1, child kidnaping; Section 4140 76-5-302, aggravated kidnaping; Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child; Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; Section [76-5-404.1] 76-5-404.3, 4141 4142 aggravated sexual abuse of a child; or Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault shall be 4143 sentenced as follows: 4144 (1) If the person is sentenced prior to April 29, 1996, he shall be sentenced in 4145 accordance with the statutory provisions in effect prior to that date. 4146 (2) If the person commits the crime and is sentenced on or after April 29, 1996, he 4147 shall be punished in accordance with the statutory provisions in effect after April 29, 1996. 4148 (3) If the person commits the crime prior to April 29, 1996, but is sentenced on or after 4149 April 29, 1996, he shall be given the option prior to sentencing to proceed either under the law 4150 which was in effect at the time the offense was committed or the law which was in effect at the 4151 time of sentencing. If the person refuses to select, the court shall sentence the person in 4152 accordance with the law in effect at the time of sentencing. The provisions of Subsections

4153 77-27-9(2)(a) and (b) apply to the sentence of any person who selects under this section to be 4154 sentenced in accordance with the law in effect prior to April 29, 1996. 4155 Section 92. Section **76-5-406.5** is amended to read: 4156 76-5-406.5. Circumstances required for probation or suspension of sentence for 4157 certain sex offenses against a child. 4158 (1) In a case involving a conviction for a violation of Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a 4159 child; Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child; Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; or any 4160 attempt to commit a felony under those sections or a conviction for a violation of [Subsections 4161 <del>76-5-404.1(4) and (5)</del>] Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated sexual abuse of a child, the court may 4162 suspend execution of sentence and consider probation to a residential sexual abuse treatment 4163 center only if all of the following circumstances are found by the court to be present and the 4164 court in its discretion, considering the circumstances of the offense, including the nature, 4165 frequency, and duration of the conduct, and considering the best interests of the public and the 4166 child victim, finds probation to a residential sexual abuse treatment center to be proper: 4167 (a) the defendant did not use a weapon, force, violence, substantial duress or menace, 4168 or threat of harm, in committing the offense or before or after committing the offense, in an 4169 attempt to frighten the child victim or keep the child victim from reporting the offense; 4170 (b) the defendant did not cause bodily injury to the child victim during or as a result of 4171 the offense and did not cause the child victim severe psychological harm; 4172 (c) the defendant, prior to the offense, had not been convicted of any public offense in 4173 Utah or elsewhere involving sexual misconduct in the commission of the offense; 4174 (d) the defendant did not commit an offense described in this Part 4, Sexual Offenses, 4175 against more than one child victim or victim, at the same time, or during the same course of 4176 conduct, or previous to or subsequent to the instant offense; 4177 (e) the defendant did not use, show, or display pornography or create sexually-related 4178 photographs or tape recordings in the course of the offense; 4179 (f) the defendant did not act in concert with another offender during the offense or 4180 knowingly commit the offense in the presence of a person other than the victim or with lewd

or sexual act by the child victim with any other person or sexual performance by the child

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intent to reveal the offense to another;

(g) the defendant did not encourage, aid, allow, or benefit from any act of prostitution

4184 victim before any other person;

(h) the defendant admits the offense of which he has been convicted and has been accepted for mental health treatment in a residential sexual abuse treatment center that has been approved by the Department of Corrections under Subsection (3);

- (i) rehabilitation of the defendant through treatment is probable, based upon evidence provided by a treatment professional who has been approved by the Department of Corrections under Subsection (3) and who has accepted the defendant for treatment;
- (j) prior to being sentenced, the defendant has undergone a complete psychological evaluation conducted by a professional approved by the Department of Corrections and:
- (i) the professional's opinion is that the defendant is not an exclusive pedophile and does not present an immediate and present danger to the community if released on probation and placed in a residential sexual abuse treatment center; and
  - (ii) the court accepts the opinion of the professional;
- (k) if the offense is committed by a parent, stepparent, adoptive parent, or legal guardian of the child victim, the defendant shall, in addition to establishing all other conditions of this section, establish it is in the child victim's best interest that the defendant not be imprisoned, by presenting evidence provided by a treatment professional who:
- 4201 (i) is treating the child victim and understands he will be treating the family as a whole; 4202 or
  - (ii) has assessed the child victim for purposes of treatment as ordered by the court based on a showing of good cause; and
  - (l) if probation is imposed, the defendant, as a condition of probation, may not reside in a home where children younger than 18 years [of age] old reside for at least one year beginning with the commencement of treatment, and may not again take up residency in a home where children younger than 18 years [of age] old reside during the period of probation until allowed to do so by order of the court.
  - (2) A term of incarceration of at least 90 days is to be served prior to treatment and continue until the time when bed space is available at a residential sexual abuse treatment center as provided under Subsection (3) and probation is to be imposed for up to a maximum of 10 years.
    - (3) (a) The Department of Corrections shall develop qualification criteria for the

approval of the sexual abuse treatment programs and professionals under this section. The criteria shall include the screening criteria employed by the department for sexual offenders.

- (b) The sexual abuse treatment program shall be at least one year in duration, shall be residential, and shall specifically address the sexual conduct for which the defendant was convicted.
- (4) Establishment by the defendant of all the criteria of this section does not mandate the granting under this section of probation or modification of the sentence that would otherwise be imposed by Section 76-3-406 regarding sexual offenses against children. The court has discretion to deny the request based upon its consideration of the circumstances of the offense, including:
  - (a) the nature, frequency, and duration of the conduct;
- (b) the effects of the conduct on any child victim involved;

- (c) the best interest of the public and any child victim; and
- (d) the characteristics of the defendant, including any risk the defendant presents to the public and specifically to children.
- (5) The defendant has the burden to establish by a preponderance of evidence eligibility under all of the criteria of this section.
- (6) If the court finds a defendant granted probation under this section fails to cooperate or succeed in treatment or violates probation to any substantial degree, the sentence previously imposed for the offense shall be immediately executed.
- (7) The court shall enter written findings of fact regarding the conditions established by the defendant that justify the granting of probation under this section.
- (8) In cases involving conviction of any sexual offense against a child other than those offenses provided in Subsection (1), the court shall consider the circumstances described in Subsection (1) as advisory in determining whether or not execution of sentence should be suspended and probation granted. The defendant is not required to satisfy all of those circumstances for eligibility pursuant to this Subsection (8).
- Section 93. Section **76-5-407** is amended to read:
- 4243 76-5-407. Consensual conduct in marriage.
- 4244 [(1)] The provisions of this part do not apply to consensual conduct between 4245 individuals married to each other.

1246	[ <del>(2) In any prosecution for:</del> ]
1247	[(a) the following offenses, any sexual penetration, however slight, is sufficient to
1248	constitute the relevant element of the offense:
1249	[(i) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401, involving
1250	sexual intercourse;]
4251	[(ii) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old, a violation of Section
1252	76-5-401.2, involving sexual intercourse; or]
1253	[(iii) rape, a violation of Section 76-5-402; or]
1254	[(b) the following offenses, any touching, however slight, is sufficient to constitute the
1255	relevant element of the offense:
1256	[(i) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401, involving
1257	acts of sodomy;]
1258	[(ii) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16 or 17 year old, a violation of Section
1259	76-5-401.2, involving acts of sodomy;]
1260	[(iii) forcible sodomy, a violation of Subsection 76-5-403(2);]
4261	[(iv) rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.1; or]
1262	[(v) object rape of a child, a violation of Section 76-5-402.3.]
1263	[(3) In any prosecution for the following offenses, any touching, even if accomplished
1264	through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the relevant element of the offense:
1265	[(a) sodomy on a child, a violation of Section 76-5-403.1;]
1266	[(b) sexual abuse of a child or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, a violation of Section
1267	<del>76-5-404.1;</del> ]
1268	[(c) sexual abuse of a minor, a violation of Section 76-5-401.1;]
1269	[(d) unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old, a violation of Section
1270	<del>76-5-401.2;</del> ]
1271	[(e) forcible sexual abuse, a violation of Section 76-5-404;]
1272	[(f) custodial sexual relations, a violation of Section 76-5-412; or]
1273	[(g) custodial sexual relations or misconduct with youth receiving state services, a
1274	violation of Section 76-5-413.]
1275	Section 94. Section <b>76-5-412</b> is amended to read:
1276	76-5-412. Custodial sexual relations Penalties Defenses and limitations.

4277	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4278	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> "Actor" means:
4279	(A) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103;
4280	[(i)] (B) a correctional officer, as defined in Section 53-13-104;
4281	[(ii)] (C) a special function officer, as defined in Section 53-13-105; or
4282	[(iii) a law enforcement officer, as defined in Section 53-13-103; or]
4283	[(iv)] (D) an employee of, or private provider or contractor for, the Department of
4284	Corrections or a county jail.
4285	(ii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4286	[(b)] (iii) "Person in custody" means an individual, either an adult 18 years [of age] old
4287	or older, or a minor younger than 18 years [of age] old, who is:
4288	[(i)] (A) a prisoner, as defined in Section 76-5-101, and includes a prisoner who is in
4289	the custody of the Department of Corrections created under Section 64-13-2, but who is being
4290	housed at the Utah State Hospital established under Section 62A-15-601 or other medical
4291	facility;
4292	[(ii)] (B) under correctional supervision, such as at a work release facility or as a
4293	parolee or probationer; or
4294	[(iii)] (C) under lawful or unlawful arrest, either with or without a warrant.
4295	[(c)] (iv) "Private provider or contractor" means [any person or entity] a person that
4296	contracts with the Department of Corrections or with a county jail to provide services or
4297	functions that are part of the operation of the Department of Corrections or a county jail under
4298	state or local law.
4299	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4300	(2) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual relations if the actor commits any of the acts
4301	under Subsection [ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(2)(b)</u> :
4302	(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4303	offense under Subsection $[(6)]$ $(4)$ ; and
4304	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the <u>injured</u> individual is a person in custody; or
4305	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4306	circumstances that the <u>injured</u> individual was a person in custody.
4307	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:

4308	(i) having sexual intercourse with a person in custody;
4309	(ii) engaging in a sexual act with a person in custody involving the genitals of one
4310	individual and the mouth or anus of another individual; or
4311	(iii) (A) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a
4312	person in custody by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of
4313	the human body; and
4314	(B) intending to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual.
4315	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4316	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4317	[(b)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a third degree felony[, but if].
4318	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the person in custody is younger than 18
4319	years [of age] old, a violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a second degree felony.
4320	(c) If the act committed under [this] Subsection [(2)] (3) amounts to an offense subject
4321	to a greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection
4322	[(2)] (3), this Subsection $[(2)]$ (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more
4323	serious offense.
4324	[(3) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:]
4325	[(a) having sexual intercourse with a person in custody;]
4326	[(b) engaging in any sexual act with a person in custody involving the genitals of one
4327	individual and the mouth or anus of another individual, regardless of the sex of either
4328	participant; or]
4329	[(c) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a person
4330	in custody by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part of the
4331	human body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual,
4332	regardless of the sex of any participant.]
4333	[(4) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct if the actor commits any of the
4334	acts under Subsection (5):]
4335	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4336	offense under Subsection (6); and]
4337	[(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a person in custody; or]
4338	[(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the

4339	circumstances that the individual was a person in custody.]
4340	[(b) A violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a class A misdemeanor, but if the person in
4341	custody is younger than 18 years of age, a violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a third degree
4342	felony.]
4343	[(c) If the act committed under this Subsection (4) amounts to an offense subject to a
4344	greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (4),
4345	this Subsection (4) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.]
4346	[(5) Acts referred to in Subsection (4)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4347	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
4348	arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant:]
4349	[(a) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a person in
4350	custody;]
4351	[(b) touching the breast of a female person in custody; or]
4352	[(c) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a person in custody.]
4353	$[\underline{(6)}]$ $\underline{(4)}$ The offenses referred to in [Subsections] Subsection (2)(a)(i) and $\underline{(4)(a)(i)}$
4354	<u>Subsection 76-5-412.2(2)(a)(i)</u> are:
4355	(a) Section 76-5-401, unlawful sexual activity with a minor;
4356	(b) Section 76-5-402, rape;
4357	(c) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
4358	(d) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;
4359	(e) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;
4360	(f) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy;
4361	(g) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;
4362	(h) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;
4363	(i) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child, or Section 76-5-404.3, aggravated
4364	sexual abuse of a child; or
4365	(j) Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault.
4366	[(7)] (5) (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or the attempt to commit, the
4367	offense of custodial sexual relations under Subsection (2) [or custodial sexual misconduct
4368	under Subsection (4), or an attempt to commit either of these offenses,] if the person in custody
4369	is younger than 18 years [of age] old, that the actor:

4370	(i) mistakenly believed the person in custody to be 18 years [of age] old or older at the
4371	time of the alleged offense; or
4372	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the person in custody.
4373	(b) Consent of the person in custody is not a defense to any violation or attempted
4374	violation of Subsection (2) [or (4)].
4375	[ <del>(8)</del> ] (6) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2)
4376	[or (4)] is the result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4377	Section 95. Section 76-5-412.2 is enacted to read:
4378	76-5-412.2. Custodial sexual misconduct Penalties Defenses.
4379	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4380	(i) "Actor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-412.
4381	(ii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4382	(iii) "Person in custody" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-412.
4383	(iv) "Private provider or contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4384	<u>76-5-412.</u>
4385	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4386	(2) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct if:
4387	(i) the actor commits any of the acts under Subsection (2)(b) under circumstances not
4388	amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an offense under Subsection
4389	76-5-412(4); and
4390	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the injured individual is a person in custody; or
4391	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4392	circumstances that the injured individual was a person in custody.
4393	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4394	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to another individual or with the intent
4395	to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
4396	(i) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a person in
4397	custody;
4398	(ii) touching the breast of a female person in custody; or
4399	(iii) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a person in custody.
4400	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.

4401	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the person in custody is younger than 18
4402	years old, a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
4403	(c) If the act committed under Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a greater
4404	penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (3), this
4405	Subsection (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
4406	(4) (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or attempt to commit, the offense
4407	described in Subsection (2) if the person in custody is younger than 18 years old, that the actor:
4408	(i) mistakenly believed the person in custody to be 18 years old or older at the time of
4409	the alleged offense; or
4410	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the person in custody.
4411	(b) Consent of the person in custody is not a defense to any violation or attempted
4412	violation of Subsection (2).
4413	(5) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2) is the
4414	result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4415	Section 96. Section 76-5-413 is amended to read:
4416	76-5-413. Custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services
4417	Penalties Defenses and limitations.
4418	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4419	[ <del>(a)</del> ] <u>(i)</u> "Actor" means:
4420	[(i)] (A) an individual employed by the Department of Human Services, as created in
4421	Section 62A-1-102, or an employee of a private provider or contractor; or
4422	[(ii)] (B) an individual employed by the juvenile court of the state, or an employee of a
4423	private provider or contractor.
4424	[(b)] (ii) "Department" means the Department of Human Services created in Section
4425	62A-1-102.
4426	(iii) "Indecent liberties" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-401.1.
4427	[(c)] (iv) "Juvenile court" means the juvenile court of the state created in Section
4428	78A-6-102.
4429	[(d)] (v) "Private provider or contractor" means [any individual or entity] a person that
4430	contracts with the:
4431	[(i)] (A) department to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of the

4432	department; or
4433	[(ii)] (B) juvenile court to provide services or functions that are part of the operation of
4434	the juvenile court.
4435	[(e)] (vi) "Youth receiving state services" means an individual:
4436	[(i)] (A) younger than 18 years old, except as provided under Subsection $[(1)(e)(ii)]$
4437	(1)(a)(vi)(B), who is:
4438	[(A)] (I) in the custody of the department under Section 80-6-703; or
4439	[(B)] (II) receiving services from any division of the department if any portion of the
4440	costs of these services is covered by public money; or
4441	[(ii)] (B) younger than 21 years old:
4442	[(A)] (I) who is in the custody of the Division of Juvenile Justice Services, or the
4443	Division of Child and Family Services; or
4444	[(B)] (II) whose case is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
4445	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4446	(2) (a) [An] Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits custodial sexual
4447	relations with a youth receiving state services if:
4448	(i) the actor commits any of the acts [under Subsection (3):] described in Subsection
4449	(2)(b); and
4450	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
4451	offense under Subsection (6); and]
4452	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the <u>injured</u> individual is a youth receiving state services;
4453	or
4454	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4455	circumstances that the <u>injured</u> individual was a youth receiving state services.
4456	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a)(i) are:
4457	(i) having sexual intercourse with a youth receiving state services;
4458	(ii) engaging in any sexual act with a youth receiving state services involving the
4459	genitals of one individual and the mouth or anus of another individual; or
4460	(iii) (A) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a
4461	youth receiving state services by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including
4462	a part of the human body; and

1463	(B) with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual,
1464	regardless of the sex of any participant, or with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire
1465	of any individual.
1466	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
1467	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
1468	[(b)] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a third degree felony[, but if].
1469	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the youth receiving state services is younger
1470	than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (2)[(a)] is a second degree felony.
1471	(c) If the act committed under [this] Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a
1472	greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection [(2)]
1473	(3), this Subsection [(2)] (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious
1474	offense.
1475	[(3) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are:]
1476	[(a) having sexual intercourse with a youth receiving state services;]
1477	[(b) engaging in any sexual act with a youth receiving state services involving the
1478	genitals of one individual and the mouth or anus of another individual, regardless of the sex of
1479	either participant; or]
1480	[(c) causing the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of a youth
1481	receiving state services by any foreign object, substance, instrument, or device, including a part
1482	of the human body, with the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any
1483	individual, regardless of the sex of any participant or with the intent to arouse or gratify the
1484	sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant.]
1485	[(4) (a) An actor commits custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state
1486	services if the actor commits any of the acts under Subsection (5):]
1487	[(i) under circumstances not amounting to commission of, or an attempt to commit, an
1488	offense under Subsection (6); and]
1489	[(ii) (A) the actor knows that the individual is a youth receiving state services; or]
1490	[(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
1491	circumstances that the individual was a youth receiving state services.]
1492	[(b) A violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a class A misdemeanor, but if the youth
1493	receiving state services is younger than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (4)(a) is a third

1494	degree felony.]
1495	[(c) If the act committed under this Subsection (4) amounts to an offense subject to a
1496	greater penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (4),
1497	this Subsection (4) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.]
1498	[(5) Acts referred to in Subsection (4)(a) are the following acts when committed with
1499	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
4500	arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual, regardless of the sex of any participant:]
4501	[(a) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a youth
4502	receiving state services;]
4503	[(b) touching the breast of a female youth receiving state services; or]
4504	[(c) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a youth receiving state services.]
4505	[(6) The offenses referred to in Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (4)(a)(i) are:]
4506	[(a) Section 76-5-401, unlawful sexual activity with a minor;]
4507	[ <del>(b)</del> Section 76-5-402, rape;]
4508	[(c) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;]
1509	[(d) Section 76-5-402.2, object rape;]
4510	[(e) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;]
4511	[(f) Section 76-5-403, forcible sodomy;]
4512	[ <del>(g)</del> Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child;
4513	[(h) Section 76-5-404, forcible sexual abuse;]
4514	[(i) Section 76-5-404.1, sexual abuse of a child or aggravated sexual abuse of a child;
4515	or]
4516	[ <del>(j)</del> Section 76-5-405, aggravated sexual assault.]
4517	(4) If the conduct of the actor amounts to a violation under one or more of the
4518	following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the actor shall be charged with
4519	the violation and not under Subsection (2):
4520	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
4521	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
1522	(c) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
1523	(d) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
4524	(e) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;

4525	(f) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
4526	(g) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;
4527	(h) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
4528	(i) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.1;
4529	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.3; or
4530	(k) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405.
4531	$\left[\frac{7}{2}\right]$ (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or an attempt to commit, the
4532	offense [of custodial sexual relations with a youth receiving state services under] described in
4533	Subsection (2) [or custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services under
4534	Subsection (4), or an attempt to commit either of these offenses,] if the youth receiving state
4535	services is younger than 18 years old, that the actor:
4536	(i) mistakenly believed the youth receiving state services to be 18 years old or older at
4537	the time of the alleged offense; or
4538	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the youth receiving state services.
4539	(b) Consent of the youth receiving state services is not a defense to any violation or
4540	attempted violation of Subsection (2) [or (4)].
4541	[ <del>(8)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2)
4542	[or (4)] is the result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4543	Section 97. Section 76-5-413.2 is enacted to read:
4544	76-5-413.2. Custodial sexual misconduct with a youth receiving state services
4545	Penalties Defenses and limitations.
4546	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4547	(i) "Actor" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4548	(ii) "Department" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4549	(iii) "Juvenile court" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-413.
4550	(iv) "Private provider or contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4551	<u>76-5-413.</u>
4552	(v) "Youth receiving state services" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4553	<u>76-5-413.</u>
4554	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4555	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4), an actor commits custodial sexual

4556	misconduct with a youth receiving state services if:
4557	(i) the actor commits any of the acts described in Subsection (2)(b); and
4558	(ii) (A) the actor knows that the injured individual is a youth receiving state services;
1559	<u>or</u>
4560	(B) a reasonable person in the actor's position should have known under the
4561	circumstances that the injured individual was a youth receiving state services.
4562	(b) Acts referred to in Subsection (2)(a) are the following acts when committed with
4563	the intent to cause substantial emotional or bodily pain to any individual or with the intent to
1564	arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any individual:
4565	(i) touching the anus, buttocks, pubic area, or any part of the genitals of a youth
4566	receiving state services;
4567	(ii) touching the breast of a female youth receiving state services; or
4568	(iii) otherwise taking indecent liberties with a youth receiving state services.
1569	(c) Any touching, even if accomplished through clothing, is sufficient to constitute the
4570	relevant element of a violation of Subsection (2)(a).
4571	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
4572	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), if the youth receiving state services is younger
4573	than 18 years old, a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree felony.
1574	(c) If the act committed under Subsection (2) amounts to an offense subject to a greater
1575	penalty under another provision of state law than is provided under this Subsection (3), this
4576	Subsection (3) does not prohibit prosecution and sentencing for the more serious offense.
1577	(4) If the conduct of the actor amounts to a violation under one or more of the
4578	following, or an attempt to violate one or more of the following, the actor shall be charged with
4579	the violation and not under Subsection (2):
4580	(a) unlawful sexual activity with a minor, in violation of Section 76-5-401;
4581	(b) rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402;
4582	(c) rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.1;
4583	(d) object rape, in violation of Section 76-5-402.2;
1584	(e) object rape of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-402.3;
4585	(f) forcible sodomy, in violation of Section 76-5-403;
1586	(g) sodomy on a child, in violation of Section 76-5-403.1;

4587	(h) forcible sexual abuse, in violation of Section 76-5-404;
4588	(i) sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.1;
4589	(j) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, in violation of Section 76-5-404.3; or
4590	(k) aggravated sexual assault, in violation of Section 76-5-405.
4591	(5) (a) It is not a defense to the commission of, or an attempt to commit, the offense
4592	described in Subsection (2) if the youth receiving state services is younger than 18 years old,
4593	that the actor:
4594	(i) mistakenly believed the youth receiving state services to be 18 years old or older at
4595	the time of the alleged offense; or
4596	(ii) was unaware of the true age of the youth receiving state services.
4597	(b) Consent of the youth receiving state services is not a defense to any violation or
4598	attempted violation of Subsection (2).
4599	(6) It is a defense that the commission by the actor of an act under Subsection (2) is the
4600	result of compulsion, as the defense is described in Subsection 76-2-302(1).
4601	Section 98. Section <b>76-5-701</b> is amended to read:
4602	76-5-701. Female genital mutilation definition.
4603	(1) As used in this part, [female genital mutilation] "female genital mutilation" means
4604	any procedure that involves partial or total removal of the external female genitalia, or any
4605	harmful procedure to the female genitalia, including:
4606	(a) clitoridectomy;
4607	(b) the partial or total removal of the clitoris or the prepuce;
4608	(c) excision or the partial or total removal of the clitoris and the labia minora, with or
4609	without excision of the labia majora;
4610	(d) infibulation or the narrowing of the vaginal orifice with the creation of a covering
4611	seal by cutting and appositioning the labia minora or the labia majora, with or without excision
4612	of the clitoris;
4613	(e) pricking, piercing, incising, or scraping, and cauterizing the genital area; or
4614	(f) any other actions intended to alter the structure or function of the female genitalia
4615	for non-medical reasons.
4616	(2) Female genital mutilation is considered a form of child abuse for mandatory
4617	reporting under Section 62A-49-403

4618	Section 99. Section 76-5-702 is amended to read:
4619	76-5-702. Prohibition on female genital mutilation Exceptions.
4620	[(1) It is a second degree felony for any person to:]
4621	(1) Terms defined in Sections 76-1-101.5 and 76-5-701 apply to this section.
4622	(2) An actor commits female genital mutilation if the actor:
4623	(a) [perform] performs a procedure described in Section 76-5-701 on a female under 18
4624	years [of age] old;
4625	(b) [give] gives permission for or [permit] permits a procedure described in Section
4626	76-5-701 to be performed on a female under 18 years [of age] old; or
4627	(c) [remove or cause, permit, or facilitate] removes, causes, permits, or facilitates the
4628	removal of a female under 18 years [of age] old from this state for the purpose of facilitating
4629	the performance of a procedure described in Section 76-5-701 on the female.
4630	(3) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4631	[(2)] (4) It is not a defense to [female genital mutilation] this section that the conduct
4632	described in Section 76-5-701 is required as a matter of religion, custom, ritual, or standard
4633	practice, or that the individual on whom it is performed or the individual's parent or guardian
4634	consented to the procedure.
4635	[(3)] (5) A surgical procedure is not a violation of [Section 76-5-701] this section if the
4636	procedure is performed by a physician licensed as a medical professional in the place it is
4637	performed and the procedure is:
4638	(a) medically advisable;
4639	(b) necessary to preserve or protect the physical health of the [person] individual on
4640	whom it is performed; or
4641	(c) requested for sex reassignment surgery by the [person] individual on whom it is
4642	performed.
4643	[(4) A] (6) The license of any medical professional licensed in accordance with Title
4644	58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice Act, Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, Title 58,
4645	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act, or Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
4646	Assistant Act, who is convicted of a violation of this section shall [have their license] be
4647	permanently revoked by the appropriate licensing board.
4648	Section 100. Section <b>76-5-704</b> is amended to read:

4649	76-5-704. Civil cause of action.
4650	(1) [A victim of] An individual upon whom female genital mutilation was performed
4651	may bring a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction for female genital mutilation any
4652	time within 10 years of:
4653	(a) the procedure being performed; or
4654	(b) the victim's 18th birthday.
4655	(2) The court may award actual, compensatory, and punitive damages, and any other
4656	appropriate relief.
4657	(3) A prevailing plaintiff shall be awarded attorney fees and costs.
4658	(4) Treble damages may be awarded if the plaintiff proves the defendant's acts were
4659	willful and malicious.
4660	(5) If a health care provider is charged and prosecuted for a violation of Section
4661	76-5-702, Section 78B-3-416 may not apply to an action against the health care provider under
4662	this section.
4663	Section 101. Section <b>76-5b-103</b> is amended to read:
4664	76-5b-103. Definitions.
4665	As used in this chapter:
4666	(1) "Child pornography" means any visual depiction, including any live performance,
4667	photograph, film, video, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether
4668	made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually explicit conduct,
4669	where:
4670	(a) the production of the visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in
4671	sexually explicit conduct;
4672	(b) the visual depiction is of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or
4673	(c) the visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an
4674	identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit conduct.
4675	(2) "Distribute" means the selling, exhibiting, displaying, wholesaling, retailing,
4676	providing, giving, granting admission to, or otherwise transferring or presenting child
4677	pornography or vulnerable adult pornography with or without consideration.
4678	(3) "Identifiable minor" means a person:
4679	(a) (i) who was a minor at the time the visual depiction was created, adapted, or

4680	modified; or
4681	(ii) whose image as a minor was used in creating, adapting, or modifying the visual
4682	depiction; and
4683	(b) who is recognizable as an actual person by the person's face, likeness, or other
4684	distinguishing characteristic, such as a birthmark, or other recognizable feature.
4685	(4) "Identifiable vulnerable adult" means a person:
4686	(a) (i) who was a vulnerable adult at the time the visual depiction was created, adapted
4687	or modified; or
4688	(ii) whose image as a vulnerable adult was used in creating, adapting, or modifying the
4689	visual depiction; and
4690	(b) who is recognizable as an actual person by the person's face, likeness, or other
4691	distinguishing characteristic, such as a birthmark, or other recognizable feature.
4692	(5) "Lacks capacity to consent" is as defined in [Subsection 76-5-111(1)] Section
4693	<u>76-5-111.4</u> .
4694	(6) "Live performance" means any act, play, dance, pantomime, song, or other activity
4695	performed by live actors in person.
4696	(7) "Minor" means a person younger than 18 years [of age] old.
4697	(8) "Nudity or partial nudity" means any state of dress or undress in which the human
4698	genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or the female breast, at a point below the top of the areola, is
4699	less than completely and opaquely covered.
4700	(9) "Produce" means:
4701	(a) the photographing, filming, taping, directing, producing, creating, designing, or
4702	composing of child pornography or vulnerable adult pornography; or
4703	(b) the securing or hiring of persons to engage in the photographing, filming, taping,
4704	directing, producing, creating, designing, or composing of child pornography or vulnerable
4705	adult pornography.
4706	(10) "Sexually explicit conduct" means actual or simulated:
4707	(a) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or oral-anal,
4708	whether between persons of the same or opposite sex;
4709	(b) masturbation;
4710	(c) bestiality;

4711	(d) sadistic or masochistic activities;
4712	(e) lascivious exhibition of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast of any
4713	person;
4714	(f) the visual depiction of nudity or partial nudity for the purpose of causing sexual
4715	arousal of any person;
4716	(g) the fondling or touching of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast; or
4717	(h) the explicit representation of the defecation or urination functions.
4718	(11) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means a feigned or pretended act of
4719	sexually explicit conduct which duplicates, within the perception of an average person, the
4720	appearance of an actual act of sexually explicit conduct.
4721	(12) "Vulnerable adult" is as defined in Subsection 76-5-111(1).
4722	(13) "Vulnerable adult pornography" means any visual depiction, including any live
4723	performance, photograph, film, video, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or
4724	picture, whether made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually
4725	explicit conduct, where:
4726	(a) the production of the visual depiction involves the use of a vulnerable adult
4727	engaging in sexually explicit conduct;
4728	(b) the visual depiction is of a vulnerable adult engaging in sexually explicit conduct;
4729	or
4730	(c) the visual depiction has been created, adapted, or modified to appear that an
4731	identifiable vulnerable adult is engaging in sexually explicit conduct.
4732	Section 102. Section <b>76-5b-201</b> is amended to read:
4733	76-5b-201. Sexual exploitation of a minor Offenses.
4734	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4735	[(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits sexual exploitation of a minor:
4736	(a) when the [person] actor:
4737	(i) knowingly produces, possesses, or possesses with intent to distribute child
4738	pornography; or
4739	(ii) intentionally distributes or views child pornography; or
4740	(b) if the [person] actor is a minor's parent or legal guardian and knowingly consents to
4741	or permits the minor to be sexually exploited as described in Subsection [(1)] (2)(a).

4742	[(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), sexual exploitation of a minor
4743	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2) is a second degree felony.
4744	[(b) A violation of Subsection (1)] (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a
4745	violation of Subsection (2) for knowingly producing child pornography is a first degree felony
4746	if the [person] actor produces original child pornography depicting a first degree felony that
4747	involves:
4748	[(i)] (A) the [person] actor or another person engaging in conduct with the minor that is
4749	a violation of:
4750	[(A)] (I) Section 76-5-402.1, rape of a child;
4751	[(B)] (II) Section 76-5-402.3, object rape of a child;
4752	[ <del>(C)</del> ] (III) Section 76-5-403.1, sodomy on a child; or
4753	[(D)] (IV) Section $[76-5-404.1]$ $[76-5-404.3]$ , aggravated sexual abuse of a child; or
4754	[(ii)] (B) the minor being physically abused, as defined in Section 80-1-102.
4755	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(b)}\right]$ It is a separate offense under this section:
4756	[(a)] (i) for each minor depicted in the child pornography; and
4757	[(b)] (ii) for each time the same minor is depicted in different child pornography.
4758	(4) (a) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating this section that no minor
4759	was actually depicted in the visual depiction or used in producing or advertising the visual
4760	depiction.
4761	(b) For a charge of violating this section for knowingly possessing or intentionally
4762	viewing child pornography, it is an affirmative defense that:
4763	(i) the defendant:
4764	(A) did not solicit the child pornography from the minor depicted in the child
4765	pornography;
4766	(B) is not more than two years older than the minor depicted in the child pornography;
4767	and
4768	(C) upon request of a law enforcement agent or the minor depicted in the child
4769	pornography, removes from an electronic device or destroys the child pornography and all
4770	copies of the child pornography in the defendant's possession; and
4771	(ii) the child pornography does not depict an offense under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part
4772	4, Sexual Offenses.

4773	(5) In proving a violation of this section in relation to an identifiable minor, proof of
4774	the actual identity of the identifiable minor is not required.
4775	(6) This section may not be construed to impose criminal or civil liability on:
4776	(a) an entity or an employee, director, officer, or agent of an entity when acting within
4777	the scope of employment, for the good faith performance of:
4778	(i) reporting or data preservation duties required under federal or state law; or
4779	(ii) implementing a policy of attempting to prevent the presence of child pornography
4780	on tangible or intangible property, or of detecting and reporting the presence of child
4781	pornography on the property;
4782	(b) a law enforcement officer acting within the scope of a criminal investigation;
4783	(c) an employee of a court who may be required to view child pornography during the
4784	course of and within the scope of the employee's employment;
4785	(d) a juror who may be required to view child pornography during the course of the
4786	individual's service as a juror;
4787	(e) an attorney or employee of an attorney who is required to view child pornography
4788	during the course of a judicial process and while acting within the scope of employment;
4789	(f) an employee of the Department of Human Services who is required to view child
4790	pornography within the scope of the employee's employment; or
4791	(g) an attorney who is required to view child pornography within the scope of the
4792	attorney's responsibility to represent the Department of Human Services, including the
4793	divisions and offices within the Department of Human Services.
4794	Section 103. Section 76-5b-202 is amended to read:
4795	76-5b-202. Sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult Offenses.
4796	(1) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4797	[(1) A person is guilty of] (2) An actor commits sexual exploitation of a vulnerable
4798	adult if the [person] actor:
4799	(a) (i) (A) knowingly produces, possesses, or possesses with intent to distribute
4800	material that the [person] actor knows is vulnerable adult pornography; or
4801	(B) intentionally distributes or views material that the [person] actor knows is
4802	vulnerable adult pornography; and
4803	(ii) the vulnerable adult who appears in, or is depicted in, the vulnerable adult

1804	pornography lacks capacity to consent to the conduct described in Subsection $[(1)]$ (2)(a); or
1805	(b) is a vulnerable adult's legal guardian and knowingly consents to, or permits the
1806	vulnerable adult to be, sexually exploited as described in Subsection $[(1)]$ $(2)$ (a).
1807	[(2) Sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult] (3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a
1808	third degree felony.
1809	[(3)] (b) It is a separate offense under this section:
4810	[(a)] (i) for each vulnerable adult depicted in the vulnerable adult pornography; and
4811	[(b)] (ii) for each time the same vulnerable adult is depicted in different vulnerable
4812	adult pornography.
4813	(4) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of violating this section that no vulnerable
4814	adult was actually depicted in the visual depiction or used in producing or advertising the
4815	visual depiction.
4816	(5) In proving a violation of this section in relation to an identifiable vulnerable adult,
4817	proof of the actual identity of the identifiable vulnerable adult is not required.
4818	(6) This section may not be construed to impose criminal or civil liability on:
4819	(a) any entity or an employee, director, officer, or agent of an entity, when acting
4820	within the scope of employment, for the good faith performance of:
4821	(i) reporting or data preservation duties required under any federal or state law; or
1822	(ii) implementing a policy of attempting to prevent the presence of vulnerable adult
1823	pornography on any tangible or intangible property, or of detecting and reporting the presence
1824	of vulnerable adult pornography on the property; or
1825	(b) any law enforcement officer acting within the scope of a criminal investigation.
4826	Section 104. Section <b>76-5b-203</b> is amended to read:
1827	76-5b-203. Distribution of an intimate image Penalty.
1828	(1) (a) As used in this section:
1829	[(a)] (i) "Distribute" means selling, exhibiting, displaying, wholesaling, retailing,
4830	providing, giving, granting admission to, providing access to, or otherwise transferring or
4831	presenting an image to another individual, with or without consideration.
4832	[(b)] (ii) "Intimate image" means any visual depiction, photograph, film, video,
1833	recording, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made or
1834	produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, that depicts:

1835	[(i)] (A) exposed human male or female genitals or pubic area, with less than an
1836	opaque covering;
1837	[(ii)] (B) a female breast with less than an opaque covering, or any portion of the
1838	female breast below the top of the areola; or
1839	[(iii)] (C) the individual engaged in any sexually explicit conduct.
1840	[(c)] (iii) "Sexually explicit conduct" means actual or simulated:
4841	[(i)] (A) sexual intercourse, including genital-genital, oral-genital, anal-genital, or
1842	oral-anal, whether between persons of the same or opposite sex;
1843	[ <del>(ii)</del> ] (B) masturbation;
1844	[(iii)] (C) bestiality;
1845	[(iv)] (D) sadistic or masochistic activities;
1846	[(v)] (E) exhibition of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female breast of any
1847	individual;
1848	[(vi)] (F) visual depiction of nudity or partial nudity;
1849	[(vii)] (G) fondling or touching of the genitals, pubic region, buttocks, or female
1850	breast; or
4851	[(viii)] (H) explicit representation of the defecation or urination functions.
1852	[(d)] (iv) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means a feigned or pretended act of
1853	sexually explicit conduct that duplicates, within the perception of an average person, the
1854	appearance of an actual act of sexually explicit conduct.
4855	(v) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4856	<u>76-1-401.</u>
1857	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4858	(2) (a) An actor commits the offense of distribution of an intimate image if:
1859	(i) the actor knowingly or intentionally distributes to a third party, or knowingly
4860	duplicates or copies an intimate image of an individual who is 18 years old or older and knows
4861	or should know that the distribution, duplication or copying would cause a reasonable person to
1862	suffer emotional distress or harm;
4863	(ii) the actor has not received consent from the individual depicted in the image to
4864	distribute the intimate image;
1865	(iii) the intimate image was created by or provided to the actor under circumstances in

4866	which the individual depicted in the image has a reasonable expectation of privacy; and
4867	(iv) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), actual emotional distress or harm is
4868	caused to the individual depicted in the image as a result of the distribution.
4869	(b) Subsection (2)(a)(iv) is not an element of the offense described in Subsection (2)(a)
4870	if:
4871	(i) the individual depicted in the intimate image was the victim of a crime;
4872	(ii) the intimate image was provided to law enforcement as part of an investigation or
4873	prosecution of a crime committed against the victim;
4874	(iii) the intimate image was distributed without a legitimate law enforcement or
4875	investigative purpose by an individual who had access to the intimate image due to the
4876	individual's association with the investigation or prosecution described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
4877	and
4878	(iv) the victim is incapacitated or deceased.
4879	(3) (a) A violation of Subsection (2) is a class A misdemeanor.
4880	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), a violation of Subsection (2) is a third degree
4881	felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that arises from a
4882	single criminal episode.
4883	[ <del>(3)</del> ] <u>(4)</u> This section does not apply to:
4884	(a) except as provided in Section 76-5b-203.5:
4885	(i) lawful practices of law enforcement agencies;
4886	(ii) prosecutorial agency functions;
4887	(iii) the reporting of a criminal offense;
4888	(iv) court proceedings or any other judicial proceeding; or
4889	(v) lawful and generally accepted medical practices and procedures;
4890	(b) an intimate image if the individual portrayed in the image voluntarily allows public
4891	exposure of the image;
4892	(c) an intimate image that is portrayed in a lawful commercial setting; or
4893	(d) an intimate image that is related to a matter of public concern or interest.
4894	[(4)] (5) (a) This section does not apply to an Internet service provider or interactive
4895	computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230(f)(2), a provider of an electronic
4896	communications service as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2510, a telecommunications service,

1897	information service, or mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 153, including a
1898	commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 332(d), or a cable operator as defined
1899	in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522, if:
1900	(i) the distribution of an intimate image by the Internet service provider occurs only
4901	incidentally through the provider's function of:
1902	(A) transmitting or routing data from one person to another person; or
1903	(B) providing a connection between one person and another person;
1904	(ii) the provider does not intentionally aid or abet in the distribution of the intimate
1905	image; and
1906	(iii) the provider does not knowingly receive from or through a person who distributes
1907	the intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a specific
1908	condition for permitting the person to distribute the intimate image.
1909	(b) This section does not apply to a hosting company, as defined in Section
4910	76-10-1230, if:
4911	(i) the distribution of an intimate image by the hosting company occurs only
4912	incidentally through the hosting company's function of providing data storage space or data
4913	caching to a person;
4914	(ii) the hosting company does not intentionally engage, aid, or abet in the distribution
4915	of the intimate image; and
4916	(iii) the hosting company does not knowingly receive from or through a person who
4917	distributes the intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a
4918	specific condition for permitting the person to distribute, store, or cache the intimate image.
4919	(c) A service provider, as defined in Section 76-10-1230, is not negligent under this
1920	section if it complies with Section 76-10-1231.
1921	[(5) (a) Distribution of an intimate image is a class A misdemeanor except under
1922	Subsection (5)(b).]
1923	[(b) Distribution of an intimate image is a third degree felony on a second or
1924	subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that arises from a separate criminal
1925	episode as defined in Section 76-1-401.]
1926	Section 105. Section 76-5b-203.5 is amended to read:
1927	76-5b-203 5 Misuse of intimate image during a criminal action

4928	(1) (a) As used in this section[ <del>, "intimate image" has the same meaning as</del> ]:
4929	(i) "Criminal action" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-1-3.
4930	(ii) "Intimate" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203.
4931	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4932	[(2) Any actor who] (2) An actor commits misuse of intimate image during a criminal
4933	action if the actor:
4934	(a) obtains access to an intimate image in the course of a criminal action [as defined in
4935	Subsection 77-1-3(1) may not]; and
4936	(b) intentionally [display, duplicate, copy, or share] displays, duplicates, copies, or
4937	shares the intimate image, unless:
4938	[(a)] (i) displaying, duplicating, copying, or sharing the intimate image is done solely
4939	for the purpose of the adjudication, defense, prosecution or investigation of a criminal matter
4940	involving the intimate image;
4941	[(b)] (ii) each individual who is the subject of the intimate image gives written
4942	permission to display, duplicate, copy, or share the intimate image; or
4943	[(c)] (iii) the intimate image was not created by or provided to the actor under
4944	circumstances in which the depicted individual has a reasonable expectation of privacy.
4945	(3) [An actor who violates] A violation of Subsection (2) is [guilty of]:
4946	(a) a class A misdemeanor for a first offense; or
4947	(b) a third degree felony for each subsequent offense.
4948	(4) Nothing in this section precludes an agency that employs an individual who is
4949	involved in a criminal action from establishing internal policies for an individual's violation of
4950	this section.
4951	Section 106. Section <b>76-5b-204</b> is amended to read:
4952	76-5b-204. Sexual extortion Penalties.
4953	(1) (a) As used in this section:
4954	[(a)] (i) "Adult" means an individual 18 years [of age] old or older.
4955	[(b)] (ii) "Child" means any individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
4956	(iii) "Dangerous weapon" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4957	<u>76-1-101.5.</u>
1058	[(1) (iv) "Distribute" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76.5h 203

4959	[(d)] (v) "Intimate image" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203
4960	[(e)] (vi) "Position of special trust" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4961	[ <del>76-5-401.1</del> ] <u>76-5-404.1</u> .
4962	[(f)] (vii) "Sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined in
4963	[Subsection] Section 76-5b-203[(1)(c)].
4964	[(g)] (viii) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is
4965	defined in Section 76-5b-203.
4966	[(h)] (ix) "Vulnerable adult" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4967	76-5-111.
4968	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
4969	(2) (a) An [individual] actor who is 18 years old or older commits the offense of sexual
4970	extortion if the [individual] actor:
4971	[(a)] (i) with an intent to coerce a victim to engage in sexual contact, in sexually
4972	explicit conduct, or in simulated sexually explicit conduct, or to produce, provide, or distribute
4973	an image, video, or other recording of any individual naked or engaged in sexually explicit
4974	conduct, communicates in person or by electronic means a threat:
4975	[(i)] (A) to the victim's person, property, or reputation; or
4976	[(ii)] (B) to distribute an intimate image or video of the victim; or
4977	[(b)] (ii) knowingly causes a victim to engage in sexual contact, in sexually explicit
4978	conduct, or in simulated sexually explicit conduct, or to produce, provide, or distribute any
4979	image, video, or other recording of any individual naked or engaged in sexually explicit
4980	conduct by means of a threat:
4981	[(i)] (A) to the victim's person, property, or reputation; or
4982	[(ii)] (B) to distribute an intimate image or video of the victim.
4983	(b) An actor commits aggravated sexual extortion when, in conjunction with the
4984	offense described in Subsection (2)(a), any of the following circumstances have been charged
4985	and admitted or found true in the action for the offense:
4986	(i) the victim is a child or vulnerable adult;
4987	(ii) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon or by violence,
4988	intimidation, menace, fraud, or threat of physical harm, or was committed during the course of
4989	a kidnapping:

1990	(iii) the actor caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim during
1991	or as a result of the offense;
1992	(iv) the actor was a stranger to the victim or became a friend of the victim for the
1993	purpose of committing the offense;
1994	(v) the actor, before sentencing for the offense, was previously convicted of any sexual
1995	offense;
1996	(vi) the actor occupied a position of special trust in relation to the victim;
1997	(vii) the actor encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution or
1998	sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim before
1999	any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or
5000	(viii) the actor caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal opening of
5001	the victim by any part or parts of the human body, or by any other object.
5002	(3) (a) (i) [Sexual extortion] A violation of Subsection (2)(a) is a third degree felony.
5003	[(b) Aggravated sexual extortion] (ii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) of an adult is a
5004	second degree felony.
5005	[(c) Aggravated sexual extortion] (iii) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) of a child or a
5006	vulnerable adult is a first degree felony.
5007	[(4) An individual commits aggravated sexual extortion when, in conjunction with the
5008	offense described in Subsection (2), any of the following circumstances have been charged and
5009	admitted or found true in the action for the offense:]
5010	[(a) the victim is a child or vulnerable adult;]
5011	[(b) the offense was committed by the use of a dangerous weapon, as defined in
5012	Section 76-1-601, or by violence, intimidation, menace, fraud, or threat of physical harm, or
5013	was committed during the course of a kidnapping;]
5014	[(c) the individual caused bodily injury or severe psychological injury to the victim
5015	during or as a result of the offense;]
5016	[(d) the individual was a stranger to the victim or became a friend of the victim for the
5017	purpose of committing the offense;]
5018	[(e) the individual, before sentencing for the offense, was previously convicted of any
5019	sexual offense;]
5020	[(f) the individual occupied a position of special trust in relation to the victim;]

5021	[(g) the individual encouraged, aided, allowed, or benefitted from acts of prostitution
5022	or sexual acts by the victim with any other individual, or sexual performance by the victim
5023	before any other individual, human trafficking, or human smuggling; or]
5024	[(h) the individual caused the penetration, however slight, of the genital or anal
5025	opening of the victim by any part or parts of the human body, or by any other object.]
5026	[(5)] (b) An [individual] actor commits a separate offense under this section:
5027	$[\underbrace{(a)}]$ (i) for each victim the $[\underbrace{individual}]$ actor subjects to the offense outlined in
5028	Subsection (2)(a); and
5029	[(b)] (ii) for each separate time the [individual] actor subjects a victim to the offense
5030	outlined <u>in</u> Subsection (2)(a).
5031	[(6)] (c) This section does not preclude an [individual] actor from being charged and
5032	convicted of a separate criminal act if the [individual] actor commits the separate criminal act
5033	while the [individual] actor violates or attempts to violate this section.
5034	[ <del>(7)</del> ] (4) An interactive computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230, is not
5035	subject to liability under this section related to content provided by a user of the interactive
5036	computer service.
5037	Section 107. Section <b>76-5b-205</b> is amended to read:
5038	76-5b-205. Unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image Penalty.
5039	(1) (a) As used in this section:
5040	[(a)] (i) "Child" means an individual under [the age of] 18 years old.
5041	[(b)] (ii) "Counterfeit intimate image" means any visual depiction, photograph, film,
5042	video, recording, picture, or computer or computer-generated image or picture, whether made
5043	or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, that has been edited, manipulated, or
5044	altered to depict the likeness of an identifiable individual and purports to, or is made to appear
5045	to, depict that individual's:
5046	[(i)] (A) exposed human male or female genitals or pubic area, with less than an
5047	opaque covering;
5048	[(ii)] (B) a female breast with less than an opaque covering, or any portion of the
5049	female breast below the top of the areola; or
5050	[(iii)] (C) the individual engaged in any sexually explicit conduct or simulated sexually
5051	explicit conduct.

5052	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> "Distribute" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5b-203.
5053	[(d)] (iv) "Sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5054	76-5b-203.
5055	[(e)] (v) "Simulated sexually explicit conduct" means the same as that term is defined
5056	in Section 76-5b-203.
5057	(vi) "Single criminal episode" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5058	<u>76-1-401.</u>
5059	(b) Terms defined in Section 76-1-101.5 apply to this section.
5060	(2) (a) An actor commits the offense of unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate
5061	image if the actor knowingly or intentionally distributes a counterfeit intimate image that the
5062	actor knows or should reasonably know would cause a reasonable person to suffer emotional or
5063	physical distress or harm, if:
5064	[(a)] (i) the actor has not received consent from the depicted individual to distribute the
5065	counterfeit intimate image; and
5066	[(b)] (ii) the counterfeit intimate image was created or provided by the actor without
5067	the knowledge and consent of the depicted individual.
5068	[(3)] (b) An [individual] actor commits aggravated unlawful distribution of a
5069	counterfeit intimate image if, in committing the offense described in Subsection (2)(a), the
5070	individual depicted in the counterfeit intimate image is a child.
5071	(3) (a) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(a) that is knowing or intentional is a class A
5072	misdemeanor.
5073	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a)(i), a violation of Subsection (2)(a) that is
5074	knowing or intentional is a third degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an
5075	offense under this section that arises from a single criminal episode.
5076	(b) (i) A violation of Subsection (2)(b) that is knowing or intentional is a third degree
5077	<u>felony.</u>
5078	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i), a violation of Subsection (2)(b) that is
5079	knowing or intentional is a second degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an
5080	offense under this section that arises from a single criminal episode.
5081	(c) This section does not apply to an actor who engages in conduct that constitutes a
5082	violation of this section to the extent that the actor is chargeable, for the same conduct, under

5083	Section 76-5b-201, sexual exploitation of a minor.
5084	(4) This section does not apply to:
5085	(a) (i) lawful practices of law enforcement agencies;
5086	(ii) prosecutorial agency functions;
5087	(iii) the reporting of a criminal offense;
5088	(iv) court proceedings or any other judicial proceeding; or
5089	(v) lawful and generally accepted medical practices and procedures;
5090	(b) a counterfeit intimate image if the individual portrayed in the image voluntarily
5091	allows public exposure of the image;
5092	(c) a counterfeit intimate image that is portrayed in a lawful commercial setting; or
5093	(d) a counterfeit intimate image that is related to a matter of public concern or interest
5094	or protected by the First Amendment to the United States Constitution or Article I, Sections 1
5095	and 15 of the Utah Constitution.
5096	(5) (a) This section does not apply to an Internet service provider or interactive
5097	computer service, as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 230(f)(2), a provider of an electronic
5098	communications service as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2510, a telecommunications service,
5099	information service, or mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 153, including a
5100	commercial mobile service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 332(d), or a cable operator as defined
5101	in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522, if:
5102	(i) the distribution of a counterfeit intimate image by the Internet service provider
5103	occurs only incidentally through the provider's function of:
5104	(A) transmitting or routing data from one person to another person; or
5105	(B) providing a connection between one person and another person;
5106	(ii) the provider does not intentionally aid or abet in the distribution of the counterfeit
5107	intimate image; and
5108	(iii) the provider does not knowingly receive from or through a person who distributes
5109	the counterfeit intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the provider, as a
5110	specific condition for permitting the person to distribute the counterfeit intimate image.
5111	(b) This section does not apply to a hosting company, as defined in Section
5112	76-10-1230, if:
5113	(i) the distribution of a counterfeit intimate image by the hosting company occurs only

5114 incidentally through the hosting company's function of providing data storage space or data 5115 caching to a person; 5116 (ii) the hosting company does not intentionally engage, aid, or abet in the distribution 5117 of the counterfeit intimate image; 5118 (iii) the hosting company does not knowingly receive from or through a person who 5119 distributes the counterfeit intimate image a fee greater than the fee generally charged by the 5120 provider, as a specific condition for permitting the person to distribute, store, or cache the 5121 counterfeit intimate image; and 5122 (iv) the hosting company immediately removes the counterfeit intimate image upon 5123 notice from a law enforcement agency, prosecutorial agency, or the individual purportedly 5124 depicted in the counterfeit intimate image. 5125 (c) A service provider, as defined in Section 76-10-1230, is not negligent under this 5126 section if it complies with Section 76-10-1231. 5127 [(6) This section does not apply to an actor who engages in conduct that constitutes a 5128 violation of this section to the extent that the actor is chargeable, for the same conduct, under 5129 Section 76-5b-201, sexual exploitation of a minor. 5130 [(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), knowing or intentional unlawful 5131 distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a class A misdemeanor. 5132 (b) Knowing or intentional unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a 5133 third degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this section that 5134 arises from a separate criminal episode as defined in Section 76-1-401.] 5135 (c) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(d), knowing or intentional aggravated 5136 unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate image is a third degree felony. 5137 [(d) Knowing or intentional aggravated unlawful distribution of a counterfeit intimate 5138 image is a second degree felony on a second or subsequent conviction for an offense under this 5139 section that arises from a separate criminal episode as defined in Section 76-1-401. 5140 Section 108. Section 76-6-102 is amended to read: 5141 76-6-102. Arson. 5142 (1) A person is guilty of arson if, under circumstances not amounting to aggravated 5143 arson, the person by means of fire or explosives unlawfully and intentionally damages: 5144 (a) any property with intention of defrauding an insurer; or

5145	(b) the property of another.
5146	(2) A violation of Subsection (1)(a) is a second degree felony.
5147	(3) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a second degree felony if:
5148	(a) the damage caused is or exceeds \$5,000 in value;
5149	(b) as a proximate result of the fire or explosion, any person not a participant in the
5150	offense suffers serious bodily injury as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5;
5151	(c) (i) the damage caused is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000 in value; and
5152	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5153	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5154	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5155	(4) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a third degree felony if:
5156	(a) the damage caused is or exceeds \$1,500 but is less than \$5,000 in value;
5157	(b) as a proximate result of the fire or explosion, any person not a participant in the
5158	offense suffers substantial bodily injury as defined in Section [ <del>76-1-601</del> ] <u>76-1-101.5</u> ;
5159	(c) the fire or explosion endangers human life; or
5160	(d) (i) the damage caused is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500 in value; and
5161	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5162	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5163	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5164	(5) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a class A misdemeanor if the damage caused:
5165	(a) is or exceeds \$500 but is less than \$1,500 in value; or
5166	(b) (i) is less than \$500; and
5167	(ii) at the time of the offense the actor has been previously convicted of a violation of
5168	this section or Section 76-6-103 regarding aggravated arson within 10 years prior to the
5169	commission of the violation of Subsection (1)(b).
5170	(6) A violation of Subsection (1)(b) is a class B misdemeanor if the damage caused is
5171	less than \$500.
5172	Section 109. Section 76-6-203 is amended to read:
5173	76-6-203. Aggravated burglary.
5174	(1) A person is guilty of aggravated burglary if in attempting, committing, or fleeing
5175	from a burglary the actor or another participant in the crime:

5176	(a) causes bodily injury to any person who is not a participant in the crime;
5177	(b) uses or threatens the immediate use of a dangerous weapon against any person who
5178	is not a participant in the crime; or
5179	(c) possesses or attempts to use any explosive or dangerous weapon.
5180	(2) Aggravated burglary is a first degree felony.
5181	(3) As used in this section, "dangerous weapon" has the same definition as under
5182	Section [ <del>76-1-601</del> ] <u>76-1-101.5</u> .
5183	Section 110. Section <b>76-6-302</b> is amended to read:
5184	76-6-302. Aggravated robbery.
5185	(1) A person commits aggravated robbery if in the course of committing robbery, he:
5186	(a) uses or threatens to use a dangerous weapon as defined in Section [ <del>76-1-601</del> ]
5187	<u>76-1-101.5;</u>
5188	(b) causes serious bodily injury upon another; or
5189	(c) takes or attempts to take an operable motor vehicle.
5190	(2) Aggravated robbery is a first degree felony.
5191	(3) For the purposes of this part, an act shall be considered to be "in the course of
5192	committing a robbery" if it occurs in an attempt to commit, during the commission of, or in the
5193	immediate flight after the attempt or commission of a robbery.
5194	Section 111. Section 76-7-101 is amended to read:
5195	76-7-101. Bigamy Penalty Defense.
5196	(1) An individual is guilty of bigamy if:
5197	(a) the individual purports to marry another individual; and
5198	(b) knows or reasonably should know that one or both of the individuals described in
5199	Subsection (1)(a) are legally married to another individual.
5200	(2) An individual who violates Subsection (1) is guilty of an infraction.
5201	(3) An individual is guilty of a third degree felony if the individual induces bigamy:
5202	(a) under fraudulent or false pretenses; or
5203	(b) by threat or coercion.
5204	(4) An individual is guilty of a second degree felony if the individual:
5205	(a) cohabitates with another individual with whom the individual is engaged in bigamy
5206	as described in Subsection (1); and

5207	(b) in furtherance of the conduct described in Subsection (4)(a), commits a felony
5208	offense, or for Subsection (4)(b)[(vii)](xiii), a misdemeanor offense, in violation of one or
5209	more of the following:
5210	(i) Section 76-5-109, child abuse;
5211	(ii) Section 76-5-109.2, aggravated child abuse;
5212	(iii) Section 76-5-109.3, child abandonment;
5213	(iv) Section 76-5-111, abuse of a vulnerable adult;
5214	(v) Section 76-5-111.2, aggravated abuse of a vulnerable adult;
5215	(vi) Section 76-5-111.3, personal dignity exploitation of a vulnerable adult;
5216	(vii) Section 76-5-111.4, financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.
5217	[(i)] (viii) Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;
5218	(ix) Section 76-5-208, child abuse homicide;
5219	[(ii)] (x) Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and Smuggling;
5220	[(iii)] (xi) Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
5221	[(iv) Section 76-5-109, child abuse child abandonment;]
5222	[(v) Section 76-5-111, abuse, neglect, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult;]
5223	[(vi) Section 76-5-209, child abuse homicide;]
5224	[(vii) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery;]
5225	[(viii)] (xii) Section 76-7-201, criminal nonsupport;
5226	(xiii) Section 76-9-702.1, sexual battery;
5227	[(ix)] (xiv) Title 77, Chapter 36, Cohabitant Abuse Procedures Act; or
5228	[(x)] (xv) Title 78B, Chapter 7, Part 8, Criminal Protective Orders.
5229	(5) It is a defense to prosecution under Subsection (2) that:
5230	(a) the individual ceased the practice of bigamy as described in Subsection (1) under
5231	reasonable fear of coercion or bodily harm;
5232	(b) the individual entered the practice of bigamy, as described in Subsection (1), as a
5233	minor and ceased the practice of bigamy at any time after the individual entered the practice of
5234	bigamy; or
5235	(c) law enforcement discovers that the individual practices bigamy, as described in
5236	Subsection (1), as a result of the individual's efforts to protect the safety and welfare of another
5237	individual.

5238	Section 112. Section <b>76-7-305</b> is amended to read:
5239	76-7-305. Informed consent requirements for abortion 72-hour wait mandatory
5240	Exceptions.
5241	(1) A person may not perform an abortion, unless, before performing the abortion, the
5242	physician who will perform the abortion obtains from the woman on whom the abortion is to
5243	be performed a voluntary and informed written consent that is consistent with:
5244	(a) Section 8.08 of the American Medical Association's Code of Medical Ethics,
5245	Current Opinions; and
5246	(b) the provisions of this section.
5247	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (8), consent to an abortion is voluntary and
5248	informed only if, at least 72 hours before the abortion:
5249	(a) a staff member of an abortion clinic or hospital, physician, registered nurse, nurse
5250	practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or
5251	physician's assistant presents the information module to the pregnant woman;
5252	(b) the pregnant woman views the entire information module and presents evidence to
5253	the individual described in Subsection (2)(a) that the pregnant woman viewed the entire
5254	information module;
5255	(c) after receiving the evidence described in Subsection (2)(b), the individual described
5256	in Subsection (2)(a):
5257	(i) documents that the pregnant woman viewed the entire information module;
5258	(ii) gives the pregnant woman, upon her request, a copy of the documentation
5259	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
5260	(iii) provides a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) to the physician
5261	who is to perform the abortion, upon request of that physician or the pregnant woman;
5262	(d) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, the physician who
5263	is to perform the abortion, the referring physician, a physician, a registered nurse, nurse
5264	practitioner, advanced practice registered nurse, certified nurse midwife, genetic counselor, or
5265	physician's assistant, in a face-to-face consultation in any location in the state, orally informs
5266	the woman of:
5267	(i) the nature of the proposed abortion procedure;
5268	(ii) specifically how the procedure described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) will affect the

5269	fetus;
5270	(iii) the risks and alternatives to the abortion procedure or treatment;
5271	(iv) the options and consequences of aborting a medication-induced abortion, if the
5272	proposed abortion procedure is a medication-induced abortion;
5273	(v) the probable gestational age and a description of the development of the unborn
5274	child at the time the abortion would be performed;
5275	(vi) the medical risks associated with carrying her child to term;
5276	(vii) the right to view an ultrasound of the unborn child, at no expense to the pregnant
5277	woman, upon her request; and
5278	(viii) when the result of a prenatal screening or diagnostic test indicates that the unborn
5279	child has or may have Down syndrome, the Department of Health website containing the
5280	information described in Section 26-10-14, including the information on the informational
5281	support sheet; and
5282	(e) after the pregnant woman views the entire information module, a staff member of
5283	the abortion clinic or hospital provides to the pregnant woman:
5284	(i) on a document that the pregnant woman may take home:
5285	(A) the address for the department's website described in Section 76-7-305.5; and
5286	(B) a statement that the woman may request, from a staff member of the abortion clinic
5287	or hospital where the woman viewed the information module, a printed copy of the material on
5288	the department's website;
5289	(ii) a printed copy of the material on the department's website described in Section
5290	76-7-305.5, if requested by the pregnant woman; and
5291	(iii) a copy of the form described in Subsection 26-21-33(3)(a)(i) regarding the
5292	disposition of the aborted fetus.
5293	(3) Before performing an abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion shall:
5294	(a) in a face-to-face consultation, provide the information described in Subsection
5295	(2)(d), unless the attending physician or referring physician is the individual who provided the
5296	information required under Subsection (2)(d); and
5297	(b) (i) obtain from the pregnant woman a written certification that the information
5298	required to be provided under Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3) was provided in
5299	accordance with the requirements of Subsection (2) and this Subsection (3);

5300	(ii) obtain a copy of the statement described in Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
5301	(iii) ensure that:
5302	(A) the woman has received the information described in Subsections 26-21-33(3) and
5303	(4); and
5304	(B) if the woman has a preference for the disposition of the aborted fetus, the woman
5305	has informed the health care facility of the woman's decision regarding the disposition of the
5306	aborted fetus.
5307	(4) When a serious medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the
5308	physician shall inform the woman prior to the abortion, if possible, of the medical indications
5309	supporting the physician's judgment that an abortion is necessary.
5310	(5) If an ultrasound is performed on a woman before an abortion is performed, the
5311	individual who performs the ultrasound, or another qualified individual, shall:
5312	(a) inform the woman that the ultrasound images will be simultaneously displayed in a
5313	manner to permit her to:
5314	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
5315	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
5316	(b) simultaneously display the ultrasound images in order to permit the woman to:
5317	(i) view the images, if she chooses to view the images; or
5318	(ii) not view the images, if she chooses not to view the images;
5319	(c) inform the woman that, if she desires, the person performing the ultrasound, or
5320	another qualified person shall provide a detailed description of the ultrasound images,
5321	including:
5322	(i) the dimensions of the unborn child;
5323	(ii) the presence of cardiac activity in the unborn child, if present and viewable; and
5324	(iii) the presence of external body parts or internal organs, if present and viewable; and
5325	(d) provide the detailed description described in Subsection (5)(c), if the woman
5326	requests it.
5327	(6) The information described in Subsections (2), (3), and (5) is not required to be
5328	provided to a pregnant woman under this section if the abortion is performed for a reason
5329	described in:
5330	(a) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(i), if the treating physician and one other physician

5331	concur, in writing, that the abortion is necessary to avert:
5332	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
5333	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
5334	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
5335	(b) Subsection 76-7-302(3)(b)(ii).
5336	(7) In addition to the criminal penalties described in this part, a physician who violates
5337	the provisions of this section:
5338	(a) is guilty of unprofessional conduct as defined in Section 58-67-102 or 58-68-102;
5339	and
5340	(b) shall be subject to:
5341	(i) suspension or revocation of the physician's license for the practice of medicine and
5342	surgery in accordance with Section 58-67-401 or 58-68-401; and
5343	(ii) administrative penalties in accordance with Section 58-67-402 or 58-68-402.
5344	(8) A physician is not guilty of violating this section for failure to furnish any of the
5345	information described in Subsection (2) or (3), or for failing to comply with Subsection (5), if:
5346	(a) the physician can demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that the
5347	physician reasonably believed that furnishing the information would have resulted in a severely
5348	adverse effect on the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman;
5349	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary to avert:
5350	(i) the death of the woman on whom the abortion is performed; or
5351	(ii) a serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function
5352	of the woman on whom the abortion is performed;
5353	(c) the pregnancy was the result of rape or rape of a child, as [defined] described in
5354	Sections 76-5-402 and 76-5-402.1;
5355	(d) the pregnancy was the result of incest, as defined in Subsection 76-5-406(2)(j) and
5356	Section 76-7-102; or
5357	(e) at the time of the abortion, the pregnant woman was 14 years [of age] old or
5358	younger.
5359	(9) A physician who complies with the provisions of this section and Section
5360	76-7-304.5 may not be held civilly liable to the physician's patient for failure to obtain
5361	informed consent under Section 78B-3-406.

5362	(10) (a) The department shall provide an ultrasound, in accordance with the provisions
5363	of Subsection (5)(b), at no expense to the pregnant woman.
5364	(b) A local health department shall refer a pregnant woman who requests an ultrasound
5365	described in Subsection (10)(a) to the department.
5366	(11) A physician is not guilty of violating this section if:
5367	(a) the information described in Subsection (2) is provided less than 72 hours before
5368	the physician performs the abortion; and
5369	(b) in the physician's professional judgment, the abortion was necessary in a case
5370	where:
5371	(i) a ruptured membrane, documented by the attending or referring physician, will
5372	cause a serious infection; or
5373	(ii) a serious infection, documented by the attending or referring physician, will cause a
5374	ruptured membrane.
5375	Section 113. Section 76-8-309 is amended to read:
5376	76-8-309. Escape and aggravated escape Consecutive sentences Definitions.
5377	(1) (a) (i) A prisoner is guilty of escape if the prisoner leaves official custody without
5378	lawful authorization.
5379	(ii) If a prisoner obtains authorization to leave official custody by means of deceit,
5380	fraud, or other artifice, the prisoner has not received lawful authorization.
5381	(b) Escape under this Subsection (1) is a third degree felony except as provided under
5382	Subsection (1)(c).
5383	(c) Escape under this Subsection (1) is a second degree felony if:
5384	(i) the actor escapes from a state prison; or
5385	(ii) (A) the actor is convicted as a party to the offense, as defined in Section 76-2-202;
5386	and
5387	(B) the actor is an employee at or a volunteer of a law enforcement agency, the
5388	Department of Corrections, a county or district attorney's office, the office of the state attorney
5389	general, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the courts, the Judicial Council, the
5390	Administrative Office of the Courts, or similar administrative units in the judicial branch of
5391	government.
5392	(2) (a) A prisoner is guilty of aggravated escape if in the commission of an escape the

prisoner uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [<del>76-1-601</del>] <u>76-1-101.5</u>, or causes serious bodily injury to another.

- (b) Aggravated escape is a first degree felony.
- 5396 (3) Any prison term imposed upon a prisoner for escape under this section shall run 5397 consecutively with any other sentence.
  - (4) For the purposes of this section:

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- (a) "Confinement" means the prisoner is:
- (i) housed in a state prison or any other facility pursuant to a contract with the Utah Department of Corrections after being sentenced and committed and the sentence has not been terminated or voided or the prisoner is not on parole;
  - (ii) lawfully detained in a county jail prior to trial or sentencing or housed in a county jail after sentencing and commitment and the sentence has not been terminated or voided or the prisoner is not on parole; or
    - (iii) lawfully detained following arrest.
  - (b) "Escape" is considered to be a continuing activity commencing with the conception of the design to escape and continuing until the escaping prisoner is returned to official custody or the prisoner's attempt to escape is thwarted or abandoned.
  - (c) "Official custody" means arrest, whether with or without warrant, or confinement in a state prison, jail, institution for secure confinement of juvenile offenders, or any confinement pursuant to an order of the court or sentenced and committed and the sentence has not been terminated or voided or the prisoner is not on parole. A person is considered confined in the state prison if the person:
  - (i) without authority fails to return to the person's place of confinement from work release or home visit by the time designated for return;
    - (ii) is in prehearing custody after arrest for parole violation;
- 5418 (iii) is being housed in a county jail, after felony commitment, pursuant to a contract 5419 with the Department of Corrections; or
- 5420 (iv) is being transported as a prisoner in the state prison by correctional officers.
- 5421 (d) "Prisoner" means any person who is in official custody and includes persons under 5422 trusty status.
- (e) "Volunteer" means any person who donates service without pay or other

compensation except expenses actually and reasonably incurred as approved by the supervising agency.

- Section 114. Section **76-8-316** is amended to read:
  - 76-8-316. Influencing, impeding, or retaliating against a judge or member of the Board of Pardons and Parole or acting against a family member of a judge or a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 5430 (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Board member" means an appointed member of the Board of Pardons and Parole.
- 5432 (b) "Family member" means parents, spouse, surviving spouse, children, and siblings 5433 of a judge or board member.
  - (c) "Judge" means judges of all courts of record and courts not of record and court commissioners.
  - (2) A person is guilty of a third degree felony if the person threatens to assault, kidnap, or murder a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
  - (3) A person is guilty of a second degree felony if the person commits an assault on a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties, or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
  - (4) A person is guilty of a first degree felony if the person commits aggravated assault on a judge, a family member of a judge, a board member, or a family member of a board member with the intent to impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
    - (5) A person is guilty of a first degree felony if the person commits attempted murder

5455	on a family member of a judge or a family member of a board member with the intent to
5456	impede, intimidate, or interfere with the judge or board member while engaged in the
5457	performance of the judge's or board member's official duties or with the intent to retaliate
5458	against the judge or board member on account of the performance of those official duties.
5459	(6) A member of the Board of Pardons and Parole is an executive officer for purposes
5460	of Subsection 76-5-202[(1)(m)](2)(a)(xiii).
5461	Section 115. Section 76-8-318 is amended to read:
5462	76-8-318. Assault or threat of violence against child welfare worker Penalty.
5463	(1) As used in this section:
5464	(a) "Assault" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-102.
5465	(b) "Child welfare worker" means an employee of the Division of Child and Family
5466	Services created in Section 62A-4a-103.
5467	(c) "Threat of violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-5-107.
5468	(2) An individual who commits an assault or threat of violence against a child welfare
5469	worker is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if:
5470	(a) the individual is not:
5471	(i) a prisoner or an individual detained under Section 77-7-15; or
5472	(ii) a minor in the custody of or receiving services from a division within the
5473	Department of Human Services;
5474	(b) the individual knew that the victim was a child welfare worker; and
5475	(c) the child welfare worker was acting within the scope of the child welfare worker's
5476	authority at the time of the assault or threat of violence.
5477	(3) An individual who violates this section is guilty of a third degree felony if the
5478	individual:
5479	(a) causes substantial bodily injury, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5; and
5480	(b) acts intentionally or knowingly.
5481	Section 116. Section 76-9-101 is amended to read:
5482	76-9-101. Riot Penalties.
5483	(1) An individual is guilty of riot if the individual:
5484	(a) simultaneously with two or more other individuals engages in violent conduct,
5485	knowingly or recklessly creating a substantial risk of causing public alarm;

5486 (b) assembles with two or more other individuals with the purpose of engaging, soon 5487 thereafter, in violent conduct, knowing, that two or more other individuals in the assembly have 5488 the same purpose; or 5489 (c) assembles with two or more other individuals with the purpose of committing an 5490 offense against a person, or the property of another person who the individual supposes to be 5491 guilty of a violation of law, believing that two or more other individuals in the assembly have 5492 the same purpose. 5493 (2) Any individual who refuses to comply with a lawful order to withdraw prior to, 5494 during, or immediately following a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of riot. It is no defense

- (2) Any individual who refuses to comply with a lawful order to withdraw prior to, during, or immediately following a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of riot. It is no defense to a prosecution under this Subsection (2) that withdrawal must take place over private property; provided, however, that an individual who withdraws in compliance with an order to withdraw may not incur criminal or civil liability by virtue of acts reasonably necessary to accomplish the withdrawal.
  - (3) Except as provided in Subsection (4), riot is a class B misdemeanor.
    - (4) Riot is a third degree felony if, in the course of the conduct:
- (a) the individual causes substantial or serious bodily injury;
  - (b) the individual causes substantial property damage or commits arson; or
- 5503 (c) the individual was in possession of a dangerous weapon as defined in Section 5504 [<del>76-1-601</del>] <u>76-1-101.5</u>.
  - (5) An individual arrested for a violation of Subsection (4) may not be released from custody before the individual appears before a magistrate or a judge.
- 5507 (6) The court shall order a defendant convicted under Subsection (4) to pay restitution in accordance with Section 77-38b-205.
- Section 117. Section **76-9-702** is amended to read:

## 5510 **76-9-702.** Lewdness.

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(1) A person is guilty of lewdness if the person under circumstances not amounting to rape, object rape, forcible sodomy, forcible sexual abuse, aggravated sexual assault, sexual abuse of a minor, unlawful sexual conduct with a 16- or 17-year-old, custodial sexual relations [or misconduct] under Section 76-5-412 [or], custodial sexual misconduct under Section 76-5-412.2, custodial sexual relations with youth receiving state services under Section 76-5-413, custodial sexual misconduct with youth receiving state services under Section

5517	76-5-413.2, or an attempt to commit any of these offenses, performs any of the following acts
5518	in a public place or under circumstances which the person should know will likely cause
5519	affront or alarm to, on, or in the presence of another who is 14 years [of age] old or older:
5520	(a) an act of sexual intercourse or sodomy;
5521	(b) exposes his or her genitals, the female breast below the top of the areola, the
5522	buttocks, the anus, or the pubic area;
5523	(c) masturbates; or
5524	(d) any other act of lewdness.
5525	(2) (a) A person convicted the first or second time of a violation of Subsection (1) is
5526	guilty of a class B misdemeanor, except under Subsection (2)(b).
5527	(b) A person convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) is guilty of a third degree felony
5528	if at the time of the violation:
5529	(i) the person is a sex offender as defined in Section 77-27-21.7;
5530	(ii) the person has been previously convicted two or more times of violating Subsection
5531	(1); or
5532	(iii) the person has previously been convicted of a violation of Subsection (1) and has
5533	also previously been convicted of a violation of Section 76-9-702.5.
5534	(c) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (2) and Subsection 77-41-102(17), a plea of
5535	guilty or nolo contendere to a charge under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77,
5536	Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction.
5537	(ii) This Subsection (2)(c) also applies if the charge under this Subsection (2) has been
5538	subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.
5539	(3) A woman's breast feeding, including breast feeding in any location where the
5540	woman otherwise may rightfully be, does not under any circumstance constitute a lewd act,
5541	irrespective of whether or not the breast is covered during or incidental to feeding.
5542	Section 118. Section 76-9-702.1 is amended to read:
5543	76-9-702.1. Sexual battery.
5544	(1) A person is guilty of sexual battery if the person, under circumstances not
5545	amounting to an offense under Subsection (2), intentionally touches, whether or not through
5546	clothing, the anus, buttocks, or any part of the genitals of another person, or the breast of a
5547	female person, and the actor's conduct is under circumstances the actor knows or should know

5548	will likely cause affront or alarm to the person touched.
5549	(2) Offenses referred to in Subsection (1) are:
5550	(a) rape, Section 76-5-402;
5551	(b) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
5552	(c) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
5553	(d) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
5554	(e) forcible sodomy, Subsection 76-5-403(2);
5555	(f) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
5556	(g) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404;
5557	(h) sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(2)] Section 76-5-404.1;
5558	(i) aggravated sexual abuse of a child, [Subsection 76-5-404.1(4)] Section 76-5-404.3;
5559	(j) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405; and
5560	(k) an attempt to commit any offense under this Subsection (2).
5561	(3) Sexual battery is a class A misdemeanor.
5562	(4) For purposes of Subsection 77-41-102(17) only, a plea of guilty or nolo contendere
5563	to a charge under this section that is held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in
5564	Abeyance, is the equivalent of a conviction. This Subsection (4) also applies if the charge
5565	under this section has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in
5566	abeyance agreement.
5567	Section 119. Section <b>76-9-804</b> is amended to read:
5568	76-9-804. Convicted criminal gang offender Prohibition.
5569	(1) A person who has been convicted of a crime for which the penalty was enhanced
5570	under Section 76-3-203.1 may not, except where a greater penalty is applicable under this title,
5571	possess a dangerous weapon as defined in either Section [ <del>76-1-601</del> ] <u>76-1-101.5</u> or 76-10-501,
5572	ammunition, or a facsimile of a firearm within five years after the conviction.
5573	(2) A violation of Subsection (1) is a class A misdemeanor.
5574	Section 120. Section <b>76-9-1003</b> is amended to read:
5575	76-9-1003. Detention or arrest Determination of immigration status.
5576	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), any law enforcement officer
5577	who, acting in the enforcement of any state law or local ordinance, conducts any lawful stop,
5578	detention, or arrest of a person as specified in Subsection (1)(a)(i) or (ii), and the person is

unable to provide to the law enforcement officer a document listed in Subsection 76-9-1004(1) and the officer is otherwise unable to verify the identity of the person, the officer:

- (i) shall request verification of the citizenship or the immigration status of the person under 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1373(c), except as allowed under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the person is arrested for an alleged offense that is a class A misdemeanor or a felony; and
- (ii) may attempt to verify the immigration status of the person, except as exempted under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), if the alleged offense is a class B or C misdemeanor, except that if the person is arrested and booked for a class B or C misdemeanor, the arresting law enforcement officer or the law enforcement agency booking the person shall attempt to verify the immigration status of the person.
- (b) In individual cases, the law enforcement officer may forego the verification of immigration status under Subsection (1)(a) if the determination could hinder or obstruct a criminal investigation.
- (c) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a law enforcement officer who is acting as a school resource officer for any elementary or secondary school.
- (d) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to a county or municipality when it has only one law enforcement officer on duty and response support from another law enforcement agency is not available.
- (2) When a law enforcement officer makes a lawful stop, detention, or arrest under Subsection (1) of the operator of a vehicle, and while investigating or processing the primary offense, the officer makes observations that give the officer reasonable suspicion that the operator or any of the passengers in the vehicle are violating Section 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, 76-5-308.3, 76-5-308.5, 76-5-310, 76-5-310.1, or 76-10-2901, which concern smuggling, human trafficking, and transporting illegal aliens, the officer shall, to the extent possible within a reasonable period of time:
  - (a) detain the occupants of the vehicle to investigate the suspected violations; and
  - (b) inquire regarding the immigration status of the occupants of the vehicle.
- (3) When a person under Subsection (1) is arrested or booked into a jail, juvenile detention facility, or correctional facility, the arresting officer or the booking officer shall ensure that a request for verification of immigration status of the arrested or booked person is submitted as promptly as is reasonably possible.

5610	(4) The law enforcement agency that has custody of a person verified to be an illegal
5611	alien shall request that the United States Department of Homeland Security issue a detainer
5612	requesting transfer of the illegal alien into federal custody.
5613	(5) A law enforcement officer may not consider race, color, or national origin in
5614	implementing this section, except to the extent permitted by the constitutions of the United
5615	States and this state.
5616	Section 121. Section <b>76-10-1302</b> is amended to read:
5617	76-10-1302. Prostitution.
5618	(1) An individual except for a child under Section 76-10-1315 is guilty of prostitution
5619	when the individual:
5620	(a) engages, offers, or agrees to engage in any sexual activity with another individual
5621	for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
5622	(b) takes steps in arranging a meeting through any form of advertising, agreeing to
5623	meet, and meeting at an arranged place for the purpose of sexual activity in exchange for a fee
5624	or the functional equivalent of a fee; or
5625	(c) loiters in or within view of any public place for the purpose of being hired to
5626	engage in sexual activity.
5627	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) and Section 76-10-1309, prostitution is
5628	a class B misdemeanor.
5629	(b) Except as provided in Section 76-10-1309, an individual who is convicted a second
5630	time, and on all subsequent convictions, of a subsequent offense of prostitution under this
5631	section or under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307, is guilty of
5632	a class A misdemeanor.
5633	(3) A prosecutor may not prosecute an individual for a violation of Subsection (1) if
5634	the individual engages in a violation of Subsection (1) at or near the time the individual
5635	witnesses or is a victim of any of the following offenses, or an attempt to commit any of the
5636	following offenses, and the individual reports the offense or attempt to law enforcement in
5637	good faith:
5638	(a) assault, Section 76-5-102;
5639	(b) aggravated assault, Section 76-5-103;
5640	(c) mayhem, Section 76-5-105;

5641	(d) aggravated murder, murder, manslaughter, negligent homicide, child abuse
5642	homicide, or homicide by assault under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 2, Criminal Homicide;
5643	(e) kidnapping, child kidnapping, aggravated kidnapping, human trafficking or
5644	aggravated human trafficking, human smuggling or aggravated human smuggling, or human
5645	trafficking of a child under [Title 76,] Chapter 5, Part 3, Kidnapping, Trafficking, and
5646	Smuggling;
5647	(f) rape, Section 76-5-402;
5648	(g) rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.1;
5649	(h) object rape, Section 76-5-402.2;
5650	(i) object rape of a child, Section 76-5-402.3;
5651	(j) forcible sodomy, Section 76-5-403;
5652	(k) sodomy on a child, Section 76-5-403.1;
5653	(1) forcible sexual abuse, Section 76-5-404;
5654	(m) [aggravated sexual abuse of a child or] sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.1
5655	or aggravated sexual abuse of a child, Section 76-5-404.3;
5656	(n) aggravated sexual assault, Section 76-5-405;
5657	(o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
5658	(p) sexual exploitation of a vulnerable adult, Section 76-5b-202;
5659	(q) aggravated burglary or burglary of a dwelling under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 2,
5660	Burglary and Criminal Trespass;
5661	(r) aggravated robbery or robbery under [Title 76,] Chapter 6, Part 3, Robbery; or
5662	(s) theft by extortion under Subsection 76-6-406(2)(a) or (b).
5663	Section 122. Section <b>76-10-1306</b> is amended to read:
5664	76-10-1306. Aggravated exploitation of prostitution.
5665	(1) A person is guilty of aggravated exploitation if:
5666	(a) in committing an act of exploiting prostitution, as defined in Section 76-10-1305,
5667	the person uses any force, threat, or fear against any person;
5668	(b) the person procured, transported, or persuaded or with whom the person shares the
5669	proceeds of prostitution is a child or is the spouse of the actor; or
5670	(c) in the course of committing exploitation of prostitution, a violation of Section
5671	76-10-1305, the person commits human trafficking or human smuggling, a violation of Section

- 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, 76-5-308.3, or 76-5-308.5.
  (2) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution is a second degree felony, except under
  Subsection (3).
  (3) Aggravated exploitation of prostitution involving a child is a first degree felony.
  (4) Upon a conviction for a violation of this section, the court shall order the maximum
  fine amount and may not waive or suspend the fine.
- Section 123. Section **76-10-1313** is amended to read:
- 5679 **76-10-1313.** Sexual solicitation -- Penalty.
- 5680 (1) An individual except for a child under Section 76-10-1315 is guilty of sexual solicitation when the individual:
  - (a) offers or agrees to commit any sexual activity with another individual for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
    - (b) pays or offers or agrees to pay a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee to another individual to commit any sexual activity; or
    - (c) with intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee or to pay another individual to commit any sexual activity for a fee or the functional equivalent of a fee engages in, offers or agrees to engage in, or requests or directs another to engage in any of the following acts:
  - (i) exposure of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the female breast below the top of the areola;
  - (ii) masturbation;

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- 5693 (iii) touching of an individual's genitals, the buttocks, the anus, the pubic area, or the 5694 female breast; or
  - (iv) any act of lewdness.
- 5696 (2) An intent to engage in sexual activity for a fee may be inferred from an individual's 5697 engaging in, offering or agreeing to engage in, or requesting or directing another to engage in 5698 any of the acts described in Subsection (1)(c) under the totality of the existing circumstances.
  - (3) Except as provided in Section 76-10-1309 and Subsections (4) and (5), an individual who is convicted of sexual solicitation under this section or under a local ordinance adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a class A misdemeanor.
    - (4) An individual who is convicted a third time under this section or a local ordinance

5703	adopted in compliance with Section 76-10-1307 is guilty of a third degree felony.
5704	(5) If an individual commits an act of sexual solicitation and the individual solicited is
5705	a child, the offense is a third degree felony if the solicitation does not amount to:
5706	(a) a violation of Section 76-5-308, <u>76-5-308.1</u> , or <u>76-5-308.5</u> , human trafficking or
5707	Section 76-5-308.3, human smuggling; or
5708	(b) a violation of Section 76-5-310, aggravated human trafficking or <u>Section</u>
5709	76-5-310.1, aggravated human smuggling.
5710	(6) (a) Upon encountering a child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation, a
5711	law enforcement officer shall follow the procedure described in Subsection 76-10-1315(2).
5712	(b) A child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation shall be referred to the
5713	Division of Child and Family Services for services and may not be subjected to delinquency
5714	proceedings.
5715	(7) A prosecutor may not prosecute an individual for a violation of Subsection (1) if
5716	the individual engages in a violation of Subsection (1) at or near the time the individual
5717	witnesses or is a victim of any of the offenses or an attempt to commit any of the offenses
5718	described in Subsection 76-10-1302(3), and the individual reports the offense or attempt to law
5719	enforcement in good faith.
5720	Section 124. Section 76-10-1315 is amended to read:
5721	76-10-1315. Safe harbor for children as victims in commercial sex or sexual
5722	solicitation.
5723	(1) As used in this section:
5724	(a) "Child engaged in commercial sex" means a child who:
5725	(i) engages, offers, or agrees to engage in any sexual activity with another individual
5726	for a fee, or the functional equivalent of a fee;
5727	(ii) takes steps in arranging a meeting through any form of advertising, agreeing to
5728	meet, and meeting at an arranged place for the purpose of sexual activity in exchange for a fee
5729	or the functional equivalent of a fee; or
5730	(iii) loiters in or within view of any public place for the purpose of being hired to
5731	engage in sexual activity.
5732	(b) "Child engaged in sexual solicitation" means a child who offers or agrees to

commit or engage in any sexual activity with another person for a fee or the functional

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- equivalent of a fee under Subsection 76-10-1313(1)(a) or (c).
- 5735 (c) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services created in Section
- 5736 62A-4a-103.
- 5737 (d) "Juvenile receiving center" means the same as that term is defined in Section
- 5738 80-1-102.
- 5739 (2) Upon encountering a child engaged in commercial sex or sexual solicitation, a law
- 5740 enforcement officer shall:
- 5741 (a) conduct an investigation regarding possible human trafficking of the child pursuant
- 5742 to Sections 76-5-308, 76-5-308.1, and 76-5-308.5;
- (b) refer the child to the division;
- 5744 (c) bring the child to a juvenile receiving center, if available; and
- 5745 (d) contact the child's parent or guardian, if practicable.
- 5746 (3) When law enforcement refers a child to the division under Subsection (2)(b) the
- 5747 division shall provide services to the child under Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family
- 5748 Services.
- 5749 (4) A child may not be subjected to delinquency proceedings for prostitution under
- 5750 Section 76-10-1302, or sex solicitation under Section 76-10-1313.
- Section 125. Section **76-10-1504** is amended to read:
- 5752 76-10-1504. Bus hijacking -- Assault with intent to commit hijacking -- Use of a
- 5753 dangerous weapon -- Penalties.
- 5754 (1) (a) A person is guilty of bus hijacking if the person seizes or exercises control, by
- 5755 force or violence or threat of force or violence, of a bus within the state.
- 5756 (b) Bus hijacking is a first degree felony.
- 5757 (2) (a) A person is guilty of assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking if the
- 5758 person intimidates, threatens, or commits assault or battery toward a driver, attendant, guard, or
- any other person in control of a bus so as to interfere with the performance of duties by the
- 5760 person.
- (b) Assault with the intent to commit bus hijacking is a second degree felony.
- 5762 (3) A person who, in the commission of assault with intent to commit bus hijacking,
- uses a dangerous weapon, as defined in Section [76-1-601] 76-1-101.5, is guilty of a first
- 5764 degree felony.

Section 126. Section **76-10-1602** is amended to read:

**76-10-1602. Definitions.** 

As used in this part:

(1) "Enterprise" means any individual, sole proprietorship, partnership, corporation, business trust, association, or other legal entity, and any union or group of individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and includes illicit as well as licit entities.

- (2) "Pattern of unlawful activity" means engaging in conduct which constitutes the commission of at least three episodes of unlawful activity, which episodes are not isolated, but have the same or similar purposes, results, participants, victims, or methods of commission, or otherwise are interrelated by distinguishing characteristics. Taken together, the episodes shall demonstrate continuing unlawful conduct and be related either to each other or to the enterprise. At least one of the episodes comprising a pattern of unlawful activity shall have occurred after July 31, 1981. The most recent act constituting part of a pattern of unlawful activity as defined by this part shall have occurred within five years of the commission of the next preceding act alleged as part of the pattern.
- (3) "Person" includes any individual or entity capable of holding a legal or beneficial interest in property, including state, county, and local governmental entities.
- (4) "Unlawful activity" means to directly engage in conduct or to solicit, request, command, encourage, or intentionally aid another person to engage in conduct which would constitute any offense described by the following crimes or categories of crimes, or to attempt or conspire to engage in an act which would constitute any of those offenses, regardless of whether the act is in fact charged or indicted by any authority or is classified as a misdemeanor or a felony:
- (a) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 13, Chapter 10, Unauthorized Recording Practices Act;
- (b) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 19, Environmental Quality Code, Sections 19-1-101 through 19-7-109;
- (c) taking, destroying, or possessing wildlife or parts of wildlife for the primary purpose of sale, trade, or other pecuniary gain, in violation of Title 23, Wildlife Resources Code of Utah, or Section 23-20-4;
  - (d) false claims for medical benefits, kickbacks, and any other act prohibited by Title

5796	26, Chapter 20, Utah False Claims Act, Sections 26-20-1 through 26-20-12;
5797	(e) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 32B, Chapter 4, Criminal
5798	Offenses and Procedure Act;
5799	(f) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 57, Chapter 11, Utah Uniform
5800	Land Sales Practices Act;
5801	(g) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
5802	Controlled Substances Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances Act,
5803	Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance Precursor Act, or Title 58, Chapter 37d,
5804	Clandestine Drug Lab Act;
5805	(h) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 61, Chapter 1, Utah Uniform
5806	Securities Act;
5807	(i) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
5808	Procurement Code;
5809	(j) assault or aggravated assault, Sections 76-5-102 and 76-5-103;
5810	(k) a threat of terrorism, Section 76-5-107.3;
5811	(l) <u>a</u> criminal homicide[ <del>, Sections 76-5-201, 76-5-202, and 76-5-203</del> ] <u>offense, as</u>
5812	described in Section 76-5-201;
5813	(m) kidnapping or aggravated kidnapping, Sections 76-5-301 and 76-5-302;
5814	(n) human trafficking, human trafficking of a child, human smuggling, or aggravated
5815	human trafficking, Sections 76-5-308, <u>76-5-308.1</u> , <u>76-5-308.3</u> , <u>76-5-308.5</u> , <u>76-5-309</u> , and
5816	76-5-310;
5817	(o) sexual exploitation of a minor, Section 76-5b-201;
5818	(p) arson or aggravated arson, Sections 76-6-102 and 76-6-103;
5819	(q) causing a catastrophe, Section 76-6-105;
5820	(r) burglary or aggravated burglary, Sections 76-6-202 and 76-6-203;
5821	(s) burglary of a vehicle, Section 76-6-204;
5822	(t) manufacture or possession of an instrument for burglary or theft, Section 76-6-205;
5823	(u) robbery or aggravated robbery, Sections 76-6-301 and 76-6-302;
5824	(v) theft, Section 76-6-404;
5825	(w) theft by deception, Section 76-6-405;
5826	(x) theft by extortion, Section 76-6-406;

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5827
                (y) receiving stolen property, Section 76-6-408;
               (z) theft of services, Section 76-6-409:
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5829
               (aa) forgery, Section 76-6-501;
5830
                (bb) fraudulent use of a credit card, Sections 76-6-506.2, 76-6-506.3, 76-6-506.5, and
5831
        76-6-506.6:
               (cc) deceptive business practices, Section 76-6-507;
5832
5833
               (dd) bribery or receiving bribe by person in the business of selection, appraisal, or
        criticism of goods, Section 76-6-508;
5834
5835
               (ee) bribery of a labor official, Section 76-6-509;
5836
                (ff) defrauding creditors, Section 76-6-511;
5837
                (gg) acceptance of deposit by insolvent financial institution, Section 76-6-512;
                (hh) unlawful dealing with property by fiduciary, Section 76-6-513;
5838
                (ii) bribery or threat to influence contest, Section 76-6-514;
5839
5840
                (ji) making a false credit report, Section 76-6-517;
5841
                (kk) criminal simulation, Section 76-6-518;
5842
                (11) criminal usury, Section 76-6-520;
5843
                (mm) fraudulent insurance act, Section 76-6-521;
5844
                (nn) retail theft, Section 76-6-602;
5845
                (oo) computer crimes, Section 76-6-703;
5846
                (pp) identity fraud, Section 76-6-1102;
5847
                (qq) mortgage fraud, Section 76-6-1203;
5848
                (rr) sale of a child, Section 76-7-203;
                (ss) bribery to influence official or political actions, Section 76-8-103;
5849
5850
                (tt) threats to influence official or political action, Section 76-8-104;
5851
                (uu) receiving bribe or bribery by public servant, Section 76-8-105;
5852
               (vv) receiving bribe or bribery for endorsement of person as public servant, Section
5853
        76-8-106:
5854
                (ww) official misconduct, Sections 76-8-201 and 76-8-202;
               (xx) obstruction of justice, Section 76-8-306:
5855
                (yy) acceptance of bribe or bribery to prevent criminal prosecution, Section 76-8-308;
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5857
               (zz) false or inconsistent material statements, Section 76-8-502;
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5858	(aaa) false or inconsistent statements, Section 76-8-503;
5859	(bbb) written false statements, Section 76-8-504;
5860	(ccc) tampering with a witness or soliciting or receiving a bribe, Section 76-8-508;
5861	(ddd) retaliation against a witness, victim, or informant, Section 76-8-508.3;
5862	(eee) extortion or bribery to dismiss criminal proceeding, Section 76-8-509;
5863	(fff) tampering with evidence, Section 76-8-510.5;
5864	(ggg) falsification or alteration of government record, Section 76-8-511, if the record is
5865	a record described in Title 20A, Election Code, Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and
5866	Regulation Act, or Title 36, Chapter 11a, Local Government and Board of Education Lobbyist
5867	Disclosure and Regulation Act;
5868	(hhh) public assistance fraud in violation of Section 76-8-1203, 76-8-1204, or
5869	76-8-1205;
5870	(iii) unemployment insurance fraud, Section 76-8-1301;
5871	(jjj) intentionally or knowingly causing one animal to fight with another, Subsection
5872	76-9-301(2)(d) or (e), or Section 76-9-301.1;
5873	(kkk) possession, use, or removal of explosives, chemical, or incendiary devices or
5874	parts, Section 76-10-306;
5875	(lll) delivery to common carrier, mailing, or placement on premises of an incendiary
5876	device, Section 76-10-307;
5877	(mmm) possession of a deadly weapon with intent to assault, Section 76-10-507;
5878	(nnn) unlawful marking of pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-521;
5879	(000) alteration of number or mark on pistol or revolver, Section 76-10-522;
5880	(ppp) forging or counterfeiting trademarks, trade name, or trade device, Section
5881	76-10-1002;
5882	(qqq) selling goods under counterfeited trademark, trade name, or trade devices,
5883	Section 76-10-1003;
5884	(rrr) sales in containers bearing registered trademark of substituted articles, Section
5885	76-10-1004;
5886	(sss) selling or dealing with article bearing registered trademark or service mark with
5887	intent to defraud, Section 76-10-1006;
5888	(ttt) gambling, Section 76-10-1102;

5889	(uuu) gambling fraud, Section 76-10-1103;
5890	(vvv) gambling promotion, Section 76-10-1104;
5891	(www) possessing a gambling device or record, Section 76-10-1105;
5892	(xxx) confidence game, Section 76-10-1109;
5893	(yyy) distributing pornographic material, Section 76-10-1204;
5894	(zzz) inducing acceptance of pornographic material, Section 76-10-1205;
5895	(aaaa) dealing in harmful material to a minor, Section 76-10-1206;
5896	(bbbb) distribution of pornographic films, Section 76-10-1222;
5897	(cccc) indecent public displays, Section 76-10-1228;
5898	(dddd) prostitution, Section 76-10-1302;
5899	(eeee) aiding prostitution, Section 76-10-1304;
5900	(ffff) exploiting prostitution, Section 76-10-1305;
5901	(gggg) aggravated exploitation of prostitution, Section 76-10-1306;
5902	(hhhh) communications fraud, Section 76-10-1801;
5903	(iiii) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of Part 19, Money Laundering and
5904	Currency Transaction Reporting Act;
5905	(jjjj) vehicle compartment for contraband, Section 76-10-2801;
5906	(kkkk) any act prohibited by the criminal provisions of the laws governing taxation in
5907	this state; and
5908	(IIII) any act illegal under the laws of the United States and enumerated in 18 U.S.C.
5909	Sec. 1961(1)(B), (C), and (D).
5910	Section 127. Repealer.
5911	This bill repeals:
5912	Section 76-5-210, Targeting a law enforcement officer defined.
5913	Section 76-5-306, Lesser included offenses.
5914	Section 76-5-416, Indecent liberties Definition.
5915	Section 128. Revisor instructions.
5916	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
5917	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, not enroll this bill if H.B, Criminal
5918	Code Recodification Cross References, does not pass.